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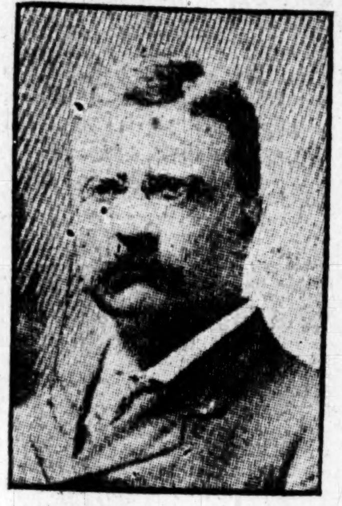
NEGRESS WILL BE FORCED ON WHITES BY ROOSEVELT

That's the Strenuous President's New Year Gift to People of South.

TOWN IN MISSISSIPPI LOSES MAIL FACILITIES

Because Whites Object to a Negro Woman in the Postoffice—It Is Charged That Life of Negress Has Been Endangered.



PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

POSTMASTER PAYNE.

They Are Determined To Make Southern Whites Accept Negro Office-Holders.

By Jos: Ohl.

Washington, January 2.—(Special.)—President Roosevelt has ordered that the postoffice at Indianola, Miss., be closed until the people of that town acquiesce in the presence of a negro woman as official representative of the United States government in the collection and distribution of the mails.

For two hours and more today the cabinet discussed the Indianola postoffice and the upshot of the discussion came late this afternoon in the shape of an official statement from the white house giving reasons why the business interests of the town must be subordinated to the administration's desire to continue this woman in office. Minnie M. Cox was first named a postmistress at Indianola by President Harrison, under whom she served three years. She was reappointed in 1897 by President McKinley. Why the office went to her instead of her husband is not explained, but stress is laid in the document issued from the white house that she and her husband have accumulated considerable property.

The same document is authority for the statement that she is, officially and personally, an angel of light. Her presence in the office became so distasteful to many of the white citizens that she decided she had enough, and accordingly forwarded her resignation to take effect the 1st of January. Investigations made by postoffice inspectors developed, so it is claimed, that she was forced to resign and she has accordingly become a martyr in the eyes of President Roosevelt and his official advisers. The plea of the business men at Indianola that her resignation be accepted and somebody else appointed in order that they may get their mails has been turned down.

Minnie or No Mail.

They must accept Minnie or have no postoffice. In the meantime they are informed that the Indianola mails will go to Greenville, some miles away. Postmaster Payne laid the matter before the cabinet today. It brought up the whole southern question, which was threshed over at length. Secretary Moody, who, as a member of congress, was a strong supporter of Crumpackerism, turned loose the vials of his wrath upon the southern whites and extolled the virtues and the martyrdom of the negroes in characteristic Boston style. Postmaster General Payne dwelt at some length upon the political necessity of the administration sticking to the negroes. Secretary Hay believed the present case called for an object lesson to show the administration's attitude toward what he called southern lawlessness. President Roosevelt evidently agreed with these advisers and the result was a statement which was given out by Secretary Cortelyou several hours later and which bears the earmarks of careful preparation.

It is evident that President Roosevelt intends to prosecute those held responsible for the alleged coercion against the postmistress. That is what he means when he says in the last sentence of this statement that the papers have been turned over to the attorney general for his action. If the temper of the people of the town is as represented here, there are possibilities of sensations before this contest is settled.

Her Life in Danger?

The postmaster general has had an investigation made and he says he has become satisfied that the woman was obliged to resign, under duress—in fact, that her life was endangered. Having represented this state of affairs to the cabinet, after a long discussion, the decision above noted was reached, and the office will not be reopened until the people in the distri[illegible] ready to accept this woman as their postmaster.

During the afternoon the president discussed with several members of the cabinet other features of the case of Minnie Cox, Postmaster General Payne being in conference with the president for an hour or more. It was decided finally to issue a formal statement concerning the Indianola case. Secretary Cortelyou, for the president, made public the following:

"The postmaster at Indianola, Miss., is Minnie M. Cox, a colored woman. She served three years as postmaster under President Harrison. When President McKinley came in she was again appointed, in 1897, nearly six years ago. Her character and standing in the community are indorsed by the best and most reputable people in the town. Among those on her bond is the present democratic state senator from the district, together with the leading banker of Indianola, and an ex-state senator from the district, also a democrat. The postmaster and her husband own from $10,000 to $15,000 worth of property in Sunflower county. The reports of postoffice inspectors who have investigated the office from time to time show that she has given the utmost satisfaction to all the patrons of the office; that she is at all times courteous, faithful, competent and honest in the discharge of her duties. Her moral standing in the community is of the highest. Her reputation is of the best. Few offices of this [illegible] any state are conducted better.

[illegible]s Are Alleged.

"The [illegible]ster recently forwarded her resig[illegible] to take effect on January 1, but th[illegible]rt of inspectors and information[illegible]ed from various reputable white[illegible]s of the town and neighborhood [illegible]at the resignation was forced by[illegible]tal and lawless element, purely up[illegible]ground of her color, and was obta[illegible]der terror of threats of physical v[illegible] The mayor of the town and the s[illegible]f the county both told the postof[illegible]pector that if she refused to re[illegible]ey could not be answerable for he[illegible]y, although at the same time not [illegible]d was said against her manageme[illegible]e office. On January 1 the bonds[illegible] the postmaster telegraphed th[illegible] postoffice was closed; that [illegible] latter claimed that her resignation [illegible] the president's hands to take eff[illegible]uary 1, and that there had been n[illegible] of the appointment of her success[illegible] telegram closed with this stateme[illegible]ompt action necessary for relief [illegible]ess interests.' In the view of th[illegible]ent the relief of the business in[illegible] which are being injured solely [illegible] action of the lawless element of th[illegible]are wholly secondary to the prese[illegible] law and order, and the assertio[illegible] fundamental principle that this[illegible]ent will not connive at or tolerat[illegible] and outrage of such flagrant char[illegible]

"By directi[illegible]e president the following teleg[illegible] sent by the postmaster gener[illegible] bondsmen:

"'The pos[illegible] resignation [illegible] has been received[illegible] accepted. In view of the fact t[illegible]ffice at Indianola is closed all m[illegible]ssed to that office will be forwa[illegible]reenville.'

"The papers[illegible]ase have been sent to the attorne[illegible] for action."

USED HIS MONEY TO SEAL MOUTHS

Scathing Arraignment of Rockefeller by President Bascom.

Distinguished Educator Says That Multi-Millionaire Has Gagged Every Professor in Chicago University by Use of Money.

Chicago, January 2.—(Special.)—"John [illegible] Rockefeller [illegible]ollars have sealed the li[illegible] of every in[illegible]ructor at the University o[illegible] Chicago, a[illegible] that institution will never become a great place of learning," [illegible] D[illegible] John Bascom, formerly president of the Universit[illegible] of Wisconsin, but now a [illegible]rofessor at Williams college, said today.

"[illegible] th[illegible] east," [illegible] continued, "it is considered [illegible]ecessary to teach political economy an[illegible] sociolog[illegible] in every large institution [illegible] [illegible]arning. How are professors at the C[illegible]go univ[illegible]sity to do this? They have [illegible]pted th[illegible] man's money and in fairness to him and themselves they must [illegible] tell the [illegible]oung men and women who co[illegible] to their school how their benefactor [illegible]ed his [illegible]ollars.

"Now [illegible]t he ha[illegible] gained his dollars he looks a[illegible] him f[illegible] a way to get rid of some o[illegible]em. He decides he will endow a univ[illegible]y. I[illegible] [illegible]here a motive other than [illegible]iberality? We see his money in the co[illegible] of that institution. What is the res[illegible] The command is silence.

"A d[illegible]inating beggar would not accept a[illegible]y of R[illegible]ckefeller if he could not get anywh[illegible]re else."

Then Bascom [illegible]ompared Mr. Rockefeller a[illegible] Carnegie.

"It w[illegible] be all right for any man to accept Carnegie's money," said he. "There [illegible]s [illegible] difference: Carnegie made his mo[illegible]cause of a peculiar state of affairs. [illegible] protective tariff is directly respons[illegible]or his great success.

"I am[illegible]ly convinced that the University [illegible]icago would be better off if Rockefe[illegible]d never given it a dollar."

Sh[illegible]cked Sailors Saved.

Antwe[illegible]anuary 2.—The British steamer [illegible]y Castle, Captain Jackman, arrived [illegible]n December 30 from Galveston a[illegible]d the crew of the schooner Jessi[illegible]St. Johns, Newfoundland, which [illegible]nk.

UP TO POWERS, CRIES CASTRO

All Depends on Their Conduct, President Says.

He Declares That His Own Course Has Been Perfectly Correct. New Year Day Was Joyously Celebrated at Caracas.

Special Cable.

Caracas, January 2.—President Castro said today:

"All depends on the conduct of the allies. My own conduct has been entirely correct. I am fulfilling all reasonable demands."

Nowhere could the New Year festival have been celebrated with greater enthusiasm than in this city. The Venezuelans are not celebrated for thrift, and they will cheerfully spend on New Year festivities a considerable part of what they have earned for months previously. Outside the harbor the foreign war ships keep silent watch, but the blockade has little effect on the spirits of the people these days.

With gay clothes and a little money to spend, the natives are happy. They have been accustomed to live in a martial atmosphere and would miss the familiar tramp of armed men and the occasional fusillade in the streets or highways.

New Year's eve was ushered in with much singing, dancing and drinking. The sky was ablaze with fireworks; bands paraded the streets, which were elaborately decorated for the occasion. The scene resembled the carnival at Naples. Gay crowds of senors and senoritas in all their finery thronged the streets, joking and laughing. Occasionally some one would gaze seaward and mutter a malediction. But altogether the sentiment was epicurean, and the crowds were determined to enjoy life while they could.

Conditions Made by Castro.

Washington, January 2.—The condition which President Castro attached to his response to the allies' arbitration proposal was in the nature of an alternative proposition. Almost from the beginning showing an aversion to The Hague tribunal, Castro, while accepting the principle of arbitration, asked that the case be tried by one of the American republics. As President Roosevelt already has declined to act in the capacity of arbitrator, and as some of the reasons which inspired him in his declination would apply with equal force to the chief executive of any other American state than the United States, he was obliged to withhold any indorsement of this proposition of President Castro. Therefore, it may be dismissed from the field of possibilities, and, unless Castro is unexpectedly insistent upon his own plan, the original proposition of reference to The Hague tribunal will carry.

Seven Prizes Taken.

La Guayra, Venezuela, January 2.—The British gunboat Zumbador, formerly the Venezuelan war vessel of that name, left here for Trinidad today towing four schooners and three sloops captured by the British since the blockade began. She is to return for other prizes.

WANT PHYSICIAN INCLUDED.

American Association Asks That Doctor Be Put on Canal Commission.

Washington, January 2.—The American Association for the Advancement of Science today agreed to request President Roosevelt to appoint a physician as a member of the isthmian canal commission. The following were appointed as a committee to prepare a suitable memorial to Dr. Reed, the army surgeon, who performed notable work in improving the sanitary conditions in Cuba:

D. C. Gilman, Alexander Graham Bell, ex-Surgeon General Sternberg, United States army; Seth Low, J. G. Schurman, W. H. Welch, A. S. Hewitt, C. S. Minot and S. E. Chaille.

The feature of the sessions of the section on social and economic science was a review of the work of the department of agriculture by their chiefs. Professor Willis L. Moore, chief of the weather bureau, said that it cost $1,230,000 a year to make the forecasts; that the frost warnings of a few days ago in Florida saved millions of dollars to the people of that state, and the forewarning of a single cold wave recently saved shippers $4,000,000. Many addresses were delivered at the sessions of the various sections.

Mexico's New Secretary of War.

Mexico City, January 2.—General Francisco Mena, the newly appointed secretary of war, arrived today from the United States after a short stay in Europe.

MARSE HE[illegible]Y SIMPLY [illegible]LAYS FOUR [illegible]UNDRED

Famous Louisville Editor Makes Another Attack on New York Smart Set.

USES SAXON SCANDAL AS A TEXT FOR SERMON

Paints a Picture of Declasse Europeans Being Entertained by the Swagger Set of the Great Metropolis—Fears Contagion Will Spread.

Louisville, Ky., January 2.—(Special.)—Henry Watterson paid his New Year's compliments to the four hundred in another caustic editorial, as follows:

"Why, look you, gentlemen. We shall have on our hands next summer not only his Belgian nastiness, but, mayhap, the crown princess and her Frenchman and Brother Leopold and his inamorita, whoever she may be. Boris was not a circumstance to these. Newport will have to give two monkey dinners and have two monkeys at each dinner.

"We mourn for Oscar—not the king of Sweden and Norway, but him of the Waldorf-Astoria. Be sure the brunt will ultimately fall upon him. Then come the yacht races in August. After the yacht races, the horse show. With the king of the Belgians giving a state dinner in the Astor dining room upstairs, the crown princess and her suite in the south palm garden downstairs, what will poor Oscar do? And in the outer corridors all the divorcees, sitting round murmuring to one another—wouldn't it be just too lovely to be her —? Why, bless you, we don't object to that sort of thing in the least—not the least. We rather like it. It's all right, if kept within the bounds. We just don't want it spread; that is all.

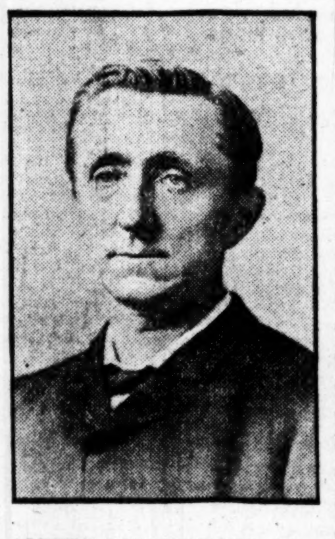
"The smart set of the east is like a fire in a certain district. The house or houses afire are doomed—there is no saving them—so the energies of the force are bent to the rescuing of the adjoining tenants. New York—the city, we mean—is able to take care of its own. Newport, being wholly lost, does not mind.

"Is The Courier-Journal far out of its duty when it raises its voice now and then to holler "fire!" and thus, perchance, to reduce the area of the conflagration; to keep it where it is; to warn the vulgar and brutal men of its own bailiwick that money cannot always bring immunity from misdoing, nor silence scandal; to intimate to lightheaded and vain women, newly used to riches and untutored in the wickedness of the world, that approval of the smart set is their first step downward?"

A. BELLINGRATH IS NEAR DEATH

Pioneer Citizen Cannot Live Many More Days, It Is Thought.

Albert Bellingrath, Sr., one of the pioneer citizens of Atlanta, is at the point of death. He is receiving the attention of physicians at his home, corner Crew and Richardson streets, but last night it was stated that there was little hope for his recovery and his death is now a matter of daily expectation.



ALBERT BELLINGRATH, SR.,
A Pioneer Citizen, Who Is at the Point of Death.

The announcement of his extremely critical condition will be the occasion of much sorrow, as he has numberless friends in Atlanta, especially among the older citizens, who have known him and witnessed his efforts for the upbuilding of Atlanta for a half century.

Mr. Bellingrath was formerly of the firm of Hunnicutt & Bellingrath, and as a member of that firm he demonstrated the ability which made of him a success in the commercial world.

He has now reached a ripe old age and is dying at his residence with his immediate family near him, after a long and useful life spent in aiding in the building of Atlanta, and in the operation of his personal business.

A general undermining of his constitution by the ravages of age is what is causing his death. Physicians and nurses have done everything to save him that science could suggest, but it has been of little avail, as age was at the same time slowly but surely doing its work.

The best that could be done for him, it was soon ascertained, was to make his last days as peaceful as possible, and this is being done. The news of his expected demise will be the occasion of much sorrow among those who know and love the old pioneer citizen.

GAPING EARTH SWALLOWS LARGE PORTION OF TOW

Fearful Catastrophe Occu a Mining Town Near Scranton, Pa.

EARTH QUICKLY OPENS AND EVERYTHING SINKS

Three-Story Hotel in the List of the Destroyed Buildings—It Is Reported That No Loss of Life Occurred in the Catastrophe.

Scranton, Pa., January 2.—Abandoned workings of the Eddy Creek colliery of the Delaware and Hudson company, beneath the very heart of the town of Olyphant, caved in this afternoon and engulfed four frame buildings, covering an aggregate ground space of 6,000 square feet.

The settling was gradual and people in the affected territory escaped without being immediately endangered. A gang of men and boys who were at work in the mine beyond the fallen place encountered a flooded "dip," or depression, in a vein in making their way out by a circuitous route, and had to swim from one rise to the other. No one, either above or below ground, however, sustained any injury.

At 3 o'clock the settling began. At 3:30 it was no longer perceptible. In the intervening half hour, O'Brien's three-story hotel, Miss Ann Evans' double dwelling, Mrs. Jane Ackerly's double store building and a one-story barber shop were a mound of debris in the yawning pile with the uppermost part of the mound 40 feet below the surface. O'Brien's hotel, which plunged first into the opening, has entirely disappeared. A few houses are projecting over the edge of the pit. The vein that caved in is 115 feet below the surface.

The settling started in the street just in front of the hotel property. The brick street pavement was seen to be working and the telegraph poles and trees along the curb were noticed to be wobbling. The cause was at once apparent, and the alarm was given to all the neighborhood. Two sick guests were removed from the hotel and taken two blocks away to a private house. Some attempt was made at saving the contents of the buildings, but the rapidly increasing size of the opening in the street put a stop to this and every one fled from the neighborhood.

Twenty minutes after the disturbance was first noticed the opening had widened until it reached almost across the street and half way beneath the hotel. Then with a terrific crash the hotel pushed forward, turned completely about and landed on its roof in the bottom of the abyss.

A moment later the adjoining double dwelling of Mrs. Evans fell over the edge and demolished itself on the ruins of the hotel. The Ackerly double store building and the Evans barber shop property slid into the chasm about the same time and piled themselves, broken and twisted, in the other debris.

Tonight it is confidently believed there will be no further settling, but no one went to bed tonight in nay building within 50 yards of the disturbed area.

The property damaged is estimated at $30,000.

District Superintendent Bennett, of the Delaware and Hudson Company, went into the mine and, with a party of other officials, made an examination about 5 o'clock. They came out and reported that the settling had ceased. The workings which had settled were in the uppermost of the worked-out veins.

The timbers, it is explained by the company officials, supported a thin roo[illegible] of rock, which in turn supported st[illegible] of quicksand and gravel exte[illegible] the surface. The timbers rotted, the [illegible] gave way and all above then sunk in the pit.

Up to midnight no further disturbance had been reported.

WHEN STORK ARRIVES THERE'LL BE A FIGHT

CROWN PRINCE AND PRINCESS OF SAXONY.
They Will Fight for Possession of the Expected Child.

Claiming Fatherhood, Crown Prince of Saxony Will Attempt To Seize Expected Child of the Eloping Crown Princess.

Berlin, January 2.—The Saxon court is determined to make an attempt to obtain possession of the expected child of the crown princess, according to The Boersen Courier, and has instructed its chief police agent, Schwarz, at Geneva, to keep a sharp look out and avoid deception by the substitution of another child. The intention of the crown prince is to claim the fatherhood of the child and educate it at the Saxony court. The crown princess is now at Genoa, Switzerland, whither she eloped with her lover, Professor Giron, a Frenchman. Professor Giron also claims the fatherhood of the child.

NOBLEMAN BRANDS WIFE AS A HABITUAL DRUNKARD

London, January 2.—The first notable case under the new licensing act, which went into effect yesterday, came up in a London police court today, when Sir Charles Allen Lawson, the Anglo-Indian newspaper editor and writer, applied for a summons against Lady Lawson, whom he describes as a habitual drunkard. The summons was granted.

The new act enables either a husband or wife to secure a separation in the case of habitual drunkenness and allows the police to arrest an inebriate anywhere, except in a private house, whether disorderly or not. After conviction, drunkards are blacklisted for the space of three years. If they attempt to obtain drink during that period they are liable to a fine, while the publican supplying them is fined $50 for the first offense and $100 for a second. Imprisonment is provided for drunkenness of a person in charge of a child under seven years of age.

WIFE AIDED HER HUSBAND IN MAKING "QUEER" MONEY

Wilmington, Del., January 2.—Secret Service Agent Joseph Foster, of Washington, after a long investigation, succeeded in locating a counterfeiters' den at 528 West Second street, this city, and today it was raided by the police. Biagini Malearoso, better known as "Mike Ross;" Sathia Malearoso, his wife, and Nicola Dipaco, his brother in law, were arrested and the plant captured. It was an unusually large one, comprising ten molds, a number of mixing pots, dies, presses and other counterfeiting paraphernalia. The parties will have a hearing before Acting United States Commissioner Hollis. Among the material captured were about 100 counterfeit dollars and some partly formed nickels.

HER TONGUE WAS LOOSENED BY THE APPROACH OF DEATH

Jackson, Tenn., January 2.—Miss Clara Ware, 19 years old, is dead in Madison county. Miss Ware was deaf and dumb and was never known to have uttered an intelligible word until a few hours before her death, whe she called upon members of the family to come to her. Three other members of Miss Ware's family are mutes.

FLEES TO LOVER BUT IS CAUGHT

Naughty Lexie Brand Is Going Back Home Without a Husband.

Chicago, Ills., January 2.—(Special.)—When Lexie Brand fled from her home in Fairmont, W. Va., to wed the man of her choice in Chicago, she expected to return to the parental roof with George Stevenson, of St. Louis, as her husband, but instead she went back under the care of a detective of her city, without a husband and very much in the manner of a naughty little girl.

Lexie took her traveling bag, a roll of newspapers chronicling her adventures in Chicago and one of her favorite novels, and shook the dust of Chicago from her feet this afternoon. Detective Charles Barbalow, of Fairmont, arrived in Chicago this morning to take the girl home and return her to her parents. Lexie made no objections to going, and said that as long as she couldn't be married she was willing to go back to papa and mamma.

Detective Barbalow says Lexie's parents are wealthy, and that she has everything she wants in her home.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS

FORECAST.

Highest temperature	52	Precipitation for past 24 hours	.28
Lowest temperature	47	Deficiency since 1st of month	.05
Mean temperature	50	Deficiency since January 1	6.47
Normal temperature	41		

LOCAL.

Interesting reports on work of past year are made by the engineering and public works departments and the bridge and public buildings and grounds committees of council.

Question of new postoffice site comes up before Judge Newman in federal court today.

Twelve divorces are granted by juries in Judge Lumpkin's court.

Dr. J. B. Baird succeeds Dr. W. S. Elkin as a trustee of the state sanitarium.

GEORGIA.

Hon. John D. Little, ex-speaker of the house, is to leave Columbus and locate in Atlanta.

Adolphus Troutman, a prominent young man of Macon, deplores his inability to win a bride.

A party of fifty-four negroes leave Savannah today for Liberia.

The Blue Ridge Mining Company is put into hands of receivers.

SOUTHERN.

Sixteen deaths are reported in North Carolina and Virginia from toy pistols.

The annual report of State Treasurer Whitfield shows Florida to be in excellent financial condition.

A home is offered the Alabama veterans, rent free for fifteen years.

In a $15,000 fire at Gadsden, Ala., one man is burned to death.

DOMESTIC.

Georgia Society of New York will give its second annual banquet on February 3. Among those invited are Governor Terrell and staff, President of the Senate Howell and United States Senators Clay and Bacon.

Preachers of Richmond are fighting the proposition to legalize Sunday racing.

Henry Watterson, editor of Courier-Journal, Louisville, Ky., makes another attack on New York's "four hundred."

At Scranton, Pa., four houses were destroyed by a cave-in caused by the earth giving way over the workings of a mine.

FOREIGN.

A graphic account of the laying of the cable from San Francisco to Honolulu is given by one of the working party.

Crown prince of Saxony plots to steal the crown princess' child when born. He will claim paternity and educate the child at the Saxon court.

Castro says his course is correct and everything depends on the conduct of the allies.

Sir Charles Allen, in London, brands his wife as an habitual drunkard.

Mexicans claim the bubonic plague came to their country from China on a ship arriving December 15.

TE LIGHT PUBLICITY FOR COMBINES

r Hoar Prepares a Bill Which Will Expose All Trust Secrets.

HALF MILLION GIVEN TO ATTORNEY GENERAL

So That He May Prosecute All Offenses Under the Proposed Measure and Also Existing Measures—Provisions of the Proposed Measure.

Washington, January 2.—Senator Hoar has completed, and today made public, the anti-trust bill which he asked leave before the senate adjourned for the holidays to introduce. The bill goes to the committee on judiciary, of which Senator Hoar is chairman. It is entitled, "A bill for the regulation of trusts and corporations engaged in internal or interstate commerce."

The first section continues in force the present interstate commerce act, and the so-called Sherman anti-trust law. Section 2 appropriates $500,000 to enable the attorney general to prosecute offenses under this and existing acts, and authorizes him to employ necessary assistance.

Conditions Prescribed.

Section 3 provides that after June 30, 1904, "no corporation, joint stock company, or other association, whose stockholders are not personally liable for their debts, created by any state or territory, shall engage in commerce with foreign nations or among the several states, or continue to carry on such commerce, unless it shall comply with the following conditions:

"1. It shall file a statement in the office of the interstate commerce commission, signed and sworn to by its president, its treasurer, its general manager and a majority of its directors, or by the persons exercising the powers usually exercised by such officers and directors of such corporations, joint stock companies and other associations, on or before the 15th day of September, in the year 1904, and shall on or before the 15th day of September in each year thereafter file a like statement for the year ending with the 30th day of June in said years, respectively, showing:

"2. The amount of its capital stock.

"3. The market value of the same.

"4. How much of the same has been paid in full in cash, or if the same has not been paid in full, in cash, what has been received by the said corporation, joint stock company, or other association in lieu thereof, and the value of whatever shall have been so received by it.

Full Statement Demanded.

"5. The names of all the officers and directors of such corporation, joint stock company or other association and agents intrusted with the general management of its affairs.

"6. The amount it has paid in dividends during said period, the rate of percentage of such dividends, and times of paying the same.

"7. A statement of all the stock owned by it of any other corporation, joint stock company or other association, specifying the corporation, joint stock company or other association, and the number and value of shares in each; the amount of its own stock held by other corporation, joint stock companies or other associations, and the value thereof; and the amount of stock in other corporations, joint stock companies or other associations held in trust for it, or in which it has any interest directly or indirectly, absolute or conditional, legal or equitable, specifying the corporations, joint stock companies or other associations.

"8. An undertaking, signed by said officers, general managers and directors, that they will comply with the provisions of this and all other laws of the United States in the management of the affairs of said corporations, joint stock companies or other associations; and that they accept the provisions and liabilities of this act, and the obligations by it imposed, so long as they shall continue to hold or exercise said office or authority.

Statements Can Be Demanded.

The attorney general of the United States may at any time require of any corporation, joint stock company, or other association so engaged, any statement he may think fit in regard to the conduct of its business. And he may especially require any such corporation, joint stock company, or other association, to give a list of all contracts or transactions entered into within the twelve months preceding such requisition, whether it has sold any article or product, or carried any article or product at a rate less than the ordinary market price, if such article or product had been sold or carried by any other person than the party to such transaction. And he may further require the reasons for such distinction and the circumstances attending the same.

Section 4 provides:

"That every person, corporation, joint stock company or other association engaged in commerce with foreign nations or among the several states, who shall enter into any contract, combination or conspiracy, or who shall give any direction or authority to do any act for the purpose of driving out of business any other person engaged therein, or who for such purpose shall, in the course of such commerce, sell any article or product at less than its fair market value, or at a less price than it is accustomed to demand or receive therefor in any other place under like conditions; or who shall sell any article upon a condition, contract or undertaking that it shall not be sold again by the purchaser, or restrain such sale by the purchaser, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding $5,000 or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or by both said punishments, in the discretion of the court."

Section 5 forbids any corporation whose stock is controlled by another corporation from engaging in interstate commerce if the corporation violates this act.

Section 6 provides that the books of corporations shall be subject to inspection by the attorney general.

In section 7 presidents, directors and other officers and agents of corporations who take part in action violative of this act are made liable to the penalties provided.

Section 8 forbids interstate commerce to corporations which "shall manufacture or produce any article which in the course of business is habitually sold and delivered beyond the state in which it is manufactured, and which shall in the course of its own domestic business do any of the acts or things prohibited to be done by this act."

Section 9 provides that corporations twice adjudged to have violated provisions of this act, who shall thereafter violate the act, "shall no longer be allowed to engage in commerce with foreign nations or among the several states; provided, that such prohibition shall only be enforced after such corporation, joint stock company or other association shall have been enjoined against further engaging in such business, on an information or suit brought in a United States court of competent jurisdiction by the attorney general in behalf of the government. It shall be the duty of the attorney general in any such case, unless he shall be satisfied that such corporation, joint stock company or other association has desisted and abstained and will in future desist and abstain from such violation, to enforce the provision by proceeding either by information or by indictment, as he may in his discretion think best.

"If, in the judgment of the attorney general, such corporation, joint stock company, or other association against which any civil proceeding may be instituted be one on which the public is so depending that the interruption of its business will cause serious public loss or inconvenience, he may, in his discretion, refrain from proceeding to obtain a decree which will absolutely prevent the continuance of such business and may apply for a limited or conditional decree, or one to take effect at a future day, as the public inthis shall deem to require."

The court is authorized to enter a modified or conditional decree, or such decree to take effect at a future time, as justice shall require.

Section 10 provides that corporations and their officers and agents who engage in such business in violation of this act "shall for each offense, in addition to such penalty for contempt as the court in case of disobedience to its lawful order may impose, be punished by a fine not exceeding $5,000, or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or by both said punishments, in the discretion of the court."

Section 11 makes corporation officers who violate or consent to the violation of this act "personally liable for all the debts and obligations of any such corporation, joint stock company, or other association, created while such person holds such office or agency, whether under the same or subsequent elections or appointments."

Taken

Suddenly With Pain Around Heart,

Shortness of Breath and Suffocation.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Cured Me.

"I read your symptoms of neuralgia of the heart and they correspond exactly with my trouble. I was suddenly taken with pain around the heart, attacks of shortness of breath, and a suffocating feeling. I could not lie down for three or four weeks. My home doctor gave me no relief and I thought I would test Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure and Nerve Plasters. I got one bottle and a plaster and took the former strictly according to directions, besides, placed a plaster over my left breast. The deep seated pain was gone before the first bottle had been taken and I could draw a long breath for the first time in over a year. I took four bottles of the Heart Cure, and am convinced it saved my life and I think fully as well of the Nerve Plasters. They draw out soreness and pain and bring instant relief. I will add when my trouble was at its worst that the palpitation of my heart shook the bed under me. I could not think of lying on my left side, which was so sore that I could not bear the weight of my arm to rest on it. The disagreeable symptoms have left me and thanks to your Heart Cure. I can never praise it enough."—MRS. C. BLACK, Charleston, S. C.

Sudden pains around the heart are known as heart spasms. The heart is a hollow muscle and heart spasms, or cramp, is similar to that of other muscles, except that the former are the frequent cause of sudden death. Dr. Miles' Heart Cure will cure and prevent.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

HUGER WILL SUCCEDD MAHER.

Prominent Railroad Man Named as Superintendent of Seaboard.

Norfolk, Va., January 2.—Vice President and General Manager J. M. Barr, of the Seaboard Air Line, refused tonight to confirm or deny the report that Major F. K. Huger, superintendent of the second division of the Seaboard Air Line, would be named tomorrow as general superintendent of that system, to succeed N. D. Maher, resigned. It is generally believed, however, that he will be appointed. Major Huger and Mr. Barr were together in conference today for some time.

MONEY COMMANDS HIGH RATE.

Was Active on Account of Demand for Dividend Payments.

New York, January 2.—Money was in sufficient demand today to make 9 and 10 per cent the rates for most of the funds put out. This level was quoted by the banks in most instances when renewals or new loans were asked for, and while increased ease was reported in the time money situation, heavy lenders quoted the 5 1-2 per cent rate as the only basis at which they would release funds. This attitude was explained by the large banks in the prediction that money will continue in active demand through the next fortnight, or until the funds disbursed in dividend payments returned in some volume from the west and south.

MORTUARY.

Mrs. A. P. Tunison, Norcross, Ga.

Norcross, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Mrs. A. P. Tunison, of Wiggin, Miss., died at the home of her mother, Mrs. R. F. Medlock, at this place, at 2:45 o'clock yesterday morning. As Miss Clo Medlock Mrs. Tunison was very popular and beloved in Norcross and surrounding country and countless friends will learn of her death with sorrow.

Mrs. W. F. Brannum, Tuscaloosa, Ala

Huntsville, Ala., January 2.—(Special.) Mrs. W. T. Brannum, wife of a prominent citizen of Curley, died Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. J. T. Read, Chattanooga, Tenn.

Chattanooga, Tenn., January 2.—(Special.)—Mrs. J. T. Read, wife of the late Dr. J. T. Read, died here today, aged 76. She was the mother of Sam R. Read, proprietor of the Read house, and was well known to the traveling public.

MACON KICKING ON SPECIAL TAX

Druggists of the City After Comptroller General Wright.

Tax of $200 on Druggists for Selling Alcohol and Liquor Brings Out Much Unfavorable Comment—Prominent Citizens Discuss Matter.

By E. C. Bruffey.

Constitution Bureau, Macon, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Macon's druggists, Macon's physicians and the citizens generally are after Comptroller General Wright. The imposition of a special tax or $200 on druggists for the sale of liquors and malt tonics is the cause of what might be termed a miniature rebellion.

This tax is the result of an enactment during the last session of the Georgia legislature. The consensus of opinion of the business men of Macon is that the construction of the law on the part of the comptroller general of the state is extreme.

"There is not a vegetable compound sold from the shelves of any drug store which does not contain from 5 to 28 per cent of alcohol," said Dr. R. E. Spearman, of the Taylor Drug Company, and one of the most extensively known druggists in central Georgia, this afternoon.

Liquor is kept in drug stores for use in filling prescriptions. For the sale of whisky as a medicine the drug store in the past has been paying a state tax of $5. Now the assessment is $200.

"If," remarked a well-known member of the trade, "we have to pay a tax of $200 for keeping whisky in our drug stores we will be compelled to discard that line of goods and to buy from barrooms."

Dr. E. G. Ferguson, one of the leading and most successful practitioners of the city, and to whose opinion on matters medical a general deference is shown, and who has given this matter considerable study, today said:

"This new tax is one of the most preposterous, extensive and far-reaching that has ever come under my observation. The druggist pays a license to sell all sorts of tinctures made from alcohol. If you can tell me the difference between alcohol, beer, wine, brandy, whisky or any medicinal tincture I would be delighted to be that much informed in chemistry. Whisky is as much a remedial agent as any drug in the form of a tincture extract or tonic, as is tincture chincona, compound tincture of gentiam, digitalis or any tincture made from alcohol. In all wasting diseases whisky is prescribed nearly every time to sustain the patient. It is not a drug? Does it come under the head of anything else?

"If I prescribe whisky for a patient it goes to a licensed pharmacist, who will fill the prescription as I have directed. Having confidence in him, I hope that he will not go to a bar room to secure the whisky, but will have that which he knows to be good and suitable to meet the requirements, and not jeopardize the life that has been intrusted to my care. Under the ruling of the comptroller general the physicians have no safety. The druggist will not take out the $200 license, but will send unwittingly to a second-class saloon, secure some common trash and fill the prescription to the detriment of the patient and to the hurt of my reputation. In the place of its action being in accord with its therapeutic value it is either deficient or from it the fusel oil proves poisonous. If anything under the canopy of heaven ought to be protected it is the druggist. It is he who conscientiously fills the prescription that the physician writes for the restoration to health of the much to be pitied sick who are dependent on both for a new lease on life.

"For God's sake, where are we drifting?" concluded Dr. Ferguson. "The Puritanical, psalm-singing, infernal scoundrels who enacted this law ought to be strung up by the heels and let suffocate from suffusion and rid the earth of such trash."

Judge W. D. Nottingham, one of the best known jurists in the state, says in his opinion the comptroller has taken an extreme construction of the law.

"You might as well talk about imposing a special tax on mincemeat pies, for I am informed they contain as much alcohol as malt tonic."

The Macon retail druggists are giving the new tax a thorough discussion. No action will be taken by them until next week.

Bankrupt Cases Discharged.

Macon, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Judge Emory Speer, of the United States court, granted A. J. Gordan, Tattnall county; J. W. Hedenpyle, Brunswick; L. W. Loftin, Donaldsville, discharges in bankruptcy today.

Strike Does No Good.

Macon, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—The Western Union messenger boys' strike presented no developments today. Nearly every one of the boys returned to work at the new scale. Manager Jackson has shown interest in the matter, but a change is beyond his power. He has given not only the boys, but the members of the clerical force affected, every assurance he will do all he can to secure a restoration of the old scale.

Bob Taylor in Macon.

Macon, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Ex-Governor Bob Taylor, of Tennessee, was in Macon for a short while this morning. He arrived from Atlanta over the Southern railroad at 7:45 o'clock and left at 11:40 for Florida. Governor Taylor, besides having numerous friends in Macon, is related to Mrs. N. E. Harris.

Pythians Install Officers.

Macon, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—The M. R. Rogers Lodge, Knights of Pythias, installed officers last night. Supreme Chancellor D. B. Woodruff, assisted by Knights F. Holt, T. Jenkins Henry Richer, had charge of the installation.

MORE INSPECTORS ARE NEEDED.

Commissioner Green To Increase His Police Force.

New York, January 2.—General A. V. Greene, commissioner of police, announced today that he will appoint three additional inspectors, bringing the force up to fifteen. He is also considering the establishment of telephone signal boxes. After a consultation with Deputy Commissioners Ebstein and Piper and Chief Inspector Cortright, Commissioner Greene issued the following order today:

All precinct detectives and patrolmen doing duty in plain clothes, whether in the districts or in the precincts, and whether detailed to duty by the police commissioner or by inspectors of districts or captains of precincts, are hereby returned to duty as patrolmen, to take effect January 7, and they will not be eligible for any other kind of duty during ninety days from that date."

By this order 262 men are ordered to duty as patrolmen and each one is transferred to a new precinct. Commissioner Greene is taking his action, it is understood, with a view of breaking up the system of blackmail which is alleged to exist in the department.

WIFE WANTED BY MACON MAN

Adolphus Troutman Issues Challenge to All Possible Brides.

By E. C. Bruffey.

Constitution Bureau, Macon, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Six feet two inches in his stockings, with 180 pounds of solid, hard flesh rising in his shoes, he stood upon the sidewalk in front of the Bibb county court house this afternoon discussing with a party of friends matters matrimonial.

Probably few young men in Macon are better or more extensively known than Adolphus Troutman, the central figure of the group. As head bookkeeper for Lee & Greene, a leading firm of the city, Mr. Troutman has made a reputation of which any one might be proud. He is not only a young man of excellent business qualifications, but is well educated, polished and affable.

As straight as an Indian, with a clear complexion, indicative of health, a penetrating steel gray eye and dark, wavy hair, he is generally conceded to be handsome.

"It's funny," he saidt o Colonel Hendley V. Napier, with whom he had been talking of affairs of the heart, "that a man can't find a wife here in Macon. Why, right here are scores of pretty women—women as pretty and charming as there are anywhere on the globe, and yet I can't get a wife.

"Why? Well that's just what I don't know. Do you know that to more than one of my friend I have actually offered a compensation, a reward for a wife. So far none of them have come forward to claim the reward. Of course, none of them have introduced me to the future Mrs. Troutman. I am really anxious to find a wife. The new year is here now, and I'd like to start out with a wife. I'll give her a good home."

The sidewalk talk was a pleasant one. Those around Mr. Troutman knew him well. They were all cognizant of the fact that no young man stands higher in the city than he and that the bride who gives her hand and her heart to Mr. Troutman will never rue the day.

The party separated, each friend of the bookkeeper pledging his word to renew with diligence the search for a bride. Mr. Troutman was reared right here in Macon and from his infancy up has borne a clean, spotless reputation.

The indications are that within the next few days Mr. Troutman's mail will be loaded with letters from fair ones who will willingly become Mrs. Troutman. There are many young ladies under whose observation this story will come who may be induced to give Mr. Troutman's proposal a consideration and whose letters will be treated with confidence by him.

A photograph would not go amiss in the replies. Colonel Napier and his friends will use their every energy to aid Mr. Troutman in his matrimonial plans.

Death of J. M. Adkins.

Macon, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—J. M. Adkins, one of the oldest residents of Macon, died this afternoon at 1 o'clock at the home of his nephew, J. O. Bell, Huguenin Heights. Mr. Adkins was 81 years of age. He was never married. He is survived by two sisters, Miss Elizabeth Adkins and Mrs. T. J. Bell, of Macon. Mr. Adkins came to Macon forty years ago from Smithville, Ga. For the past several months he had been in declining health, but his condition was not regarded as serious until a few days ago. The funeral will occur tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock at the family residence, 519 Boundary avenue. The remains will be carried to Smithville over the Southwestern railroad for interment. The pallbearers will be R. A. Merritt, G. W. Macon, C. W. Johnson, D. E. Goodman, Walter Adams and C. E. Hensen.

Child Found Dead in Bed.

Macon, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Bryant, Rutland district, a few miles from Macon, was found dead in bed this morning. The child retired apparently in good health.

GEORGIANS GIVE ANNUAL BANQUET

Gov. Terrell and Staff, Hon. Clark Howell, Senators Clay ard Bacon Invited.

New York, January 2.—The Georgia Society of New York will give its second annual banquet here February 3. Governor Terrell, of Georgia, and staff; Clark Howell, president of the Georgia senate; United States Senators Clay and Bacon, of Georgia; Governor Odell, Mayor Low and Rear Admiral Schley have been invited to attend.

TO INCREASE ITS TERMINALS.

Illinois Central To Improve Property at Memphis.

Memphis, Tenn., January 2.—Vice President and General Manager Harahan, of the Illinois Central, is in the city endeavoring to arrange for an increase in terminal facilities. He stated today that the Illinois Central would spend over $200,000 on terminals at Memphis within the next three months. Today Mr. Harahan held several conferences with property owners, it is thought, with reference to purchasing property for yards and terminal increases.

CRANK AFTER GEN. GREEN.

Two Loaded Revolvers Are Found in His Pocket.

New York, January 2.—A man apparently insane attempted to gain entrance to the private offices of General Francis V. Green, the new police commissioner, at police headquarters today, saying that he was the new commissioner. He was inveigled to the Mulberry street station. Two loaded revolvers were found in his coat pockets.

Deaths from Cholera in Philippines.

Washington, January 2.—The latest list cabled the war department by General Davis reports the following deaths from cholera: James Hamilton, Company D, Twenty-sixth infantry; Robert D. Finney, Company Z, Twenty-sixth infantry; Thomas J. Kelley, Company A, Eleventh infantry; Louis Kopiesoko, Company L, Eleventh infantry; Jacob Cohen, Company G, Fifth infantry; George Dravgo, Company I, Twenty-eighth infantry; David C. Roper, Company —, Tenth infantry.

Bret Harte's Estate.

London, January 2.—Letters of administration of the estate of the late Bret Harte have been granted. The total value of the estate is placed at $1,800.

Humors

They take possession of the body, and are Lords of Misrule.

They are attended by pimples, boils, the itching tetter, salt rheum, and other cutaneous eruptions; by feelings of weakness, languor, general debility and what not.

They cause more suffering than anything else.

Health, Strength, Peace and Pleasure require their expulsion, and this is positively effected, according to thousands of grateful testimonials, by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Which radically and permanently drives them out and builds up the whole system.

WILD ENGINE STRIKES FLYER

Four Men Killed on Rutland, Vt., Railroad Last Night in a Collision.

Burlington, Vt., January 2.—A wild engine, running from Burlington to Rutland on the Rutland railroad, crashed into the northbound flyer from New York tonight at Shelburne. The crews of both engines were killed and a brakeman who was riding on the wild engine was probably fatally hurt, and nearly every one of the flyer's crew were injured more or less seriously. No passengers were seriously hurt, although many received bruises. The dead are:

DENNIS MAHONEY, of Rutland, engineer of the flyer.

R. COWEY, of Rutland, engineer of the wild engine.

JAMES FITZPATRICK, of Tyronga, fireman.

D. N. CHASE, of Rutland, fireman.

The cause of the accident is not definitely known. Dr. W. Seward Webb, president of the road, says that he believes that Engineer Cowey, who had charge of the wild engine, had figured that the flyer would be late, as it usually was, and that he could run to Shelburne for a siding before the uptrain reached that point. The flyer was on schedule time. The impact of the collision was terrific and only the heaviness of the flyer prevented a greater disaster. As it was, both engines were totally demolished, the boiler of one exploding with a terrific report.

PULLMAN PORTER FOR PROFESSOR

Booker Washington Gradually Elevating His Race.

Milwaukee, Wis., January 2.—(Special.) Peter Tinsley, a negro porter on a Pullman sleeping car running between Chicago and Menominee, Mich., on the Chicago and Northwestern railroad, has just received a call to the chair of music in the Tuskegee college at Tuskegee, Ala.

The position was tendered Tinsley by Booker T. Washington, president of the southern institution, who had heard of the porter as a master of music in all its branches.

The new professor has never taken a lesson, and what knowledge he has of music was gained from hearing others. His run has taken much of his time, and the little practice that he has taken to perfect himself in this work has come in the few hours for rest in Chicago and Menominee. He has resigned with the Pullman company and expects to leave for Tuskegee at once.

MRS. TINGLEY COOL WITNESS

She Denied all the Statements of Witnesses for the Prosecution.

San Diego, Cal., January 2.—Mrs. Catherine A. Tingley was placed upon the stand today as her own witness in rebutting the testimony of the defendant in the trial of her action for libel against The Los Angeles Times. All of the principal charges made against her in the Point Loma institution, of which she is the official head, were read to her and she denied them seriatim. She was a cool, deliberate witness, and in answering the many details that were evolved from questions took most of the morning. She had a ready explanation for such of the charges and inferences as she did not repudiate. She stated with much emphasis that she had not withheld food from children, as was related in the deposition of Dr. Anderson, of San Francisco, but on the other hand it was one of her theories of child rearing that the infants should be fed every half hour. She flatly denied what Louis Fitch, of Hartford, Conn., had testified to in alleging that she had stated that life upon Point Loma would evolve a state which would make the marriage relation unnecessary.

An incident of the day was the refusal of the trial judge to permit the jury to go to Point Loma to view the institution, although it was strongly urged by Mrs. Tingley's counsel.

DO AWAY WITH FACTOR PLAN.

Sugar Refiners Say Grocers Have Not Complied with Terms.

New York, January 2.—The so-called equality or factor plan in the sugar trade will be done away with by the American Sugar Refining Company tomorrow and granulated will be quoted at 4.65 per pound net, thirty days, less 1 per cent for cash without rebate. The plan has been followed by the refiners for a year. By it the grocers received protection to the extent of 25 cents per hundred pounds. The claim is made that as the grocers have not adhered to the terms they made and failed to sell by the factor plan terms, this step becomes necessary. Hereafter all sales will be on a net cash basis.

Public Debt Statement.

Washington, January 2.—At the close of the business December 31, 1902, the public debt, less cash in the treasury amounts to $947,164,679, which is a decrease for the month of $10,[illegible]32,602, which is largely accounted for by an increase of nearly $10,000,000 in the amount of cash on hand.

HON. JOHN LITTLE IN ATLANTA FIRM

Will Become Permanent Resident Here in Short Time.

He Will Be Associated with King & Spalding, Attorneys — Officers After the Illicit Liquor Makers in Chattahoochee County.

Columbus, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Major John D. Little, of Columbus, is to become a resident of Atlanta. He authorized the statement this afternoon that on February 1 he would locate permanently in Atlanta.

On that date Major Little will become associated with the well known legal firm of King & Spalding, and the name of the firm will be changed to King, Spalding & Little. Its members will be Alex C. King, Jack J. Spalding and John D. Little. It is already one of the strongest law firms in the state, and the addition of a lawyer of Major Little's great ability will still furtner strengthen it.

It has been Major Little's earnest desire for some time to practice law in Atlanta. He is personally exceedingly popular in Columbus, and while his friends here regret very much to give him up they predict a brilliant future for him in the state capital.

Judge W. A. Little's Plans

The firm of Battle & Little, composed of Major Little and Hon. C. E. Battle, was today dissolved by mutual consent, the dissolution being brought about by Major Little's decision to go to Atlanta.

Upon Judge W. A. Little's return to Columbus after January 13, at which time his resignation as associate justice of the supreme court of Georgia goes into effect, he will be associated with Hon. C. E. Battle in the practice of law. This statement was authorized this afternoon. The style of the new firm has not yet been announced. The firm will be a strong one, as Mr. Battle is one of Columbus' brightest and most successful lawyers, while Judge Little's ability is well known.

L. N. Alford in Bankruptcy.

L. N. Alford, a West Point merchant, has been placed in bankruptcy by his creditors, Bluthenthal & [illegible]kert, of Atlanta, $135; Schloss & K[illegible]n, of Montgomery, $564.93, and Enterprise Distilling Company, of Cincinnati, $1.90. It is alleged in the petition that while he was insolvent, Alford gave the Potts-Thompson Liquor Company, of Atlanta, a mortgage on his stock. Judge Newman appointed A. H. Thompson receiver. The papers in the case were received [illegible] Deputy Clerk Brown today.

New Officers Installed.

The new officers of Stonewall Lodge No. 27, Knights of Pythias, were installed [illegible] night. Tonight the installation of the officers of R. E. Lee Lodge No. 51, Knights of Pythias, occurred. The new officers of McIntosh Degree Council No. 1, Improved Order of R[illegible] Men, were also installed tonight.

A Chattahoochee County Raid.

United States Deputy Collector White, of Macon, and Deputy Marshal Brown, of Columbus, returned today from an extensive raid throughout Chattahoochee county, during which they [illegible]ted and destroyed two big illicit d[illegible]ing outfits. The stills were several [illegible]es southeast of Eelbeck, in a section which has been supposed to be free [illegible] establishments of this kind. A[illegible] one [illegible]e houses near which a still was found there were eight children in the family[illegible]e family occupied a one-room log h[illegible] in which the cooking, eating and sle[illegible] is done.

MINISTERS [illegible]ILL MAKE HOT [illegible]IGHT

Sunday Racing at [illegible]hmond, Virginia, Wil[illegible]ing Warfa[illegible]

Richmond, Va., Janu[illegible].—(Special.) A howl from the mi[illegible] of the city will be heard tomorrow[illegible] it becomes known that Sunday ra[illegible]s to be legalized here. This c[illegible]n the very face of a sensational c[illegible] against racing and other Sunda[illegible]noon diversions, and it looks li[illegible] city government, which has frequ[illegible]een attacked by the preachers, tak[illegible] step as an affront and in defian[illegible] them. Many pulpits are expected[illegible] heard from Sunday in the stron[illegible]nguage ministers ordinarily use.

NOT DICTATING [illegible] VATICAN.

Vigorous Denial [illegible]y American Officials [illegible]ila.

Washington, Janu[illegible] The attention of the officers of [illegible]administration charged with the d[illegible] of Philippine affairs being called [illegible] dispatch from Rome to the effect [illegible] Secretary Hay has written the va[illegible]at Mgr Messmer, of Greenbay[illegible] is impossible for the position o[illegible] of Manila because of the fireb[illegible]eech which he recently made be[illegible] Catholic truth federation, the st[illegible] was made in the most emphati[illegible] that there was absolutely no foun[illegible]or the story. It was further decl[illegible]t in no single instance has the [illegible] States government allowed its[illegible]e placed in the position of dicta[illegible] personality of any priest or ch[illegible]cial who was to go or to stay in [illegible]ilippines.

Luxury Coats For Little Cash.

This is the story of the Benjamin Fulton.

Luxurious enough for a lord—low priced enough for his lackey. Style, service, fabric, fit, ease and economy—these are the telling features that make the Fulton overcoat perfection. The man that wears one over a Benjamin sack suit or Prince Albert, knows he is desirably dressed. He looks like a gentleman—feels like a gentleman.

Now is the time to get one—ours the place.

Essig Bros.,
The Popular Clothiers,
26 Whitehall St.

We sell aquaproof coats.

DR. LEATHERMAN Cures Sexual Diseases Of Men

He guarantees a quick and lasting cure in all cases of SEXUAL DEBILITY, SPECIFIC BLOOD POISON, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, WEAK BACK, PROSTATIC TROUBLE AND ALL SEXUAL AILMENTS OF MEN, ALSO ALL NERVOUS, KIDNEY, BLADDER AND RECTAL DISEASES, RHEUMATISM AND SKIN DISEASES.

Important Dr. Leatherman is the only specialist in Atlanta who treats his cases himself.

Write If you cannot call and describe your troubles and receive by return mail, free of charge, Dr. J. R. Leatherman's personal diagnosis of your disease.

Offices 600-601-602 Austell building, Atlanta, Ga. Hours, 8:30 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 10 to 1.

WAREHOUSE ROOM AND PLENTY OF IT NOW.

We have just completed our big new fire proof brick warehouse, 60 and 62 Castleberry street, corner Peters, and across Castleberry from the Southern Railroad Depot and are stocking with

WINDOW AND PLATE GLASS.

No drayage and no breakage. We unload from cars and truck right into warehouse Shipments going on Southern Railroad system trucked into their depot and no drayage and no breakage.

Largest Stock of Glass Ever Seen in the South.

Quick delivery. Any and all sizes.

F. J. Cooledge & Bro.

HOW IT GOT INTO MEXICO.

Precautions To Keep Bubonic Plague Out of This Country.

Washington, January 2.—Consular advices received at the state department from Mazatlan, Mexico, relative to the outbreak of the bubonic plague, state that the disease was brought over on a Chinese ship arriving there on December 15. Every precaution will be taken to prevent the entrance of the plague into this country.

MISSING GROOM IS NOT MISSED

When He Failed To Appear Bride Married Another.

Rome, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—The story from Cedar Bluff, Ala., about the missing bridegroom, Sam Johnson, has an interesting sequel.

Love is sighing no longer and laughs at flying time. For the bride has been won by another lover, and he has taken the place of the missing bridegroom.

The ceremony has been performed uniting them for life, and nobody cares what has become of the first bridegroom who failed to show up at the appointed hour.

The lucky bridegroom was a guest at the time for the first ceremony and is said to be from Tennessee. The sensible little bride is as happy as a big sunflower.

Bryan on His Return.

Mexico City, January 2.—William Jennings Bryan left here this morning for the United States.

IN CON[illegible] W[illegible]H THE REGULAR preaching service at Payne Memorial church tomorrow night the new officers of the Epworth League of that church will be regularly installed. The following are the officers who have been elected for the new year: W. D. Coleman, president; Miss Alice, Cant, first vice president; Mrs. Coogler, second vice president; Ralph Cooper, third vice president; Claude Beacham, secretary, and Miss Clarkie Scott, treasurer. It is understood that Dr. Alonzo Monk will preach at the evening service. Rev. H. M. Quillian, pastor of Payne Memorial, will preach at the regular service tomorrow morning.

DR. H[illegible]Y,
Recognized Oldest Established Reliable Spe[illegible]

BLOOD POISON Cured Positively

If you have any of its symptoms, such as sores, ulcers, splotches, falling of the hair, eruptions, pimples, aching bones or joints, etc., you should consult me at once, as this disease is destructive in its progress, and can be cured only by a scientific treatment. I cure blood poison positively and permanently, and there is no danger of the disease breaking out again, as it constantly does when treated by patch-work remedies of the average doctor. Under my treatment all outward symptoms, such as sores, eruptions, pimples, etc., promptly disappear, and every vestige of the vile poison is thoroughly eradicated from the system. I will give a legal guarantee to cure you, backed by the leading banks and commercial agencies. Call for free consultation, or send for complete symptom blanks, explaining my successful method of home treatment, mailed free in plain sealed envelope. Everything strictly confidential. Address J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D., 33 Inman Building, 22 1-2 South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.
Office hours: 8:30 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

OFFICERS SEEK BIG SALARIES

Want Retirement Above Grade They Hold in Service.

Alleged There Is Deal on Foot Which Will Result in Several Lieutenant Generals with Consequent Increase of Burdens of Tax Payers.

By Jos: Ohl.

Washington, January 2.—(Special.)—Attention has again been called to what in some circles is termed the "evil" of the system which has prevailed for some time of retiring army officers at a grade above that which they have held in the active service. For a number of years it has been the practice of presidents, acting under authority given them by congress, to advance army officers of certain grades just previous to their retirement from active service. The purpose of this is to place them on the retired list with retired pay greater than they would otherwise receive. The list of officers so promoted is a long one, and the extra expense entailed upon the government amounts to a very large sum, but back of this system there has been the sentiment that nothing, so far as the government and the people are concerned, is too good for the men who fought in the civil war. These promotions have in every instance been of civil war veterans.

More Lieutenants General.

It is now part of the gossip in army circles that there is a deal on foot which will result in the advancing to the rank of lieutenant general several prominent army officers who otherwise would be retired with the rank of major general. The retired pay of a lieutenant general is $8,250 per year, while the retired pay of a major general is $5,625 per year, with a difference in favor of the higher grade of $2,625. This retired pay continues through life.

Lieutenant General Miles will under the compulsory retirement law be compelled to go out of active service on August 8, 1903. It has been announced officially that Major General Young would succeed him, and that the next man on the list to be the head of the army is Major General Chaffee. There are, however, several major generals whose active career will cease under the law in the very near future, and friends of these gentlemen have put on foot a plan to give each of them a little taste of the lieutenant generalship, so that each may be retired with that title and, what is certainly of equal importance, with the increased pay.

Davis and Hughes.

On the 26th of next July Major General George W. Davis, who is regarded as one of the ablest men in the army, will be retired for age. Major General Hughes is to retire on April 11, 1903. The friends of both of these gentlemen have been endeavoring to induce General Miles to voluntarily retire in time to make it possible for their elevation to the rank he now holds. Whether they have succeeded in doing so is not definitely known, but there are a great many circumstantial indications that the bitternesses which have existed between General Miles and certain other men influential in the war department have been in some masure mollified and that there is a better understanding.

Secretary of War Root, when he was before the senate committee a few days ago arguing for the general staff bill which General Miles has so strongly opposed, said that the friends of the measure had no desire to press for its coming into effect until after General Miles retired. General Miles is now enjoying a trip around the world—"enjoying" is certainly the right word, where the general is concerned—and it is believed that he left here with the understanding that nothing would be done by Secretary Root in his absence which could be construed to his disparagement. The secretary's announcement concerning the staff bill is considered part of the deal.

Miles ad Davis.

It has been suggested, therefore, that General Miles may not be unfriendly toward the thought of his retirement some months in advance of his date of compulsory retirement. The general has never lost an opportunity to strengthen his popularity with his fellow-officers, and it is believed that he may even go to the length of giving up several months of active service in order to advance Generals Hughes and Davis, as this certainly would be a popular move with the army.

The suggestion that he may do this has brought out some very interesting gossip concerning the relations existing between General Miles and General Davis. If General Miles does agree to make way for General Davis, this act will be construed as evidence that he has forgiven Davis for what at one time he regarded a grievous wrong done him.

Davis, when a major, was on detail in the war department as Secretary Lamont's military adviser. A bill was before congress providing for the revival of the grade of lieutenant general, it being understood that General Miles would be the beneficiary.

A formal letter was sent from one of the military committees of congress to the secretary of war asking whether the military service rendered by General Miles would warrant his elevation to the grade of lieutenant general. The reply to this letter, which was prepared, it is understood, by the then Major Davis, was distinctly unfavorable to Miles and prevented the passage of the bill at that time, the net result being that Miles did not reach the grade of lieutenant general until six or seven years afterwards.

Cost Miles Heavily.

Based on the difference of pay between a lieutenant general and a major general on the active list, it is estimated that General Miles lost something like $20,000 by the delay in the passage of the measure. Naturally the general did not like this, and he especially disliked the character of the letter written by Major Davis. The relations between the two men are said to have been strained ever since. If, therefore, General Miles gets out of the way in time to enable General Davis to become a lieutenant general he will have manifested a forgiving spirit not expected of him.

According to this plan General Young would be held off until after the retirement of General Davis in August. He would then serve as a lieutenant general until January 9, 1904, when it would be his turn to go on the retired list. That he will be succeeded by General Chaffee is practically assured, though there is still talk of General Corbin being placed at the head of things in case the army reorganization bill becomes a law and the general staff is created with a chief of staff as the head of the army under the president.

IS A BUSINESS PROPOSITION

The Principal Asset of the Successful Business Man.

The head of the largest meat packing industry in the world, for many years, prior to his death, never traveled without his physician; everywhere he was accompanied by his medical adviser; he hired him for his exclusive attendance by the year and considered the large salary paid for such service as a part of his business investment. He did not do this because he was a hypochondriac, in constant fear of illness and death; on the contrary, he was an exceptionally robust man, but he realized that the principal asset in his enormous business was his own personal health, and to keep physically and mentally well and strong was a business proposition, pure and simple.

It is so with every business man and woman. A slight cold in the head or throat may pass off in a few days, or it may develop into Pneumonia, Chronic Catarrh or an irritating throat trouble; in any event, its departure should be hastened by some simple anti-septic preparation like Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, which are dissolved in the mouth and thus reach and destroy the germs of Catarrh, Pneumonia, Consumption, before they have a chance to propagate and thrive in the inflamed mucous membranes of the nose and throat.

To burden the stomach with drugs and stimulants is a foolish and often dangerous way to combat a cold, because stimulants are always followed by corresponding depression and where there is any tendency to Pneumonia increase the danger by increasing the heart's action.

A popular school teacher in Pittsburg writes: "I am a walking advertisement for Stuart's Catarrh Tablets; the change from a crowded steam heated school room to a raw, chill out doors kept me nursing colds in the head and throat from fall to spring. Throat irritation made it difficult for me to read or speak and conduct my classes. My druggist with whom I spent a large part of my salary for cough lozenges and potash tablets one day advised me to try Stuart's Catarrh Tablets and I shall never cease to thank him. I still catch cold occasionally, but I stop it in a day or two with the tablets, and I have done missionary work with my pupils to such an extent that coughs and colds are almost unknown amongst the youngsters in my room.

DEADLY TOY GUN HAS SIX VICTIMS

Mayor of Norfolk Orders Police To Confiscate Weapons.

Norfolk, Va., January 2.—The list of fatalities from lockjaw caused by powder burns from toy pistols on Christmas increased by two today, and has reached a total of six, while several other children are being treated.

Raymond Joyner, white, 5 years old, and Sam Wilkins, colored, 9 years old, died today.

Mayor James G. Riddick has ordered the police to confiscate all toy pistols found in the possession of children.

Toy Pistol Causes Death.

Charlotte, N. C., January 2.—(Special.)—As a result of the explosion of a toy pistol Christmas day, Vester Caudle, son of J. R. Caudle, of this city, died at his home here today. The immediate cause of death was blood poisoning.

Young Caudle was playing with the dangerous toy Christmas morning when it exploded in his left hand, making an ugly wound. This was healing nicely until yesterday, when symptoms of blood poisoning developed and death followed today. Caudle's death makes the tenth in this state this season from an identical cause.

UNITED STATES WILL SUFFER.

New Austrian Tariff Also Strikes Great Britain.

Vienna, January 2.—Increased tariff duties on both grain and manufactured articles are the important features of the new ausgleich, which, it is learned, is of a highly protectionist character.

Precise details of the higher duties will be determined upon within a fortnight. The duties on both grain and manufactured articles will be considerably increased which is likely to seriously affect both the United States and Great Britain who are respectively the third and second largest exporters of manufactured articles to Austria. It is thought here that Great Britain will be the greater sufferer, since the United States is better able to protect herself by adopting retaliatory measures.

The term of the nef ausgleich has been fixed at ten years, indicating that commercial treaties which will be based on this new tariff will be concluded for a like period.

GIVING WORKMEN A CHANCE.

Pressed Steel Car Company To Adopt Profit-Sharing Plan.

New York, January 2.—Announcement was made that another industrial corporation has inaugurated a plan to share its profits with employees. The Pressed Steel Car Company proposes to carry for each of its employees who has been six months or more in its employ, from one to twenty-five shares of the preferred stock, now paying 7 per cent dividends. The men will pay 5 per cent down and the same amount in monthly installments thereafter, the company charg.ng 4 per cent for moneys loaned to carry the stock. As the dividend is 7 per cent, the buyer will have the advantage of the 3 per cent difference.

BULGARIANS DO BLOODY WORK.

Kill Fifteen Turkish Soldiers in Fight at Drenovo.

Constantinople, January 2.—In a recent fight between Bulgarians and Turkish troops at the village of Drenovo, in the Monastir district, fifteen of the latter were killed or wounded. The Turkish commander was among the killed.

Official Changes in Augusta.

Augusta, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Wednesday was a day of official changes in Augusta. The new superior court judge, Hon. William T. Gary; the new sheriff, Colonel John W. Clark; the new clerk of court, William D. Antignac Walker; the new jailer, Captain George M. Hood, all entered offices today. Dan Kerr was named by Clerk Walker as his chief deputy. Sheriff Clark has not appointed his deputies.

MOSES SOUGHT BY DEMOCRATS

Congressmen at Washington Begin To Talk of 1904.

Talk of Gorman, Talk of Hill and Talk of Parker—Underwood, of Alabama, Favors Olney. Senator Morgan Discusses Canal.

Washington, January 2.—(Special.)—Whether it is because the democratic masses are discussing the question, or because they themselves have nothing else to talk of, democratic members of congress returning from their homes make it a point to get interviewed upon the far-off theme of presidential possibilities. There is talk of Gorman, talk of Hill and talk of Parker; and now comes Representative Oscar Underwood, of Alabama, who looms up an advance agent for an Olney boom. At the white house today he declared himself for the Massachusetts man.

"I find a growing sentiment for my man," said Mr. Underwood. "I am for Olney because he is an old time democrat and what the party needs is to get back to old time principles, which are dear to the hearts of the people. He would unite both the Cleveland and Bryan elements, which mighty few other democrats could do."

Mr. Underwood says President Roosevelt's attitude toward lily-whitism is hurting his party in Alabama. It is keeping a good many white men out of the republican party.

Morgan and the Canal.

Senator Morgan has given out an interview denying published reports of an intention on his part to introduce a resolution when congress assembles providing in effect that negotiations over the Panama route be abandoned and that the Nicaragua route be taken up. The senator says it is for the president to determine what constitutes a "reasonable time" for securing title to the Panama property as provided for in the Spooner act. In his own opinion that "reasonable time" has already elapsed with no substantial results, but he believes congress should await the president's determination of this point. "However," adds Senator Morgan, "I do not believe a satisfactory agreement with Colombia can be obtained, and I never have believed it."

BALL INDORSED BY ENDEAVORERS

Societies Commend Police Chief for Christmas Order.

ALSO STRONGLY INDORSE HIM FOR OFFICE OF CHIEF

Resolutions Presented by Good Citizenship Committee of Local Union—Committee Also Takes Stand Against Coming Euchre Contest.

The local union of Christian Endeavor of Atlanta, representing every Christian Endeavor society in the city, adopted resolutions, at its monthly meeting last night at the Central Congregational church, heartily indorsing the action of Chief of Police John W. Ball in maintaining order on Christmas eve and Christmas day, and also strongly indorsing him for reelection to the office of chief.

The resolutions were submitted by the good citizenship committee of the local union, of which committee Archie B. Warner is chairman. It was directed that a copy of the resolutions be sent to Chief Ball. They conclude by commending the chief "for his efforts in the past to give our city a clean and moral tone and a Christian atmosphere."

The following are the resolutions:

"Whereas, We, the local union of Christian Endeavor of Atlanta, have learned with much pleasure and joy the determined stand taken by our noble chief of police to have Christmas and Christmas eve celebrated in a manner fitting and becoming a Christian people, and the event which Christmas truly represents, and also have had the pleasure to see his efforts and plans meet with marked success.

"Therefore, be it resolved, That we, as a local union of Christian Endeavor of Atlanta, heartily indorse his stand and actions for giving us a decent celebration of Christmas eve, and general good order upon our streets on this occasion, and also for preserving such marked good order for Christmas day.

"Resolved, That we also indorse him as a man fit for the high, responsible and trustworthy position as chief officer of the laws of our city, and commend him for his efforts in the past to give our city a clean and moral tone and a Christian atmosphere. Respectfully submitted,

ARCHIE B. WARNER,
Chairman of Good Citizenship Committee of Atlanta Local Union of Christian Endeavor.

"Atlanta, Ga., January 2, 1903."

Chairman Warner also announced at the meeting last night that he would have copies of a resolution sent each society for their adoption before the next regular meeting of the local union denouncing the contest for a piano at the euchre tournament, to be held by society in the Kimball ball room in February. The good citizenship committee considers the contest as gambling.

The remarks of Mr. Warner on the subject were received with applause and a rising vote was ordered indorsing the stand of the committee.

Jailed for Selling Whisky.

Huntsville, Ala., January 2.—(Special.) William Phillips, of Fabius, Jackson county, was arrested yesterday for retailing whisky. After trial before Commissioner Conway, the defendant was committed to jail.

Benton Smallwood, of Getup, Marshall county, was arrested yesterday for retailing whisky and was released after trial before a commissioner.

FLORIDA MAY REDUCE TAXES

Report of State Treasurer Whitfield Shows Good Condition.

Tallahassee, Fla., January 2.—(Special.) In his annual report for the year 1902, filed with the governor today, State Treasurer James B. Whitfield presents an interesting view of Florida's financial condition.

He remarks that "there has been a decided increase in the revenues of the state derived from sources other than taxation. This, with the gratifying increase shown in the assessed values of taxable property in the state, should lead to a reduction in the tax rate and thereby lighten the burdens of the tax payers."

It is shown that the bonded debt of the state consists of $764,800 of 6 per cent bonds issued under chapter 1937, acts of 1873, and $267,700 of 3 per cent consolidated manuscript bonds issued to the three educational funds of the state under chapter 4947, acts of 1901, making the total bonded indebtedness of the state $1,032,500.

During the year interest was paid on the state debt as follows:

To state school fund	$30,657.00
To agricultural college fund	8,031.00
To seminary fund	5,286.00
To individuals	9,711.00
Total	$53,685.00

Treasurer Whitfield states that only $148,000 of the state's bonds—6s of 1873—are held by individuals, and as no appropriation has been made by the legislature for the payment of these bonds at their maturity, they will, in order to protect the credit of the state, be taken up and carried as cash until legislative action is taken thereon.

The treasurer says that to secure the state funds deposited in banks, under the law, he holds bonds of other states and bonds of counties and cities in this state of the value of $645,834.80, all of which have been approved by the governor, comptroller and treasurer, as required by law. The banks paid interest on deposits in 1902 amounting to $12,685.42, an increase of $7,277.83 over the sum received for interest from banks in 1901.

In the insurance department, attention is called to the fact that in 1902 one life insurance company withdrew from the state, while two additional surety companies entered the state.

Through licenses and commissions on premiums the treasurer collected the following amounts from insurance and surety companies during 1902:

For company licenses	$16,850.00
For agents' licenses	9,410.00
For commissions on premiums	31,286.11
Total	$57,546.11

It is added that while there are several surety companies authorized to do commercial business in this state under the provisions of the revised statutes, and to become sureties on bonds given in judicial proceedings under chapter 4752, acts of 1897, not one has qualified to become surety upon the bonds of city, county or state officers under chapter 4671, acts of 1899.

FUTURE FLYING MACHINE.

It Will Be of Aeroplane Type, Eddy Says.

Bayonne, N. J., January 2.—William A. Eddy, who is well-known in connection with kite flying investigations, has successfully experimented with an aeroplane, similar to the one William Alexander Bell recently made the discovery that led him to announce that the flying machine of the future would be of this type. Mr. Eddy's experiment was in corroboration of Professor Bell's statement that an aeroplane kite could be made that would carry the weight of a motor and a man, and thus solve the problem of aerial navigation.

As a result of his experiments, Mr. Eddy asserts that Professor Bell's discovery will revolutionize flying machine inventions.

STEDDOM GOES TO BOSTON.

Will Fight Foot and Mouth Disease Among Cattle.

Knoxville, Tenn., January 2.—(Special.) Dr. R. D. Steddom, in charge of the United States cattle quarantine against Texas cattle fever, with headquarters in this city, has been ordered to Boston by the department of agriculture. He has been assigned the duty of directing the quarantine measures to stamp out the foot and mouth disease now prevalent among cattle in New England. He says it is believed in Washington that the disease may be controlled in three months.

INVITATION FOR ROOSEVELT.

President Is Wanted at University of Virginia.

Washington, January 2.—A delegation composed of members of the faculty and of the board of visitors of the University of Virginia at Charlottesville called upon the president today to invite him to attend the commencement exercises of the university, to be held on June 16 next. President Roosevelt said he could make no definite engagement so far in the future, but if he could arrange his affairs so as to enable him to attend the exercises he would do so.

Scrap Over Official Advertising.

Carrollton, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Carroll's new sheriff, James G. Tanner, yesterday installed for the coming term in the sheriff's office together with Hon. S. J. Brown, ordinary of this county, gave notice to T. A. Jack Majors, editor of The Advocate, the official organ of the county, that after today The Carroll Times would be the official organ of the county during their administration. Majors will contend by law for the continuation of The Advocate as the official organ.

Bond Has Been Made.

Sparta, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—The report published from this place that Tax Collector W. M. Yarbrough had failed to make his bond is in error. He has made his bond and his commission has been issued.

A TEXAS WONDER

HALL'S GREAT DISCOVERY.

One bottle of the Texas Wonder, Hall's Great Discovery, cures all kidney and bladder troubles, removes gravel, cures diabetes, seminal emissions, weak and lame backs, rheumatism and all irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women, regulates bladder troubles in children. If not sold by your druggist, will be sent by mail on receipt of $1. One small bottle is two months' treatment and will cure any case above mentioned. Dr. E. W. Hall, sole manufacturer, P. O. Box 629, St. Louis, Mo. Send for testimonials. Sold by all druggists.

READ THIS.

Dothen, Ala., July 13.

Dr. E. W. Hall, St. Louis, Mo.:
Dear Sir—We have been selling your Texas Wonder, Hall's Great Discovery, for years, and recommend it to anyone suffering with any kidney trouble as being the best remedy ever sold. Yours truly,
J. B. YOUNG.

GREETED CABLE WITH "ALOHAS"

Hawaiians Made a Fete of the Landing.

Great Cheer Went Up at Honolulu When the First Message Was Flashed Under the Ocean to President of the United States.

Honolulu, January 2.—By courtesy of the Commercial Pacific Cable Company, the Associated Press is permitted to tender congratulation on the completion of the first section of the submarine cable that is to connect the United States with its insular possessions in the Pacific, and eventually with the continent of Asia. The cable was completed at 8:40 o'clock last night, when the two ends were brought together in Molokai channel, 35 miles from Honolulu, where the San Francisco end had been buoyed since December 26.

Shortly after communication was established the fact was announced to the crowd in waiting and was greeted with applause. Judge Cooper, representing Governor Dole, who was absent from the island, sent a message to President Roosevelt, announcing the opening and extending a greeting from the citizens of Hawaii. A public celebration over the completion of the cable will be held in the capitol grounds tomorrow.

Having buoyed the deep sea ends of the cable in the turbulent Molokai channel at 5:20 o'clock on the morning of Friday, December 26, after much difficulty and great risk, the Silvertown came on to Honolulu, docking at the naval wharf at noon. The big ship was met in the harbor by tugs and excursion boats, carrying welcoming delegations with bands of music, and escorted to the wharf, where a great crowd awaited. Stormy weather prevented further cable laying until December 28, whe nthe short shore end was laid. The cable was hauled up on the soil of picturesque San Souci park amid the shouts of thousands and the crash of a band of music playing a cable march dedicated to President Mackay.

They Cried "Aloha."

There was no ceremony further than the laying of a lei, or native wreath, upon the end of the cable by Mrs. Hawes, who repeated the customary native greeting, "Aloha."

Heavy seas compelled the Silvertown to remain at anchor until yesterday, when scarcely a breeze stirred the waters of the harbor.

A few minutes after 4 o'clock in the morning the Silvertown heaved anchor and made a start down the bay. Shortly after 1 o'clock in the afternoon the Silvertown reached the point where the end was buoyed. The sea was not rough, but the swell rolled the vessel considerably. Great care was taken in handling her while taking up the buoy. It was finally accomplished at 3:44 o'clock, without untoward incident. The connection with the testing room was quickly made and San Francisco responded promptly to the call.

Connection was made at 4:04 between the two lines and Honolulu by the ship. Four hours were spent in testing and allowing the recently laid line to acquire the temperature of the ocean depths. At 8:40 p. m., Honolulu time, came the first call from San Francisco.

The voyage of the Silvertown was eventful and at times unpleasantly exciting. Twelve hours out from San Francisco the cable ship was beset by bad weather, which continued, with the exception of one day, to the end of the voyage. Variable winds that at times approached the velocity of gales; heavy seas that buffeted her about, retarded the progress as well as endangered the safety of the cable; in fact, every adverse condition that is usually encountered in the laying of a cable was met with and at times made the task hazardous. When the Silvertown steamed away from San Francisco at 12:30 on Monday morning, December 15, the weather was fine. At noon of the same day the vessel ran into a squall of wind and rain that came out of the west. The velocity of the wind increased and during the afternoon great green seas boarded the starboard bow and swept along the deck and escaped into the sea through the port scuppers. Toward evening ropes were strapped about the deck and everything was made fast. The rain ceased, but the storm continued with unabated force throughout the night. A deviation from the course was obviously out of the question, because such action would not have lessened the strain upon the cable, on account of the danger of getting into unknown depths. To cut and buoy the cable would have been equally dangerous. The vessel's bow was kept to the southwest. Tuesday, December 16, brought no improvements in the weather.

Swept the Deck.

One particularly heavy sea boarded the starboard bow and swept the deck fore and aft, doing considerable damage and flooding portions of the vessel. One of the cooks was badly scalded by a caldron of spilled soup. The saloon steward was hurled against a door and severely bruised and injured. Under ordinary conditions the line is paid out 7 per cent faster than the speed of the vessel. This was increased during the storm to 10 per cent; even with this concession the strain was terrific. As the ship lifted and lurchd the great drum around which the strand was passing would almost cease to revolve one moment, only to resume with a rush the next, threatening the lives of the men in the tanks. The dynamometer regulating the speed of and the strain on the line at such times, fluctuated widly, rushing from an indicated strain of two tons or less up to four and even five tons. The breaking strain is only eight and three-quarters tons. Rare good judgment in the handling of both the ship and the cable at critical times averted the losing of the cable in 2,500 fathoms of water.

The wind abated at noon on Tuesday, but the seas continued with a heavy swell that ran counter to the ship's course. On Wednesday the weather improved and everything ran smoothly and fair progress was recorded. On Thursday favorable conditions prevailed and on Friday the end of the first section of the cable, measuring 929 nautical miles, was reached and the vessel was stopped at 8 o'clock on Friday night to make the change to the tank containing the second section.

This operation was carried out in a little more than an hour and the progress was resumed. As the vessel grew lighter the rolling increased. The character of the cargo and the ponderous deck machinery made her particularly susceptible to the onslaught of the seas.

Had No Christmas Fun.

From Tuesday noon to Wednesday night the deepest water, averaging 3,000 fathoms, was crossed. Christmas day was not a pleasant one to the people on the Silvertown and the English custom of celebrating the day was postponed to a more propitious time. The wind veered around to the northwest and increased to a velocity greater than that experienced on Monday and Tuesday. Just before midnight a final change of tanks was made, the after tank being emptied of its 996 miles of cable and the bight transferred to the forward tank. The change was made extremely hazardous, owing to the tossing of the now almost empty vessel. Throughout the day a gale blew with the end of the cable in sight and with it the necessity of cutting or buoying the end. An anxious night was passed by all on board. No one attempted to sleep. The wind blew a fine rain with great force during the night, which, with the tremendous seas running, rendered conditions on deck uncomfortable. Many of the officers, familiar with the ways of the sea, were tossed about and thrown upon the deck. After 8 o'clock in the evening the Silvertown's speed was reduced in order to bring her to a suitable buoying place toward daylight. Between 2 and 3 o'clock three soundings were taken and preparations were made to buoy the sea end.

The buoy was jerked overboard with terrific force, but quickly righted itself. The cable was safely buoyed in 450 fathoms of water and the vessel proceeded to Honolulu, where she arrived at noon on December 26.

Mackay Congratulated.

New York, January 2.—Clarence H. Mackay, the president of the Postal Telegraph-Cable Company and Commercial Pacific Cable Company, has received the following message from Honolulu relative to the successful landing of the cable at Honolulu and its connection at San Francisco with the overland line of the Postal Telegraph-Cable Company:

"Honolulu, January 1.—Clarence H. Mackay, President Pacific Commercial Cable Company, New York: We send this token of our high appreciation of the completion of the great enterprise undertaken by your company of laying a telegraphic cable from the coast of California to these islands. Mingled with our joy there is a feeling of deep regret that John W. Mackay did not live to see the completion of his project, and we assure you that his name will ever be cherished in fond remembrance by our people.

"HENRY E. COOPER,
"Secretary of Hawaii."

Message to Roosevelt.

Washington, January 2.—The following cablegram was received at the white house at 2:30 this morning, dated Honolulu, January 1, 9:33 p. m.:

"The President: The residents of the territory of Hawaii send their greetings to you and express their gratification at the inauguration of telegraphic communication with the mainland. We all believe that the removal of the disadvantage of isolation will prove the strong factor in the upbuilding of a patriotic and progressive American commonwealth in these islands.

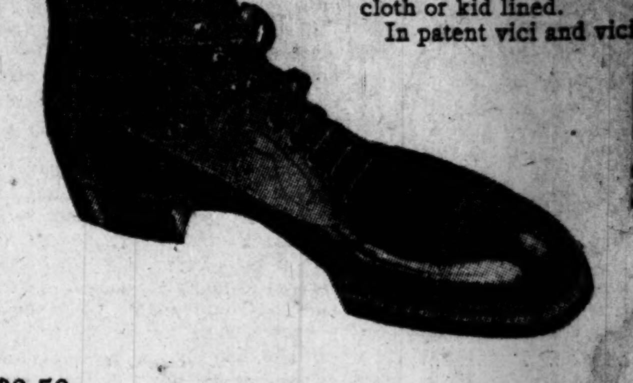
HENRY E. COOPER,
"Secretary of Hawaii."

The following is the reply of the president to Secretary Cooper:

"White House, Washington, D. C., January 2.—Hon. Henry E. Cooper, Secretary of Hawaii, Honolulu: The president sends to you, to Governor Dole and to the people of Hawaii his hearty congratulations on the opening of the cable. He believes that it will tend to make the people of Hawaii more closely knit than ever to their fellow citizens of the mainland and will be for the great advantage of all our people.

"GEORGE B. CORTELYOU,
"Secretary to the President."

Nothing Ahead of These Shoes at $3.



A swell style, with D
cloth or kid lined.
In patent vici and vic

$3.50.

Look out when you go after an advertised shoe at this price. Poor Richard says, "There is really great difference in things sometimes where ther seems to be but little distinction in names."

Pretty true.

Heavy winter shoe, doub
soles, Blucher cut.
In patent colt, velours calf and box calf.

We have found our $3.50 shoe, but we haven't thrown away our Diogonese-lantern. It is here for you when you come after a pair.

Wouldn't we like to place The Muse Special alongside of every other $3.50 shoe in town?

Guess so.

GEO. MUSE CLOTHING CO

3, 5 and 7 Whitehall St.

BRAVE SHARKS IN GAME OF WAR

Daring Deed Performed by Ensign Babcock and Men at Manila.

Manila, January 2.—A boat's crew from the United States cruiser Don Juan de Austria made the first successful attack on the mine fields in the maneuvers near Subig bay. The boat capsized as it was approaching the mines and part of the crew, with Ensign Babcock, swam a mile, although the water was infested with sharks, towing countermine buoys, which were successfully placed. The search lights of the war ships did not discover the operation. Ensign Babcock and his men were congratulated on their courage.

Rear Admiral Evans' fleet will abandon Subig bay Monday and come to Manila for heavy gun practice. One target will represent a submarine boat. It will be towed by a submarine vessel and will appear on the surface briefly.

HOME OFFERED FOR VETERANS

Alabama Soldiers' Home Discussion Takes New Turn.

Montgomery, Ala., January 2.—(Special.)—Governor Jelks today received a letter from Colonel Milton Humes, of Huntsville, offering the state rent free for fifteen years, the house and 10 acres of land at Huntsville known as the Alabama military academy, for the use of a home for confederate soldiers.

The building is new, built after the military barrack style, has a sleeping room for each of two hundred persons, and Colonel Hume wants nothing out of it except the satisfaction of helping his old comrades. It is on an eminence overlooking the city.

The offer comes just at a time when the promoters of the Mountain Creek home felt they had easy going to get the state to take over that enterprise and run it.

FIGHT OF BOARDS [illegible]

Chicago Open Board Scores [illegible] Its Rival.

Chicago, January 2.—Arrangements which have just been completed between the Chicago open board of trade and the Western Union Telegraph Company bid fair to make the former institution a formidable rival of the larger one across the street.

On next Monday morning the quotations of the open board will be put on the Western Union wires an hour in advance of the figures furnished by the Chicago board of trade. It is understood that the open board and the telegraph company have entered into a contract for ten years.

She Rests by Her Children.

Chillicothe, Mo., January 2.—With a simple ceremony the body of Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Dockery, wife of Missouri's governor, was laid at rest in the Chillicothe cemetery this afternoon. The body was placed in a grave close beside those of seven of the Dockery children.

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ATLANTA, GA., January 3, 1903.

A Day of Reckoning.

Mr. Henry Loomis Nelson, the able Washington correspondent of The Boston Herald, writes to that journal a notable arraignment of "The Spirit of Protection" as it now manifests itself in the control of the republican party.

The gist of his admirable arguments is that congress cannot, under republican control, legislate for the people and against the special monopoly and trust interests that support the party in the essentials of its political success. In plain words, congress is now owned by the trusts and is antagonistic to popular interests.

Our profoundest interest in the case as stated by Mr. Nelson is to know that it is true as he puts it. The sooner the fact is placed beyond concealment and dispute that the republican party is but the political instrument of the moneyed combines that are preying upon the people the nearer will be brought the day of a fearful reckoning between that party and the people.

Some evils must become epidemic and virulent before the complacent American public will realize them and fall upon them with their fears and wrath. The trusts evil is one of that stripe and nothing will avail against it until the wrongs and extortions of it become so prevalent as to be self-evident to every sane voter. Then will come the deluge and the death of the trusts and the party responsible for them.

The delusion prevails with the republican party leaders and their trust allies that the American people will stand for anything now. They have succeeded in hoodwinking them so often that they have lost respect for popular intelligence and really joke over the notion that the hoi polloi can ever be aroused again to the assertion of its rights and the defense of its liberties. With the executive, and congress and the courts all in line for the policy of loot, where are the people to find weapons of reprisal. In [illegible] But that is now very [illegible]archasable commodity. [illegible] of banners inscribed [illegible]ty" and a few million dol[illegible] inscribed "In God We Trust" the ballot is easily managed!

Nevertheless, we believe Samson's hair will yet grow and his overworked and underfed thews and sinews will feel the electric thrill of returning power. We believe the trusts are surely working their own destruction and that the republican party is riotously sowing the wind that will finally resolve into the whirlwind of its utter destruction.

We have not lost faith in the people. They may sleep awhile, and riot awhile, and jest at the prophets awhile, but in the long run they will come to themselves and when they do the political map of America will be overwritten with the stigmata of a trust Gettysburg and a republican Appomattox.

Credit on the Basis of Honor.

The Washington Post revives the discussion of the advisability of abolishing from the statute books of the states all laws enacted in aid of the collection of debts. It believes that the reform in this direction begun by the abolition of imprisonment for debt is progressing at too slow a pace and that, instead of the states yielding to the legal profession's demand for uniformity of collection laws, the states should uniformly repeal all collection statutes and their cumbrous, costly machinery and stand on the broad principle that credit must rest on the basis of personal honor.

It is cogently urged that the wiping out of collection laws would not work any great diminution of credit business. But a very small part of the credit business done in Atlanta today is the legal consequence of our collection laws. Thousands of heads of families who run accounts with merchants are absolutely execution proof, either because of our homestead or anti-garnishment laws. The credit they enjoy they get because they are known to be honest in trade and trustworthy to pay their bills and keep their credit good. Merchants who gamble in credits, trusting to legal measures to make their collections, are almost invariably wound up in the bankruptcy courts of the state or nation. So that even now credit is the premium on personal honor and not on legal protection to debts.

If our collection laws were repealed there would no longer be any need for homestead exemptions and garnishment prohibitions, and that would release into the great reservoir of usable credit a vast amount of the fixed property and current earnings of the people. A millionaire who was found to be "bad pay" would soon be without credit and would be converted into a cash buyer in every store he entered to make purchases. The poor man, with an humble home, or only a weekly wage, but known to be honest and sure in paying his bills on demand would have all the credit he could honestly use.

Another excellent result claimed for the repeal of collection laws is the inevitable reduction of court business and costs. These would at once fall off 50 per cent and following that a large army of collection agents, constables and "J. P. lawyers" would be handed over to the ranks of real labor and profitable employment.

Since all real credits even now are more allowed upon the promises of honor than those of the collection laws, it would seem that the reform urged by The Post, and by other good authorities in commerce, might be inaugurated without any appreciable jar to business or loss of convenience to creditors or debtors.

Scotching the Canal Treaty.

The signing of the treaty between the United States and Colombia is delayed by the timidities of Dr. Herran, the Colombian charge de affairs who succeeded Concha, called home.

Our department of state had to intimate to Colombia that it suspected Concha had sold out to the transcontinental railways lobby. It may have to further intimate that Dr. Herran has also been tampered with in his canal department. If that should happen to be necessary the state department ought to add that the next minister sent to us to sign the treaty shall not be the victim of writer's cramp.

Secretary Hay has offered Colombia $10,000,000 cash bonus and an annuity of $100,000 a year and says that is his ultimatum. So there is nothing left for Colombia to do but come across with her sign manual to the treaty, or back out of the trade altogether. The American people do not care much which she does. They want that canal and are going to have it. If it cannot go by the Panama route it can by the Nicaragua way, and canal doctors can be found in plenty to say that the latter is just as good as the other.

It is up to the administration to force action on the part of Colombia and let the work of legislation and construction on our part proceed without further dickering and delay.

The Surratt Case Again.

The recent and widely published story of the Lincoln conspiracy, told by Samuel H. Arnold, one of the accused and convicted conspirators, has revived discussion over the execution of Mrs. Mary E. Surratt and the part Andrew Johnson, as president of the United States, played in her tragic case.

It is again charged that Mr. Johnson stubbornly ignored both the recommendation of the trial commission for a commutation of her sentence to death and all other appeals for clemency made in her behalf. Effort is made to establish that Mr. Johnson was especially vindictive against her and ruthlessly sent her to the gallows; or, that, as Colonel Watterson and others charge, he was at that season so continuously under the influence of intoxicants as to be heedless of the appeals made to him for mercy toward the unfortunate woman.

More than twenty years ago, when this same matter was being revamped in the press of the country, The Constitution published the documentary history of the case from the personal files and statements of ex-President Johnson. By them several important points were clearly established and very generally reprinted and accepted throughout the country.

First, it was shown that Judge Advocate General Holt withheld the recommendation of the military commission from the record in the case submitted to President Johnson for his approval.

Second, that subsequently and surreptitiously General Holt reattached the recommendation to the papers and today they rest in the files of the war department with the visible evidences of the tampering by which the court's recommendation was inserted, following the approval of the findings by the president.

Third, that Miss Anna Surratt wrote letters, which The Constitution printed from the orignals, thanking President Johnson for acts of kindness to her, and stating her faith in his personal explanation to her that the court's recommendation in her mother's case never came before his eyes and was not in the record of the trial when he approved the findings.

Mr. Johnson, in 1872, when assailed by ex-United States Senator Henry S. Foote, of Nashville, Tenn., for this Surratt matter, compiled and published a complete statement of the facts to the above effects and challenged denial from any source. General Holt never did give an effectual answer to the charge that he withheld that recommendation from the president but the cabinet officers then in service corroborated all Mr. Johnson claimed in the affair. There it should rest.

For an Invincible Navy.

In all the discussions provoked by the appearance of European squadrons in South American waters to coerce Venezuela the possibility of the United States becoming embroiled some day with one or more suc.. European powers has been bruited. Of course a war upon us, or between us and European powers, is possible. In fact, but a few of our presses and publicists are optimistic enough to doubt that sooner or later we will have war with some one of them, or an alliance of them.

We shall regret such a war, but will not be afraid of it. If, however, we put ourselves in thorough preparation for it, the war will not come so soon or so suddenly. One of the greatest temptations any nation will ever have to attack us will be our unpreparedness to resist their long devised and skilful onset.

Ought we to remain unguarded against the great armaments of European nations? Our military and naval experts say not and republican and democratic statesmen alike admit that we ought not to delay, certainly, the enlargement of our navy until it shall be quickly brought to an invincible strength. The people are prepared to indorse any action of congress to that effect and the present congress should seriously study the national need in this regard and provide a scheme of naval construction that will put the United States on a parity with any other navy that rides the seas.

High Wages for Trust Workers.

It is gratifying to know that the wage scales in the protected industries have been raised in deference to public demands until today they are higher than ever before. This is a substantial help to the 7 per cent of the wage-earners of the nation who are lucky enough to work for the trust factories, the steel and Standard Oil corporations and some of the great trunk lines of railway.

But what of the other 93 per cent of bread winners in field, in mines and in the thousand employed positions of commerce and industry? Only a very few of them have obtained any increase of the wages that have prevailed from the days of depression, when wages were fixed on the lowest level of a possible subsistence. In the meantime the prices of living have increased from year to year and in 1902 were but 1 per cent in the aggregate lower than the high-water mark level of 1901.

The beef, coal, clothing and other trusts that control the necessaries of life are reaping enormous profits from the increased prices put on their products. They can afford to increase the wages of their actual employees while robbing in wholesale fashion the employees of every other sort in the land.

Perhaps the price paid to the trust employees will be sufficient to command their votes for the protective tariff system of special privileges and plunder, but the only relief in sight for the nine men who must pay those extra wages is to vote for the democratic policy of trust destruction, competitive industries and equal rights to all men!

Governor Odell in his inaugural next Monday will naturally refer to the prosperity of the country, but will not be obliged to specify his profits from selling groceries to the state.

Dewey reports that he has resumed the practice drills of his fleet—which is his way of intimating that there is nothing doing by the war ships of the alliance in the Caribbean.

Hon. Bill Chandler helped make the new constitution of New Hampshire without losing a day's salary as our most esteemed Spanish claims commissioner.

It seems to be still possible for Senator Hoar to reconcile his anti-imperialism with his loyalty to the administration that is doing the imperializing he objects to.

After the president appoints Senator Jete Pritchard to a federal judgeship we may expect the race riot in the North Carolina republican camp to reach an abrupt end.

The Illinois legislature will soon be in session and Chicago might take advantage of the event to get out a reduced census of her criminal population.

General Greene has the chance to make a great record as a police reformer in New York, or to wind up in the also busted column.

It is real pitiful to hear good old Pop Cullom complain that his anti-trust bill was switched into a legislative dead house.

Senator Nelse Aldrich is slated as the biggest man in the senate. That is why he is there—his little old state of Rhode Island being too small to hold him.

It is too much to hope that Crumpacker resolved to mind his own business hereafter.

Castro doesn't seem to be in any hurry to hand up those apologies. He believes in being brave though busted.

Lily Langtry probably mourns the decadence of the Gebhardt graft in this easy-mark land of America.

John Pierpont Morgan has lost his Bacon, but maybe the retiring gentleman is saving his'n.

Congress will begin on Monday another of its famous performances of "Nothing Doing!"

The New Year came in at the appointed hour and settled down to work just like a hired man.

Senator Burrows appears to have mislaid his resolution to expel Senator Bailey for mussing up the senator from Indiana.

Uncle Mark Hanna cannot be deprived of the honor of having converted cornedbeef to campaign purposes.

General Miles will find in traversing Siberia that it is a long time between ovations.

Oklahomans are willing to accept statehood in any old fashion—Injun or no Injun, Quay or no Quay.

Billy Mason probably resolved to go away back and sit down in a private station.

The sultan of Morocco is now having one of those South American times.

NEW YEAR'S VERSE.

The Death of the Old Year.

Full knee-deep lies the winter snow;
And the winter winds are wearily sighing:
Toll ye the church bell sad and low,
For the old year lies a-dying.
  Old year, you must not die;
  You came to us so readily,
  You lived with us so steadily,
  Old year, you shall not die.

He lieth still; he doth not move;
He will not see the dawn of day.
He hath no other life above.
He gave me a friend, and a true, true love,
And the new year will take 'em away.
  Old year, you must not go;
  So long as you have been with us,
  Such joy as you have seen with us,
  Old year, you shall not go.

He froth'd his bumpers to the brim;
A jollier year we shall not see.
But tho' his eyes are waxing dim,
And tho' his foes speak ill of him,
He was a friend to me.
  Old year, you shall not die;
  We did so laugh and cry with you,
  I've half a mind to die with you,
  Old year, you must not die.

He was full of joke and jest,
But all his merry quips are o'er.
To see him die, across the waste
His son and heir doth ride post-haste,
But he'll be dead before.
  Every one for his own,
  The night is starry and cold, my friend,
  And the new year blithe and bold, my friend,
  Comes up to take his own.

How hard he breathes! Over the snow
I heard just now the crowing cock,
The shadows flicker to and fro;
The cricket chirps; the light burns low;
'Tis nearly twelve o'clock.
  Shake hands before you die,
  Old year, we dearly rue for you.
  What is it we can do for you?
  Speak out before you die.

His face is growing sharp and thin,
Alack! our friend is gone.
Close up his eyes; tie up his chin;
Step from the corpse, and let him in
That standeth there alone
  And waiteth at the door.
  There's a new foot on the floor, my friend,
  And a new face at the door, my friend,
  A new face at the door.
—Tennyson.

The Old Year and the New.

When I went out on New Year's eve
  To breathe the frosty air,
I met them trudging in the snow.
  A quaint, old-fashioned pair;
An ancient man, with tattered coat,
  Gray beard and tresses hoar,
And little, rosy, laughing boy,
  Who frolicked on before.

They paused among the leafless stalks
  Beside a garden bed.
"Here plant in March the snowdrops pale,"
  The aged gardener said.
"And there the purple violets
  And golden daffodils,
When April drops her silver veil
  Upon the rainy hills.

"To these, my son, the pruning hook
  And sickle I resign,
The task to tend the waving wheat
  And yellow corn is thine,
And thine to turn the clustered grapes
  To ripen in the sun,
And paint the apple's crimson cheek;
  My labors now are done."

Far off upon the frozen hills
  The clocks of midnight tolled,
And lo! the laughing boy alone
  Fared on across the wold.
And all the chiming bells rang out,
  Like voices clear and true,
Farewell to speed the parting year
  And welcome to the new.
—Minna Irving in New York Herald.

The Dying Year's Farewell.

Ah! what is that deep and solemn strain,
  Like the voice of the torrent's might,
Or the plaintive moan of the restless main,
  That comes through the wintry night?
Listen to the wail of the wild wind's sigh,
  In its far and fitful swell,
For it breathes its sad and plaintive reply,
  'Tis the dying year's farewell.

It sweeps o'er the fields, snow clad and drear,
  Where the reaper's song was heard,
Where harvests were filling the hearts with cheer,
  And bosoms with joy were stirred;
But the song grows sad in the lone church yard,
  Where hearts were bleeding and sore,
Where memories linger in loving regard,
  For the loved ones that come no more.

It floats o'er the ruins of deserted renown,
  Like the simoon's fatal breath,
Where cornice and pillar, moss covered, crown
  The footprints of time and death,
And wakes in its tones the echoes of life,
  Where power in silence is shrined,
Where scenes have been laid of victorious strife,
  They have left no trace behind.

It rings through the marts where Mammon is throned,
  Through the halls of wealth and power,
It winds its way to the low and disowned,
  In the hush of the dreamy hour.
Precepts it teaches, and line upon line,
  Far better than tongue can tell,
And lessons are learned of the fleetness of time
  By the dying year's farewell.

And it tells of countries and oceans crossed,
  Of life in its busy round,
Of the scenes and joys that the heart has lost,
  Of enduring pleasures found.
For it speaks of a hope deep laid in the veil,
  Of joys by the Word made known,
A hope that for safety will surely avail,
  When moored to our Father's throne.
—The Rev. A. Messler Quick, of Brooklyn, in The Christian Intelligencer.

Hush! the Year Is Dying!

Let silence reign, tread softly by,
  The dear old year is dying fast;
The cold north wind is mourning low
  For him who soon must breathe his last.
But twelve months since he took the throne,
  His entrance made 'midst song and cheer;
But now by death's decision, dooming,
  He leaves it to the glad New Year.

We hold him not accountable
  For all our changing, diverse turns.
But service shown in needful hours
  We'll cherish in our mindful urns.
There's little now we have to fear
  From anything that he can do—
But good and dear old dying year,
  Let's bid him now our last adieu.
—Brooklyn Eagle.

The Dying Year.

Ring, bells! oh, ring, bells!
  For the dying year—
Dawn cometh swiftly;
  Death low-hovers near.

Wake! O ye echoes
  Of the days long o'er!
Harbingers mystic
  Of days now before.

Though many flowers
  Ne'er can bloom again,
Though many hours might
  Brighter far have been.

Weep not; oh, weep not!
  Other buds will come;
New loves will blossom
  In some fairer home.

Let no regrettings
  Mar the peaceful close;
Wrap in oblivion
  All your weary woes.

Dream on; oh! dream on!
  Through the misty past,
Mingling hope's smiles with
  Mem'ry's tears at last.
—John Irving Pearce, Jr.

Want Old Ladies' Home.

Jackson, Miss., January 2.—(Special.)—A meeting of the women of Mississippi interested in the movement to establish on Old Ladies' home in Jackson was held in this city last evening, and permanent organization perfected by the election of the following officers: Mrs. Governor A. H. Longino, president; Mrs. R. W. Millsaps, vice president; Mrs. H. Yellowly Jones, corresponding secretary; Mrs. Bessie Coker Simrall, recording secretary. Miss Mattie Kirkpatrick was chosen state organizer and will immediately launch a campaign for the collection of subscriptions. Several sites for the home have been offered by the citizens of Jackson. The movement was launched by Miss Belle Kearney, the noted temperance worker.

SOME RECENT DECISIONS.

UNEARNED WAGES MAY BE ASSIGNED LEGALLY.

The question whether unearned wages or salary can be legally assigned seems to be an open question in Illinois, as it is in many states. The appellate court of that state, first district, states that it has sought in vain for legal grounds on which the unearned wages or salary of a workman or employee may be protected against his own assignment, fairly and voluntarily made for a proper consideration. The law, when properly invoked, is ample to protect one in his rights, but if the person has sufficient mental capacity to attend to ordinary business and acts rationally in the ordinary affairs of life, the law is impotent to protect him against the consequence of his own folly. 35 Chicago Legal News, 144.

RAILROADS—FRIGHTENING HORSES. NEGLIGENCE.

A railroad company which erects a mail crane in or near a highway, which from its appearance when a mail bag is hung on it, is calculated to frighten horses of ordinary gentleness driven in the highway, and does so, injuring the driver, is liable for the negligence. The court admits that mail cranes are necessary to the business of railroads, but that it is not necessary to erect them so near public roads that they will obstruct the use of the highway by the public. 33 Southern Rep. (Alabama, Judge McClellan) 10.

DISTURBANCE OUTSIDE COURT ROOM—POWER OF THE COURT.

Judge A. A. Coleman, judge of the tenth judicial circuit of Alabama, issued an order directing the sheriff of the county to prohibit the "passage of horses or stock of any kind or vehicles of any kind" through a paved street at the side of the court house in the city of Birmingham during court hours. Vehicles of the fire department and street cars, not running at a rate to exceed two miles an hour, were excepted from this rather unusual order. In a suit brought by the mayor and aldermen against the judge, to prevent the execution of this order, it was held that, both under the statute conferring upon every court the power to preserve and enforce order, and the general principles of the common law, a court has power, in order to prevent a disturbance in the court room, to stop traffic on the street so far as necessary. 33 Southern Rep. (Alabama, Judge Haralson) 13.

LIFE INSURANCE—KNOWLEDGE OF FALSE STATEMENTS.

Where an application for a policy of life insurance was made a part of the contract, and provided that false answers would vitiate the contract, and the answers in regard to the health of the insured were materially false, but the agent writing the insurance, who was required to assure himself as to insured's health, knew the facts, and knew the true condition of his health, and continued to collect the premiums, the knowledge of the agent was notice to the company, and it was liable on the policy. 70 Southwestern Rep. (Texas, Judge Bookhout) 603.

A JUDGE'S NOTION OF CARE.

In Edwards v. Southern Railway Company, a recent South Carolina case, Judge Pope said: "If I was going to shoe a kicking mule, I would be more careful when I got to his hind feet than I was with his fore feet. I would be careful with his forefeet, but when I got to his hind feet I would be more careful." "For ways that are dark and tricks that are vain" the mule is as peculiar as the heathen Chinese, and we are afraid that the judge is not sufficiently conversant with the ways of that beast to take up the business of a farrier with other than calamitous results. (Law Notes for December.)

THE REPUBLICANS WILL MIX.

Distribution of Pie in Alabama May Bring Fight.

Montgomery, January 2.—(Special.)—Interest in republican politics now centers around the position of the present district attorney at Montgomery. There is no sort of doubt that the three referees chosen by the president are united as to the desirability of his removal, but the troublesome feature of the situation is that their function is to recommend for vacancies and not to create vacancies.

In the meanwhile there is springing up the inevitable opposition and factional struggles over the referees themselves, other republicans being far from content to rest on their dictum. Internal Revenue Collector Thompson gave out an interview soon after his confirmation declaring that the Wellman executive committee was the only and regular committee of the party, and would be recognized as such. This has given the opposition the desired opening and many letters have been going forward to the president from the negroes and some from whites protesting against Thompson as a representative of the anti-lily whites in any sense. All of which brings out the interesting fact that the whole situation in this state, so far as the republicans are concerned, is shaping into a fight on the single point of recognizing the last state convention and its committee.

PORTRAITS ARE PRESENTED.

Alabama Department of History Receives Valuable Accessions.

Montgomery, January 2.—(Special.)—The history department was enriched yesterday by the receipt of an oil portrait of Governor Benjamin Fitzpatrick, painted when he was governor, 1841 to 1845. It is presented by Mrs. Evelyn Fitzpatrick Munger, whose first husband was the son of the governor. The portrait is one of the most valuable in the gallery of the department, which is rapidly becoming a treasure house.

A recent acquisition of exceptional value was an oil portrait of the celebrated Methodist bishop, J. O. Andrew, who was the only bishop of that church who ever resided in Alabama. It represents him as he was when a young man, and is specially valued on that account, all other pictures of him extant having been made after he was advanced in years. It is presented by his son, Rev. J. O. Andrews, of this city.

WILL LAY STONE WITH ECLAT.

Mississippi's New Capitol Is Arousing Interest Throughout State.

Jackson, Miss., January 2.—(Special.)—The annual statement of the Mississippi capitol commission shows that up to the present time the sum of $734,7099.39 has been spent for work on the new state house, and the balance left from the appropriation by the legislature available for the completion of the work is $539,017.42.

At its meeting yesterday the commission discussed the preliminary arrangements for the laying of the corner stone on the 3d of June. It is proposed to hold a big civic and military demonstration on that date, and the event is expected to draw the largest crowd in the history of the state capital. The entire national guard of the state will be rendezvoused in Jackson during the exercises. The stone will be laid under the auspices of the Masonic fraternity.

ROME'S LOW DEATH RATE.

Only 117 in Hill City During the Year 1902.

Rome, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—The high record of Rome for health and longevity is being kept up, according to the annual report of City Sexton C. L. King.

For many years Rome has had the reputation of being the healthiest city of its size in the country.

In 1902 there were 117 interments, of which number 27 were non-residents and seven still born. According to race, fifty-seven were white and sixty colored. This would figure out according to Rome's population an annual death rate of 1 per cent, which is extremely low.

In 1901 there were 140 interments, or twenty-three more than in the past year. This is a splendid record for health, and can scarcely be equalled in the United States.

STATE GOSSIP CAUGHT IN CAPITOL CORRIDORS

State School Commissioner W. B. Merritt stated yesterday he would begin about January 10 to 15 sending out the checks for payments to teachers for the remainder of their last year's work. The state owes the teachers $600,000 for last year, and this will all be sent out at the same time. It is necessary to wait until the treasury department finishes the work of paying the January interest on bonds, and then the money will be sent to the teachers without further delay.

It is expected that the teachers will be paid for their work of January, 1903, by the middle of February this year, or considerably earlier than has ever been the case before. Governor Terrell has informed the state school commissioner that he was anxious to have these payments made at the earliest possible moment, and some time during February the payments for the first month of the present year will be made.

Attorney General John C. Hart now has in hand the question of the legality of county boards of education borrowing money for the purpose of making prompt payments to teachers. Attorney General Boykin Wright held in a case presented to him last summer that the county boards had no legal right to negotiate loans for this purpose, but Attorney General Hart appears to take a different view of the matter. The present attorney general expresses this belief in a letter to Wade H. Wood, county school commissioner of Washington county, in which he also refers to the opinion rendered by his predecessor.

If it should be finally determined that county boards can legally borrow money to make prompt payments to teachers, the treasury situation, so far as it affects the teachers, will be greatly relieved. This would enable the boards to make monthly payments to teachers, which has long been desired. Attorney General Hart thinks these county boards can borrow an amount not in excess of the amount which they are to receive from the state, pledging their pro rata of the school fund for the loan. He will be asked by Governor Terrell to render an opinion on the subject to him, and it is likely that the result will be greatly to the advantage of the teachers of the state.

New Soldiers' Home Trustee.

Governor Terrell yesterday appointed Judge R. A. S. Freeman, of West Point, a trustee of the Confederate Soldiers' home from the fourth congressional district, to succeed Judge S. W. Harris, of Carrollton, resigned.

Judge Harris resigned on account of the fact that the state of his health and the many other duties devolving upon him made it difficult for him to give time and attention to the trusteeship of the soldiers' home.

Judge Freeman, who has been appointed to succeed him, is a well known lawyer of West Point. He has served as judge of the county court of Troup county, and has been a member of the legislature. He was a member of the legislature in 1900, and did some hard work in favor of the bill which provided for the acceptance of the home by the state. Judge Freeman will fill the unexpired term of Judge Harris, which holds about three years.

Dr. Baird Appointed.

Governor Terrell received a letter yesterday from Dr. W. S. Elkin tendering his resignation as a trustee of the state sanitarium at Milledgeville. Dr. Elkin resigned because he said his practice was such that he could not give the attention to the institution demanded.

Governor Terrell at once appointed Dr. James B. Baird, of Atlanta, to fill the unexpired term, and Dr. Baird has accepted. Dr. Baird is one of Atlanta's best known physicians and will make a valuable addition to one of the most important boards in the state. The term of Dr. Elkin would not have ended until January 5, 1904.

Stevens Starts Year Well.

Commissioner of Agriculture O. B. Stevens promises the people of Georgia one of the best year's work during 1903 that has ever been given by the department of agriculture.

Commissioner Stevens started the year in good shape yesterday by selling $14,276 worth of fertilizer inspection tags the first day. This will tag nearly one-third of the fertilizers sold in Georgia during the year. The annual sales of fertilizer tags by the department amounts to about $45,000, and it may go even a little over that amount this year. The sale of one-third of the total amount in one day constitutes a pretty good day's work for the department.

Commissioner Stevens' friends have been at work trying to get him to make an exhibit of the agricultural resources of the state at the Louisiana Purchase exposition in St. Louis next year. While he has given them no definite answer with regard to the matter he has it under consideration, and may take some step in this direction in the near future.

Every effort is being made to have the state well represented at St. Louis in 1904, and if anything is done the full support and assistance of the agricultural department may be counted on.

Investigating Pensions.

The Fulton county grand jury is doing its duty with regard to the veterans in this county who draw pensions from the state. It is a duty of the grand jury of each county to inspect and investigate the list of pensioners in such county, but this work is seldom done, some grand juries stating they do not have the time.

Messrs. Draper, Goldsmith and Poole, members of the present grand jury, appointed a special committee to look after this feature, visited the capitol yesterday for the purpose of securing a list of the pensioners in Fulton county and making a thorough investigation of it. It may be that this feature will be heard from in the grand jury's final presentments.

It has been noted that many of the county papers are publishing lists of the pensioners in thir counties, together with the amount received by each one. This, in itself, would give the grand juries information on which to base an inspection.

Public Property Fund Gone.

The last of the public property fund has disappeared from the state treasury. The legislature, at its last session, authorized the use of the remaining portion of it for the payment of interest on the state's bonded debt, and it has already been so used.

The January interest amounted to about $160,000. The balance in the public property fund was $123,946.15. Under the authority given by the legislature the state treasurer transferred this amount, together with enough more to make up the January interest, to the banks at which the January interest is generally paid, on December 31. On the night of that day checks were mailed for the interest on registered bonds, and the coupons are being presented for payment right along.

With the exception of the annual interest on the amount due by the Southern railway for balance of purchase money of the Northeastern railroad, there will be no more public property fund in the state treasury until 1915, when that balance will be paid. Of course, in the event the state should decide to sell the Western and Atlantic railroad, there would be plenty of public property fund, but that is considered rather a remote contingency.

Governor Candler at Work.

Governor Candler has begun the work of compiling the colonial, revolutionary and confederate records of the state under the appointment of Governor Terrell, as announced some weeks ago.

Governor Candler is to receive a salary of $2,000 per annum for this work, to be paid from the fund arising from the sale of these records when published and from reprinted Georgia reports. He will probably be employed at this work during the next two years, and it is expected that in that period it will be fully completed. No one more able or competent to do this work that Governor Candler could have been secured, and the state is to be congratulated that it has his services in so important a matter.

First Week for Pardons.

The prison commission has made an important and interesting change in its method of transacting business. Hereafter only the first week in each month will be devoted to hearing applications for pardon or executive clemency. Notices to this effect have been prepared and will be sent to counsel for all parties desiring to be heard on this line whenever their cases are to come up. Of course in extreme cases, where the death penalty is involved, special arrangements for a hearing may be made where the time will not admit of a postponement.

The commission has decided on this course because of a desire to have more time for visiting the state farm and the various convict camps of the state. The members of this body have determined to supervise personaly the work at the farm, and will probably go there at least once a month. There will also be more personal inspection of the convict camps of the state by the commission than there has ever been before.

New Bank Wants Charter.

An application was filed with Secretary of State Phil Cook yesterday for a charter for the Citizens' Bank of Tifton. The new bank proposes to start business with a capital of $25,000. Its charter members are J. M. Paulk, E. A. Buck, J. B. Murrom, C. E. Fryer, Joe H. Myers, W. E. Myers, C. E. Meyers, George W. Julian and John Murrom, all of Tifton.

WILL ESTABLISH A BANK.

Prominent Citizen of Moultrie Will Go to Florida.

Moultrie, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—G. R. Battle will leave here in a few days for Perry, Fla., where he goes to establish a bank. Mr. Battle for the last eight or ten years has been in business at this point, during which time, by careful attention to business, he has accumulated quite a fortune for a young man. He is a thorough-going business man and Moultrie regrets losing him exceedingly.

He is one of the largest stockholders in the Citizens' bank of this place, and was instrumental in organizing it a few years ago. He has had considerable experience in banking and other financial matters, and will no doubt make a success in his new venture.

MONEY TOO TIGHT FOR FRIES.

Believed That Proposed Cotton Mill Merger Has Failed.

Raleigh, N. C., January 2.—(Special.)—The belief is freely expressed by mill men here that Fries' merger of cotton mills has failed because of the stringency of money in New York, which prevented a syndicate from underwriting this large scheme.

Captain Manry Leaves Albany.

Albany, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Captain John B. Manry, commanding company G, Albany Guards, left Wednesday night for Birmingham, which place will be his home. Both the local military companies were at the depot to see him off. They gave him a round of rousing cheers and fired several volleys just before his train pulled out. Captain Manry has been one of the most popular officers in the Fourth regiment. He is one of the few expert sharpshooters in the state, and the Georgia state troops are unfortunate in having to lose him.

Municipal Officers Elected.

Flowery Branch, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—At a very quiet election held here yesterday the following officers for the town were elected for this year: O. I. Additon, mayor; J. T. Chamblee, G. F. Bagwell, C. J. Wilder, H. M. Williams and A. H. Wingo, councilmen.

Everybody voted as they saw fit, as there were no announced candidates.

CITY IS WITHOUT FUEL OIL.

New Orleans Unable To Get Supply from Beaumont.

New Orleans, January 2.—New Orleans is now without a supply of fuel oil and all the furnaces recently converted to the use of oil burners are being changed back so that coal may be used.

Only one concern in this city, the Lone Star and Crescent, has been supplying fuel oil. In the last few days it has sent circulars to its customers saying that after January 1 it would no longer be able to supply oil to them.

The company states that it is unable to get sufficient oil from Beaumont to meet the wants of its customers.

KICKS ON ROGUES' GALLERY.

Owen To Test Right of Police To Keep Photo There.

New York, January 2.—The right of the police to keep a man's photograph in the rogues' gallery is to be tried in the courts. Jacob Owen today secured from Judge Scott in the supreme court an order directing Police Commissioner Green to show cause why he and officials of the detective bureau should not be restrained from keeping his photograph in the rogues' gallery and circulating copies among the different police precincts.

RICH BEQUEST FOR TULANE.

Hutchinson Left Nearly All His Fortune to University.

New Orleans, January 2.—The appraisement of the estate of A. C. Hutchinson, late president of Morgan's Louisiana and Texas railroad, shows its value to be $991,168.87. The bulk of this property will go to the medical department of Tulane university.

Hand Shot Off.

Fairburn, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Charley Mathews, a 16-year-old son of R. P. Mathews, a merchant of this place, sustained a serious accident while rabbit hunting yesterday afternoon. In some manner his gun was accidentally discharged, the whole load of shot passing through his left hand and wrist, tearing the hand to pieces and rendering amputation necessary.

INTERESTING FACTS IN THE CITY REPORTS

COLLIER HAS FINE REPORT

Splendid Showing Made for the Public Works Department.

A splendid showing is made by the department of public works in the annual report of Commissioner H. L. Collier, which was completed yesterday afternoon. The report has been done into typewritten form by James Kelley, one of the clerks in the office of the commissioner, and he has been materially aided by E. Mose Holland, the efficient bookkeeper of the department.

Commissioner Collier has been particularly fortunate in the selection of his office force, and much of the good work that has been done by the department during the year is attributable to the carefulness and efficiency of the clerks, although the commissioner, as the head of the department, has, of course, directed affairs generally, both inside and outside his office.

A comparative statement of the street work done during 1902 and that done during 1901 shows that more work was done in all the wards of the city, with the exception of the fourth and seventh. The work in the fourth is off about $2,000 and the work in the seventh decreased by about $1,000. This is attributable in some measure, however, to the fact that a large amount of work was done in both those wards during 1901, and there can be no criticism upon the councilmanic representatives from the two wards for failing to secure as much work during 1902 as have their confreres from other wards.

The comparative statement of the work done in the various wards during the two years is as follows:

Wards.	1902.	1901.	Inc.	Dec
First	$7,632.20	$6,902.85	$ 729.35	
Second	9,074.78	6,193.77	2,881.01	
Third	7,276.52	6,203.48	1,073.04	
Fourth	7,963.08	9,943.19		$1,980.11
Fifth	8,799.44	7,025.57	1,773.87	
Sixth	5,292.52	5,127.97	164.55	
Seventh	2,920.60	3,713.77		793.17

It will, therefore, be observed that the net increase in street work over 1901 was $3,848.54.

The following is a tabulated statement of work done by the department of public works during 1902:

Belgian block pavement laid, lineal feet	5,235
Chert and macadam pavement laid, lineal feet	12,808
Brick (vitrified) pavement laid, lineal feet	300
Gutter pavement laid, square feet	155,027
Belgian block pavement relaid, square feet	271,687
Fences rebuilt on new sidewalks, lineal feet	9,771
Earth excavated, cubic yards	76,944
Washouts filled, cubic yards	12,547
Brick sidewalks repaired, square yards	33,833
Graded for new sidewalks, lineal feet	32,538.4
Distributed sewer pipe, lineal feet	36,168
Belgian block pavement removed for asphalt, square yards	13,400
Curbing reset, lineal feet	4,052
Masonry built, perch	1,404.48
Stone quarried, loads	4,552

Blacksmith Shop.

New wagons made	11
Repaired old wagons, times	74

Put on 2,069 horse and mule shoes.

All tools for street, quarry and farm forces kept in excellent repair during the year.

The City Prison.

Number prisoners received	5,633
Number of days served	71,283
Cost of prison, food, bedding, coal, etc.	$10,125.51

The Stockade Farm.

Gross earnings	$2,360.63
Cost of labor, seed, etc.	1,512.47
Net earnings	$ 848.16

The farm is in good condition. All winter plowing is done, ditches cleaned out and repaired, grain sowed for spring forage. Vegetables sufficient to feed the forces during the winter.

Number of prisoners sent to the stockade in 1902 from December 15, 1901, to December 15, 1902:

WHITES.	
Men	1,118
Women	121
Boys	31
Total	1,270

COLORED.	
Men	2,559
Women	1,365
Boys	439
Total	4,363
Whites	1,270
Colored	4,363
Total number received	5,633
Average number prisoners per day	195
Average term of service, days	12.65
Number of days lost on account of sickness	10.35

The conclusions and recommendations of Commissioner Collier are as follows:

To keep within financial bounds I was compelled to place a very large part of my free labor forces, foremen, guards, carpenters and drivers on half time for the last month. This worked a great hardship on them, since the prevailing wages, when on full time, scarcely enabled them to supply themselves and families with the actual necessities of life. With provision, fuel, etc., at the present prices, $1 per day is too little to pay a man for any kind of labor. It would be true economy for the city to pay the highest wages and thereby command the best labor. To enable her employees to properly provide for those dependent upon them and to school their children the city should not ask any among them to work for less than $1.25 per day. The foremen of my department deserve $75, the guards $50 and the drivers $35 per month. Men filling similar positions in other corporations receive as much. I sincerely trust the honorable mayor and general council of 1903 will consent to these advances.

The prison physician, Dr. Mell Martin, has been very faithful in his services to the inmates of the prison. Considering the class of prisoners we have, a large percentage syphilitic, the health of the prison has been exceptionally good. During the year we had a prisoner to die from the effects of an epileptic fit, the first lost in two years.

The general condition of my equipment is very good; mules, horses, harness, wagons, tools and machinery all in excellent condition. We need very much at least ten more double teams to enable us to work our forces to the best advantage. Recently, by permission of your honorable body, I sold ten of our oldest mules at satisfactory prices. During the year we lost a mule and a horse; the former fell on frozen ground last winter and broke his leg and had to be killed; the latter died of acute indigestion. We had with him for several hours Dr. Jolly, the veterinary surgeon, who labored earnestly, but could not give relief.

The improvements made in the prison building during the past two years have materially added to the health and comfort of the prisoners. The roofing of the mess yard has converted it into a very comfortable hall. The automatic flush closets and shower baths in each apartment and the cement floors in the closets make the prison about as complete, from a sanitary standpoint, as it can be made. The new steel range bought this year has given splendid results. The heating system constructed last year keeps the entire building at about 70 degreeh Farenheit.

We need new bedding. Cement floors in the boys' and men's cells, and in the mess hall.

We also stand badly in need of new stables and blacksmith shops, made as nearly fireproof as possible. The buildings now used for stables and shops are really dangerous and afford but little shelter to our stock. They are too badly decayed to repair.

We have progressed satisfactorily with the new stone stables, have the masonry practically complete. A gravel and tar roof and material for stalls, troughs and racks supplied would enable us at an early date to complete what will be one of the best stables in the south, one that will accommodate the department's stock, certainly for the next fifty years.

I am profoundly grateful for the cordial support so generously accorded my department by your honorable body during the year; also my co-laborers in the other city departments and those of my own department who have so nobly assisted in the work. Respectfully submitted,

H. L. COLLIER,
Commissioner Public Works.

Whenever you wish to learn about new stone settings and combinations, make use of our store as freely as you will.

Maier & Berkele,
31 Whitehall St.

WOULD ABOLISH THE ENGINEER

Public Buildings Committee Makes Some Recommendations.

In the annual report of the committee on public buildings and grounds, of which Councilman W. B. Lewis is chairman, it is recommended that the elevator at the city hall be operated in future with electricity. This will cause some talk at the city hall, as an engine and boiler room is now maintained for the sole purpose of operating the elevator. The report, therefore, contemplates removing the engineer and saving money now expended for coal.

Councilman Lewis has been able in his management of the public buildings and grounds of the city during the year and his committee has made a splendid report:

It is as follows:

To the General Council of the City of Atlanta, Ga.—Gentlemen: Your committee on public buildings and grounds respectfully submits its annual report for the year 1902:

The purchase of the chamber of commerce building, at the corner of Pryor and Hunter streets, to be used by the city as a city hall having been closed last year, has caused the expenditure of a considerable amount of money in making necessary changes for the accommodation of the city officials and the public in their business with each other.

The council chamber, which was formerly located on the second floor of the building, was removed to the fourth floor, and now presents a convenient and handsome hall for the occupancy of the city fathers in which to legislate for our happy and prosperous people. The walls are decorated with many portraits of our mayors and prominent citizens, which serves not only to decorate the walls, but also to keep alive the memory of our people for those who have served her well and faithfully and have aided so much in making Atlanta the splendid city she is today.

The office of the building inspector has also been located on the fourth floor of the building.

The third floor is occupied by the mayor, committee room for councilmen, city engineer and city electrician's offices.

The second floor, once used for a council chamber, has been cut up into handsome and convenient offices for use of the city comptroller, commissioner of public works, health officer, board of health, sanitary department and warden for the poor.

The first floor is used for offices of the water department, tax collector, clerk of council, marshal, tax assessors and collector of street improvements; and though still overcrowded, yet with contemplated improvements, will provide fairly well for the accommodation of the public and the city officials in their necessary business intercourse.

The city hall is now heated by steam supplied under contract by the Atlanta Steam Company.

We would also recommend that the elevator be run by electricity or water, if reasonable contracts can be made, and this will do away with the expensive use of the steam engine now in the basement of the building.

The Lakewood property is leased to parties who pay the insurance on the buildings and protect the lands. They have paid rent this year, $91, and furnished police protection to the grounds. Respectfully submitted,

W. B. LEWIS,
Chairman.
JOHN C. REED,
E. C. KONTZ.

GEORGIA OPENS ON MONDAY.

Students Will Return to Athens To Resume Duties.

Athens, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—On Monday morning, January 5, the University of Georgia will reopen and the students from every part of the state will begin to flock back to the Classic City. The largest crowd will arrive on Saturday and Sunday. The majority of the Atlanta boys will come over on Sunday.

There are a number of questions of interest facing the students on their return to Athens. Prominent among these is the oratorical contest. The university has practically decided to participate in one more contest to be held in the Grand opera house. After this, though, Georgia will drop out of the association unless certain changes are made, chief among which is the demand that the contests be held at the different college chapels.

A debate may be arranged with Emery. An effort was made last year to bring one about.

GERMAN TRADERS ALARMED.

They Fear Our Tariff Wall Will Be Made Higher.

Berlin, January 2.—The Commercial Treaty Society has issued a circular complaining of the United States customs treatment of German goods. In part, it is as follows:

"It is quite characteristic that this tariff annoyance has not applied to English or Belgian, but exclusively to German manufactures. There is a system in the matter. It answers the new German tariff which strikes at leading articles of American export with extraordinary severity. We have every reason to complain of American tariff treatment and customs practices, but the course adopted by Germany is likely to have the opposite effect from that wished."

The Secret of Long Life

Consists in keeping all the main organs of the body in healthy, regular action, and in quickly destroying deadly disease germs. Electric Bitters regulate Stomach, Liver and Kidneys, purify the blood and give a splendid appetite. They work wonders in curing Kidney Troubles, Female Complaints, Nervous Diseases, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Malaria. Vigorous health and strength always follow their use. Only 50c, guaranteed by all druggists.

Fleming & Bowles Dissolve.

Augusta, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—The large furniture house of Fleming & Bowles anounce dissolution today. Bowles will continue the business and Fleming will retire.

AT SMALL COST WORK WAS DONE

The Engineering Department Completes Exceptionally Fine Report.

More permanent improvements were made in Atlanta during 1902 and at less cost than ever before in the history of the city, according to the annual report of City Engineer Clayton, which was completed yesterday morning.

This work has been done by Captain R. M. Clayton, the city engineer, Assistant City Engineer W. T. B. Wilson and Second Assistant City Engineer W. T. Wilson, who are thoroughly acquainted with the street, sidewalk and sewer work and whose services to the city have been invaluable.

The annual report will be made to council during the session of next Monday afternoon and the fact that more work has been done with less money will be particularly gratifying to the members of council.

Following are the figures of the report upon the sewer work that has been done during the year:

Loyd street extension, 1,350 feet, size 10 feet and 6 inches in diameter, constructed at a cost of $22,061.12.

Beckwith street extension, 786 feet, size 4 feet and 6 inches by 6 feet and 9 inches, constructed at a cost of $4,043.12.

Mineral Spring sewer, 560 feet, size 4 feet and 10 inches by 7 feet and 3 inches, constructed at a cost of $3,634.73.

These three make a total of 2,696 feet constructed at a cost of $29,738.97.

During the year 6.34 miles of lateral sewers were constructed at a cost of $29,761.73.

The total cost of all sewer work in the city during the year, therefore, was $59,500.70.

Sewer Assessments.

The total assessments upon property for sewer work was $33,025.65, and the collections aggregated $25,395.70, leaving $7,629.95 as the amount of uncollected or exempt bills. The bills not yet turned over to the proper official for collection aggregate $1,937.20, which must be subtracted from the $7,629.95.

There are now in Atlanta 100.47 miles of sewers, which have been constructed at a total cost of $918,548.24.

During 1902 1.43 miles of asphalt were laid at a total cost of $71,303.41. This work has been divided as follows:

Whitehall street, from the viaduct to Windsor street, at a cost of $33,429.76.

Peters street, from Haynes to Walker street, at a cost of $14,339.56.

Pryor street, from Mitchell to Alabama street, at a cost of $8,678.39.

Hunter street, from Pryor street to Central avenue, at a cost of $3,375.60.

Whitehall street, from the Southern railway bridge to the Whitehall street crossing, at a cost of $11,480.10.

The total miles of permanent street paving in Atlanta number 63.39, and they have been laid at a total cost of $2,131,964.90.

The engineering department has laid during 1902, 6.03 miles of curbing and sidewalks at a cost of $27,207.18. The total miles of sidewalks and curbing in Atlanta number 227.17, which have been laid at a total cost of $757,154.20.

The value of all public improvements since 1880, including sewers, street paving, curbing and sidewalks, is $3,807,667.34.

Comparison with the annual reports of the engineering department of former years shows that much more work was done during 1902 with less money than ever before in the history of the city. It is also very probable that no other city in the country can show so much work for such little money as can Atlanta, and the reason for it is the efficiency of the officials of the engineering department and their strict attention to duty.

ECZEMA, NO CURE, NO PAY.

Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, and all skin diseases. 50 cents.

FLASHES FROM THE CABLE.

The American steam yacht Niagara, from New York, with Howard Gould and party on board, has passed Gibraltar.

The American liner St. Louis, from New York December 24, has arrived at Southampton, having been delayed by bad weather. Sousa and his band were passengers, who will have their opening performance in London tonight.

The London papers announce that the marriage which had been arranged between Charles H. Hawtrey, the English actor, now on a tour of the United States, and Hilda Hanbury, will not occur.

At London, G. H. Elder was remanded at the Guild Hall police court charged, on his own confession, with having embezzled $75,000 from his employers, Brown, Shipley Co., the American bankers. The embezzlements had been going on for years.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Pablo Martin del Rio, attorney for the Mexican Central railroad, has signed a contract on behalf of the company by which the government is to continue the Cuernavaca line to the Pacific coast.

At St. Johns, New Brunswick, a hundred imigrants on the steamer Lake Champlain, detained there twenty-one days ago on account of smallpox among them, have been allowed to proceed.

At Baltimore in financial circles yesterday the situation was enlivened by the disbursement of January interest on bonds and dividends on stocks. It is estimated that the total interest payments in Baltimore today exceeded $5,000,000.

MONTHLY WEATHER REPORT.

During December the Highest Temperature Was 67 and the Lowest 15 Degrees.

The monthly meteorological summary of the local weather bureau, issued by Forecaster J. B. Marbury, gives in detail the weather conditions that prevailed here during the month of December.

Among other things, the summary shows the following: The highest temperature recorded during the month was 67 degrees, on the 13th, and the lowest was 15 degrees, on the 27th. The prevailing direction of the wind was northwest, and its total movement was 10,306 miles. The maximum velocity of wind was 48 miles, from the west, on the 4th.

The total precipitation was 4.86 inches. The average precipitation for the month of December for twenty-five years is 4.46 inches. During the month there were nine clear days, eleven partly cloudy and eleven cloudy. The greatest amount of precipitation in any twenty-four consecutive hours was 2.30, on the 15th and 16th.

J.P. Those suffering from weaknesses which sap the pleasures of life should take Juven Pills. One bottle will tell a story of marvelous results. This medicine has more rejuvenating, vitalizing force than has ever been offered. Sent by mail in plain package only on receipt of this adv. and $1. 32 Made by its originators, C. I. Hood Co., props. Hood's Sarsaparilla, Lowell, Mass.

REPORT MADE FOR BRIDGES

Important Recommendations Are Made to Next Council.

The annual report of the committee on bridges has been prepared and will be submitted to council next Monday afternoon. The report is of particular interest this year as much important work has ben done by the bridge committee, among the work being that of letting the contract for the new Peters street viaduct.

The committee on bridges in the report, which was written by Councilman James L. Key, recommends that a conference be held with the representatives of the railroads during the early part of the year for the purpose of making some arrangements for joint expense in the maintenance of the bridges.

The report is very able and comprehensive and reflects considerable credit upon the bridge committee and its chairman and for the excellent management of the bridges during the year.

The report follows:

To the Mayor and General Council of the City of Atlanta—Gentlemen: Your committee on bridges beg leave to submit the following report:

The Peters street viaduct, for which a contract has been made by the city, has not been commenced. The sum of $25,000 that was appropriated for this purpose still remains in the hands of the city. There will be required, in order to carry out the citiy's part of the contract, in addition to the sum contributed by the railroads, a further sum of $10,800. Certain amendments have been made to the original plan of the bridge, at the suggestion of the railroad companies, which will involve an additional expense of $9,239.25. This last cost is to be furnished entirely by the railroad companies.

The delay in beginning the building of the Peters street viaduct has been caused mainly on account of the delay in having girders filled by the steel manufacturing plant. We are assured that this work will begin very soon.

During last year we painted wholly or in part the following bridges: Mitchell street, Jones avenue, Forsyth street, Magnolia street, Broad street and Bell street, at a total cost of $3,122.80. This work was done under the immediate supervision of the city engineer and by day labor. We asked for and received bids to do this work by contract. The lowest bid offered as $4,185.

We have saved the city $1,062.20, and we are assured by the city engineer that the work has been done better and with better material than ever before.

We received an appropriation of $500 to raise Forsyth street bridge. This work was done at a cost of $275.80.

The repairs on Nelson street bridge have been completed. We received an appropriation that was the exact amount of the contract for this work. The work has been completed within the contract. The contract for constructing stairs for the Whitehall street viaduct has been let, and the work is now progressing, but not completed. The reason of this delay was that the work was retarded by litigation.

The appropriation for repairs to wooden bridges was $500; this work has been done at a cost of $336.52. The appropriation for the English avenue bridge was $700; this work has been completed at a cost of $268.69. As to the English avenue bridge, it may be stated that the original intention was to have abutments of masonry, but since the scheme of extending the trunk sewers has been advanced, it was thought the masonry abutments would be necessary expense. This accounts in some measure for the reduction in cost.

The bridges of the city are mainly for the purpose of spanning the tracks of railroad companies, being a mutual advantage to the public and to the railroad companies. To a large extent they have been built with joint funds, raised by the city and the railroad companies, but heretofore no provision has been made by which the railroad companies share the expense of maintaining and repairing these bridges. This is a matter that should not be further neglected. Some fair but equitable arrangement should be made with these companies by which they should carry a part of this burden. We recommend that the next mayor and committee on bridges call a meeting with representatives of the railroads and arrange with them for a pro rata distrubution of this expense.

Your committee acknowledges that it is deeply indebted to Captain R. M. Clayton, city engineer, for his patient and watchful interest in the labors of this committee during the past year. Under his supervision all its money has been spent, and we are satisfied that every dollar has been honestly and intelligently spent. Respectfully submitted,

James L. Key, chairman; J. H. Harwell, H. F. Garrett, bridge committee.

Heads Should Never Ache.

Never endure this trouble. Use at once the remedy that stopped it for Mrs. N. A. Webster, of Winnie, Va. She writes, "Dr. King's New Life Pills wholly cured me of sick headaches I had suffered from for two years." Cure Headache, Constipation, Biliousness. 25c at all drug stores.

COLD, CLEAR WEATHER TODAY

Forecaster Marbury Predicts a Break in Rain Storm and Lower Temperature.

Atlanta's genial weather forecaster, J. B. Marbury, promises a break early this afternoon in the miserably mean, sloppy weather which has been making life uncomfortable for both man and beast during the past thirty-six hours.

Raglans and wraps may be substituted today for raincoats and rubbers, as some spicy cold and clear weather is scheduled to follow closely on the heels of the recent rain storm.

The storm which Atlanta was enjoying all day yesterday was general over the entire east south of the Ohio river, but it was moving in a northeasterly direction, and today the "down easters" are shivering and slipping as the nasty rain falls.

The lowest registered by the mercury in Atlanta yesterday was 47, while the highest was 52.

This afternoon, tonight, tomorrow and for several days clear and cold weather may be expected in Atlanta.

Duke Roycraft, Tuscaloosa, Ala.

Tuscaloosa, Ala., January 2.—(Special.) Duke Roycrot, an old and highly esteemed citizen of Tuscaloosa county, died at his home on the Columbus road Tuesday evening at 10 o'clock. He was a brave confederate soldier. The funeral services occurred yesterday afternoon from the Big Creek church. The deceased is survived by a wife and several grown children.

Go Into Voluntary Bankruptcy.

Augusta, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—The firm of M. Williams & Co., composed of Mattie and Abe Williams, of Washington, Ga., today filed their petition in voluntary bankruptcy. The liabilities are $1,266 and assets $295. Creditors in Atlanta represent about $400 of the liabilities.

Laddies Will Vote.

Rome, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—The annual election of Rome's volunteer fire department will take place on next Tuesday night. There is no opposition to Chief H. C. Harrington and he will probably be reelected without opposition.

COURT GRINDS OUT HAPPINESS

Misfortunes of Married Life Relieved by Divorce Decrees.

HALYBURTON ASKS COURT TO RETURN HIM HIS CHILD

Trial of Millard Lee May Not Take Place on January 12—Suits for Damages Against Railway Company—Transfers of Property.

That the mills of the courts grind slow but grind exceeding fine was shown yesterday in the superior court, when at the end of the day's grind there were twelve persons where hitherto there had been only six. As absurd as this statement may seem, yet it is true that six divorces were granted by juries in Judge Lumpkin's court yesterday, thus breaking up the "oneness" of six married couples.

It is interesting to note that in five of the six divorces granted the feminine member of the partnership did the suing, while in only one case was the man the petitioner for separation.

Three of the divorces granted were total and three were partial. Those granted total divorces were Lula M. Williams against C. M. Williams, Annie Ferrell against Robert Ferrell and F. R. Bridges against Mrs. Mary S. Bridges. Those granted a partial divorce were Gerdine Hefner against Tobe Hefner, Fannie Carr against R. H. Carr and Fannie Cary against Jeff Cary.

One petition for a divorce was filed in the superior court yesterday. Thomas R. Smith filed a suit for a divorce against his wife, Rosa Smith. He alleges in the petition that he was married to Rosa Samp April 3, 1883, and that they lived together till October, 1895, when his wife deserted him. He claims that he tried in vain to make her happy. Harvey Hill is attorney for the plaintiff.

Sensational Charges Against Wife.

Sensational charges were made against his wife by W. E. Halyburton in a habeas corpus petition to get possession of a child, which was filed in the city court yesterday morning. Halyburton charges that his wife has threatened to kill him if he attempts to get possession of the child.

Halyburton further claims in the petition that his wife is a person unfit to keep the child. The child over which the contest for possession will take place is a very young boy, and is now living with his mother, Mrs. Margaret K. Halyburton, at No. 43 Washington street.

The petitioner gives his residence as No. 50 East Hunter street, where he says he has lived since his wife wilfully and wickedly deserted and abandoned him some time ago.

Halyburton says his wife holds the child illegally, and that he is determined to get the child out of her possession and from under her pernicious influence.

The petitioner is a blind man. The name of the child is given as Charlton G. Halyburton. Its age is not given, but he is referred to in the petition as an "infant."

Judge Reid has set January 10, at 10 o'clock in the morning, as the time for the hearing of the case.

Lee Trial May Be Postponed.

Millard Lee, the murderer of Miss Lilla May Suttles, may not be tried as to his sanity on January 12, the day originally set by Judge Lumpkin for the hearing of the case. Solicitor Charlie D. Hill stated last night that he thought it probable that Judge Roan would take up first the large number of jail cases which are now on the docket.

In the event that Millard Lee is declared sane by the jury at his next trial it will not be necessary for the court to resentence him, as was done after the adverse decision of the supreme court after his last trial. As the case now stands, Lee simply has a respite for thirty days, granted by the governor, and if the jury decides that he is a sane man he will be hanged on January 23, between the hours of 11 o'clock in the morning and 1 o'clock in the afternoon, as was stipulated in the last sentence of Judge Roan.

Sued Street Railway.

A suit for alleged damages to the amount of $15,000 was filed in the city court yesterday morning by Thomas Clark against the Georgia Railway and Electric Company.

Clark alleges in the petition that he was one of the passengers on the ill-fated car which snapped in twain a telegraph pole and butted into a brick building on Whitehall street last Saturday night.

He claims that his head was cut and bruised in several places, and that he was permanently injured in the back. He also claims that his hearing has been impaired. J. W. Cox is attorney for the plaintiff.

Sallemma H. Morris thinks that the street railway has injured her to the extent of $5,000, and has consequently filed suit against the Georgia Railway and Electric Company to recover damages to that amount.

She alleges that she boarded a street car at the corner of Peachtree and Thirteenth streets Decmbr 31, 1902, and that before she could reach her seat the car started suddenly forward and threw her against the door, injuring her left shoulder, spinal column and nervous system.

She further alleges that when she was put off the car at the corner of Houston street that she could not walk, but remained there for two hours till a passerby sent her home in a cab. E. Winn Born is her attorney.

Property Transfers.

Deputy Clerk Alex Dittler received for record yesterday property transfers amounting to $26,400.31, as follows:

Loan Deed—William G. Raoul, Jr., to the Maryland Life Insurance Company of Baltimore, a lot in East Point, Ga., on the right of way of the Central railway and adjoining the land of the Southern saw works, for $3,000.

Loan Deed—W. P. Potillo to Mrs. Mary J. Rucker, a lot on the west side of the Boulevard, 50 feet east of Cain street, for $6,000.

Warranty Deed—John E. Renfroe to the Atlanta Belt Line Company, a lot on the north side of Renfroe street, 208 feet east of Oliver street, for $800.

Quit Claim Deed—C. R. West to Mrs. Henrietta J. Walker, a triangular tract of land near Moreland avenue and the property of C. R. West, for $100.

Warranty Deed—James M. Roberts to J. R. Hopkins, a lot on the northeast side of East Hunter street, between South Pryor and Loyd streets, for $3,500.

Quit Claim Deed—The City of Atlanta to James A. Tiller, a lot on the west side of Hilliard street, between Highland avenue and Forest avenue, for $15.31.

Warranty Deed—Dickinson Loan Company to Mrs. Fannie B. Eads, a lot on the north side of West Harris street, 100 feet west of Spring street, 192 by 50 feet, for $4,100.

Loan Deed—Mrs. M. P. Arnold to Mrs. Emma Neal Douglas, a lot on the west side of Washington street, 100 feet south of Little street, 50 by 190 feet, for $700.

Loan Deed—Irene N. Snook to the Dickinson Trust Company, a lot on the southeast corner of Cain street and Courtland avenue, for $2,500.

Warranty Deed—A. S. Poole and others to Sarah J. Poole and others, a tract of land in the southeast corner of land lot No. 70, for $400.

Loan Deed—Mrs. Gertrude Volberg to Henry Hirsch, a lot on the north side of West Hunter street, 106 feet east of Haynes street, for $2,500.

Loan Deed—J. P. Davis to Mrs. Anna M. Ponder, a lot on the westerly side of Highland avenue, near its junction with Copenhill avenue, 50 by 175 feet, for $1,650.

Warranty Deed—The Copenhill Land Company to J. P. Daves, a lot on the westerly side of Highland avenue, near its junction with Copenhill avenue, 50 by 175 feet, for $1,135.

VAUDEVILLE
A Humorous Sketch.

The Matinee G
at the Play

THE MOST ATTRACTI
CALENDA
OF THE NEW YEAR
(1903)

Consists of six sheets, each 15 in. x 10 in., in 14 colors, with an a special finish that gives it the water color effect. The accompanying reproduction of one of the jects, greatly reduced in size without the enlivening effect of rich coloring, gives but an imp idea of the beauty of this charac series of plates.

How to Obtain It.—Sent anywhere, prepaid, on receipt of 50c, coin or stamps; OR, prepaid on receipt of 8c in stamps and a Globe design label taken from a Gold Band Ham; OR, for 8c postage and the Globe design label from a piece of Gold Band Bacon; OR, for 8c postage and a White Label English Bacon label; OR, if your dealer hasn't these meats, we will mail calendar on receipt of 8c in stamps if you send us an order for one piece of either of the three products mentioned and also give us the name of the dealer through whom you wish it delivered to you. Thus 42c of the price of this artistic calendar can be saved by the purchase of either of the above mentioned choice goods.

ARMOUR PACKING CO., Armour Station, Kansas City, Kansas.

Large Balance in Treasury.

Montgomery, Ala., January 2.—(Special.)—By actual count the cash in the state treasury on New Year's day was $472,569.48. Of this in round numbers $392,000 is the net balance belonging to the state, interest warrants unpaid being out standing against the balance. The balance is the largest in years.

'Frisco Going to New Orleans.

New Orleans, January 2.—The New Orleans and San Francisco railroad was chartered here today with a capital stock of $5,000,000. Local capitalists have become associated with officials of the St. Louis and San Francisco road in the enterprise. The object of the corporation is to build a line of railroad from New Orleans, by way of Arkansas, to Chicago. The organization is in connection with the entrance of the 'Frisco into New Orleans.

Confederate Veteran Killed.

Montgomery, Ala., January 2.—(Special.)—Stephen F. Ventress, an old confederate soldier alone in the world, who ran a little shop in the suburbs, was accidentally thrown from a wagon in a runaway yesterday and instantly killed. His neck was broken.

General Booth Leaves 'Frisco.

San Francisco, January 2.—General William Booth, founder and commander in chief of the Salvation Army, did his last day's work in San Francisco yesterday, leaving this morning for the east.

STEVE POSTELL IS MARRIED.

Well-Known Newspaper Man Weds Miss Retha Rutledge and Is at Home at 62 Martin Street.

Announcement has been made of the wedding on last Tuesday of Mr. Steve Postell, the well-known newspaper man, who is the Atlanta correspondent of The Macon Telegraph, and Miss Retha Rutledge, of Atlanta. The wedding ceremony was performed by Dr. R. B. O. England. Only the mother and sister of the bride were present.

The announcement of the wedding of Mr. Postell will occasion much surprise to his many friends, as he had told few persons of his intentions. When he yesterday announced his marriage he was showered with congratulations, and the publication of the fact will probably keep him busy replying to the good wishes of his friends for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Postell are at home to their friends at 62 Martin street.

CITY OFFICERS ARE ELECTED.

Gainesville City Council Holds First Meeting of Year.

Gainesville, Ga., January 3.—(Special.) The first meeting of the new city council for 1903 was held at the city hall last night, and the following officers to serve the city were elected: City clerk, George Lathem; chief of police, B. H. Parks; city electrician, Emory Merck; engineer water and light plant, Albert Wofford; city treasurer, W. E. McKinney; city physician, Dr. K. A. Smith; mayor pro tem. S. C. Dunlap. Mayor Parker announced his standing committees for the year.

The reports of all the officers showed a decided growth in the affairs of the city for the past year, and pointed out the numerous improvements now under headway by the administration of Mayor P. N. Parker, who has been progressive and enterprising. Among the improvements now under headway are a sewerage system, a new public school building, and the macadamizing of the streets of the city.

Style in Boys' Suits and Overcoats

To the numerous reasons why good, properly cut, nice appearing clothes for the boys are the best and most lasting sort of an investment, as far as wearing apparel is concerned, is added the very convincing fact that the boy himself is proud of the keeps them nice of his own accor

It is hard to resist such a good re son for buying, and our stock of boys' suits and overcoats makes it still harder to resist—still easier to buy, for we offer such completeness in assortment, of such absolutely reliable quality and priced in such a common sense (with regard to parental expenses) sort of fashion.

Also Shoes, Hats and Furnishings for boys.

Boys' Department, entire second floor.

Orders by mail filled satisfactorily.

Sole agents for Hess Shoes and Stuttgarter Underwear

EISEMAN BROS.,

Entire Building, Six Stories and Baseme
(Our Only Atlanta Store.)

11, 13, 15, 17 Whitehall St.

EISEMAN BROS., Washington, D. C. ATLANTA, GA. EISEMAN BROS., Baltimore, Md.

On the Social Realm

Misses Romare Entertain.

HE hospitable home of Mr. and rs. Paul Romare was thrown open esterday for an "afternoon" as unique as it was interesting.

The Misses Romare are always recognized as young women who combine with a life of leisure a genuine effort for culture. Some forty invitations had been sent over the 'phone, the request being that guests would please come promptly at 4. The acceptance was almost unanimous, for everyone felt and said, though no one could give any reason for the feeling or the saying, that something unusual was going to happen.

The director of the entertainment was Miss Crozier. She announced in the beginning that the audience had never in their whole experience been entertained by quite such reluctant performers as she was about to introduce in the Misses Romare. The hardest undertaking, Miss Crozier further stated, was none other than the effort to give some idea of the present crisis in the drama.

Miss Crozier was in her happiest mood. Misses Pauline and Louise Romare had been pupils of hers for several years, so they were completely at her mercy. Having forced them to appear as entertainers, she spared them nothing, demonstrating to the satisfaction of the audience, if not to the performers, that she had been wise in her decision as to the lines along which her pupils should appear.

For music, Miss Louise Romare gave four numbers of the Perr Gynt Suite (The Greig), Miss Crozier giving in a few sentences something of the connection between Greig's music and the Ibsen drama.

After the playing of the Traal-King number from the suite, Miss Pauline Romare read from Maeterlink's "Alladine and Palomides," the scene between Pallomides and his fiancee, Astolaine, the scene in which Pallomides tells his fiancee that he will now never become the man he might have been under her influence, and yet he must leave her for the little Greek girl, "whose soul is but a child's soul compared with yours."

Then followed the much discussed scene in the crypt, the love scene between Pallomedes and Alladine, in which Maeterlink's symbolism reaches perhaps its height.

Following this reading came Asa's death from the suite.

It would be difficult to conceive of anything more impressive than the weird, quaint strains of this music, which seems simply the awful mystery of death itself reduced to the simplest terms. This number was particularly suggestive in that it preceded the reading which rehearses the story of the passing of Alladine and Pallomides.

From Maeterlink's "Palleas Melisande" two selections were given—the lovers at the fountain where Melisande's marriage ring is lost, and the scene outside the gates—the climax—where the lovers first confess their love.

To one who has never thought of the drama as a great laboratory for the analysis of human emotion some of the points made yesterday afternoon were simply illuminating.

After Miss Pauline Romare's most sympathetic and intelligent presentation of the final scene between Palleas and Melisande, Miss Louise Romare gave two more numbers of the "Pere Gynt," the dawn song, with its color scheme of the gray of the morning shot by the sun's rays, and finally the Anitra's Dance."

For the moment—when the audience first realized that they were to have no more poetry and music—the invitation to the dining room seemed a positive indignity almost, but ten minutes later it was demonstrated that delicate viands daintily served, unquestionably heightens esthetic pleasures. The discussion of the suggestions made through music, and through the readings, were all the fuller and more earnest from the relaxation afforded by the dainty and stimulating refreshments.

The entertainment, from first to last, was but an example of the modern school of philosophy, not "life for literature and arts' sake," but "literature and art for life's sake."

To Miss McAlpin.

MISS MARIE McALPIN, of Alabama, was entertained at a lovely card party yesterday afternoon by her aunt, Mrs. Benjamin C. DeLeon, at her home on Piedmont avenue.

A delightful luncheon was served after the game, which was six-handed euchre. The first prize, a Christy picture, was won by Miss Hattie May Holland; the second, a cup and saucer, by Miss Susie May Pope, and the consolation was drawn by Miss Ida Blount.

The invited guests were Miss Clare Moran, Miss Hattie Mae Holland, Miss Susie May Pope, Miss Harrie Stockdell, Miss Janie Thornton, Miss Cora Wynne, Miss Lucy Akers, Miss Cobbie Vaughn, the Misses Anderson, Misses Antoinette and Ida Blount, Miss Louise Baird, Miss Ethel Gay, Miss Margaret Ladson, Miss Consuelo Lopez, Misses Gertrude and Eleanor Lipphart, Misses Anita and Lily Peeples, Miss Marie Ponjard, Miss Rushie Ray, Miss Claire Ridley, Miss Annie Thomas, Miss Grace Thorne, Miss Mary Ledbetter and the Misses Rushton.

Miss Lewis' Card Party.

A BEAUTIFUL occasion was the card party given yesterday afternoon by Miss Margaret Lewis at her home on Peachtree.

Hearts was the game played, at the close of which an elaborate luncheon was served.

The score cards were in the shape of hearts, and this idea was also carried out in the decorations and refreshments.

The first prize, a silver Chapletaine mirror, was won by Miss Selvey Speer; the second, a picture, by Miss Willie Drummond; the consolation, which was a heart-shaped bon-bon box, was drawn by Miss Elvise Hook, and the booby, a silver bell, was won by Miss Margaret Dissoway.

The pretty little hostess wore a dainty gown of white accordian plaited silk, and was assisted in entertaining the guests by her sister, Miss Ruth Lewis, and Miss Daisy Holliday.

Those invited to enjoy the hospitality of the occasion were Misses Julia Meador, Ella B. Rushton, Consuelo Lopez, Eliza Dancy, Eloise Hook, Eloise Brown, Mary Anderson, Mary Helen Moody, Maude Kirkpatrick, Annie Caverly, Charles Owens Clifton West, May Atkinson, Sillvey Spur, Aurelia Speer, Virginia Scott Amelia Worthington, Francis Nunnally, Margaret Dissoway, Emmie Baker, Sarah Bell, Marian Foster, Flo-Rene Watts, Courtney Harrison, Mildred Noble, Leontine Day, Lillian Traynham, Marie Love, Penelope Clark, Francis Clark, Helen Gullatt, Eloise Oliver, Josephine Stoney, Anna Watson, McGowan Phelan, Sallie Cobb Johnson, Marguerite Beck, Lillian Williamson, Helen Williamson, Clara Green, Samuel Askew, Ethel Willingham, Madge Grace Landrum, Mary Briscoe, Elise Landrum, Lottie Austin, Ida Hightower, Frances Gray, Flora Crome, Juliet Williams, Eleanor Roane, Mary Cooper, Marguerite Torbett, Louise Henderson, Emma Phillips, Millie Loyless, Maybelle Swift, Ruth Kellogg, Margaret Milting, Willie Drummond, Carrie duBose, Lily White, Nell Waldo, Fanny Holly Dickson, Katherine Walker, Lydia Brown, Susie Holli[illegible] Henrietta Candler, Marie Ponjand, Mary deSaussure, Nina and Aline Gentry, Susie Owens, Anita Sturvit, Edna Pugh, Caroline Perdue, Louise Johnson, Nellie Stewart, Alice Von Dever, Alice Thomas, Carrie Henderson, Louise Baird, Sarah Lee Evans, Julia House, Mildred Woolly, Miss Guge and Miss Ladson.

An Enjoyable Occasion.

THE card party given by Miss Josephine Lynch on Thursday afternoon, from 3 to 6 o'clock, at her home on Trinity avenue, was a pretty and enjoyable occasion.

The house was decorated in red and green and at the close of the game a dainty luncheon was served. There were four tables of six-handed euchre and the first prize, a lovely lace fan, was won by Miss Tessie Erskine. The second prize, a silver ring holder, was won by Miss Catherine Cannon, while the consolation, a hand-painted bonbon dish, was drawn by Miss Josephine Murphy.

To Mr. and Mrs. Beasley.

Mr. and Mrs. James M. Carter entertained last evening at their home at 286 East Fair street in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph W. Beasley, of Augusta, Ga. After a well-rendered musical programme, the guests were invited into the supper room, where a dainty repast was served. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. James Beasley, Mr. and Mrs. James Dixon, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Marsh, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Heyser, Mrs. Mary P. Murray, Miss Mae Murray, Misses Rebecca Love, Mary Farmer, Vivian Marsa, Janie Stewart, Minnie Walton, Mary Steward, Agnes McWaters, Ruth Frazel, Sue Satterwhite, Lizzie McWaters, Janie Walton, Clara Ketterel, Cora Martin, Messrs. Stephen Craft, Fred Brigman, J. A. Martin, E. L. Downs, Pet Knox, George Thurmond, Andy Hancock, George Weigel, Charlie Craft, Grant Martin, Charlie Hewett, Fletcher McWaters, Tom Smith, Warren Satterwhite, B. C. Walton, F. N. Harrobon, Master David Love, Freida Love and Evan Love.

Miss Green Entertains.

Miss Mary Green entertained at her home on Washington street Wednesday evening in honor of her cousin, Miss Sibyl Steede, from Chattanooga. The house was beautifully decorated in red and green Bainbridge paper, and the girls wore costumes of the same. A progressive game was played, Miss Alpha Green and Mr. Thomas Yarbrough being the successful winners of the prizes. During the evening punch and delightful refreshments were served.

The invited guests were Misses Sibyl Edna Steede, Kate Denning, Helen Ware, Nellie Belle Catlette, Margurette Lane, Josephine Davis, Alpha Green, Austine Asbury, Clara May Wind, May Asbury, Mamie Cooper, Nell Smith, Pearl Asbury, Luella Yarbrough, Walter Cassels and Ethel Green; Messrs. Paul Orr, Wharton Monteith, Reynolds Lane, Marshall Lane, James Hall, Floyd Cooper, Roy Weislogle, Harry Weislogle, Leonard Hughes, Thomas Yarbrough, Thomas Shiply William Witherspoon Woodbridge, D. Willis Johnson, Joe Colquitt, Weaver Smith, Fred Cooledge, Dr. Thomas E. Green, Dr. Henry D. Green.

Miss Dickson Entertains.

One of the delightful occasions of New Year's evening was the entertainment given by Miss Lillian Dickson. Her home was beautifully decorated in holly and mistletoe. After enjoying a number of jolly games delightful refreshments were served. The invited guests were Miss Sarah Waldo, Miss Mabel Stetson, Misses Helen and Marie Angier, Miss Maud Taylor, Miss Georgia Thompson, Miss Jean Furlow, Miss Louise Black, Misses Estelle and Daisy Stewart, Miss Fear, Miss Doucette Larendon, Miss Belle Thomas, Misses Louise and Viola Barili, Miss Mary Phillips, Miss Ruth Lewis, Miss Jennie Ponder, Mr. Stewart, Mr. Henry Phillips, Mr. Charlie Murphey, Mr. Robert DuBose, Mr. Essig, Mr. Felder Furlow, Mr. Evelyn Harris, Mr. Arnold, Mr. Perry, Mr. Walcott, Mr. Robert Melone, Mr. Frank Bell, Mr. Sisson, Mr. Angier Eastman, Mr. Ralph Black, Mr. Ball, Mr. William Rankin, Mr. Johnson, Mr. John Byington, Mr. George Hamilton, Mr. Will Percy, Mr. Arthur Wilson and Mr. Russell Compton.

Symphony Concert.

At the concert by the Atlanta symphony orchestra, in the Grand on Sunday afternoon, a choice programme will be presented. The numbers to be used have never before been heard at these concerts, as a perusal of the following will show: Haydn's "Military" symphony; Handel's "Largo;" Schumann's "Traumerei;" Rossini's "Tancred," overture; Langey's "Evening Breeze;" Schubert's "Marche Militaire;" Wagner's "Zug der Frauen;" Thome's "Simple Aven," and "Sounds from the Vienna Woods," by Strauss.

Meetings.

The regular meeting of the board of Atlanta chapter, D. A. R., will be held on Saturday, January 3, at the residence of Mrs. Samuel Scott, 97 Merritts avenue, at 3:30 o'clock.

Social Items.

Mrs. Samuel A. Cloyde is in the city visiting her niece, Miss Sadie Coogler.

* * *

Miss Sadie Morris was given a surprise party on Thursday evening.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel M. Fuller have returned from an extended trip to New York and Boston.

* * *

Misses Claire and Annie Laurie Langford left yesterday for Gastonia, N. C., where they will be the guests of Miss Irene Costner.

* * *

Mr. J. G. Rossman left yesterday for an extended trip to Washington, New York and Pittsburg.

* * *

Mr. Robert Cheney has returned to Knoxville after spending the holidays with his family, who will join him there in the early spring.

* * *

Mr. R. A. Johnson was taken very ill on Christmas day at his residence on Kimball street and has been confined to his bed since then.

* * *

Miss Grace Ferguson has returned from a visit to relatives in Cincinnati.

* * *

Mr. Joseph Richardson will spend Sunday in Florida.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Sales Burton, of North Carolina, were in the city yesterday on their way to Florida.

* * *

Miss Kathleen Colley and Miss Lizzie Warner Courtney were delightfuly entertained during their stay in Washington, Ga.

* * *

Mrs. Charles Sheldon entertained at luncheon yesterday.

* * *

Miss Ethel Carter, of Clarkston, has returned home.

* * *

Miss Norma Wright, who has been visiting her uncle, Hon. Boykin Wright, in Augusta, where she has been charmingly entertained, will return home today, and to her studies at the Washington seminary.

* * *

Miss Mary Woodruff spent the holidays with relatives in West Point.

* * *

Miss Nell Gatins is the guest of her sister in Washington, D. C.

* * *

Miss Florence Braswell, after a visit of several weeks to relatives in this city, left yesterday for Florida.

* * *

Miss Anita Stewart entertained about a hundred guests at a New Year tea Thursday at her home on West Peachtree.

* * *

Miss Virginia Wayne has returned home after a visit of several weeks to relatives in south Alabama.

* * *

Mrs. William Worth Martin returns today from Rome and will be with Mrs. Wylie, 570 Spring street.

* * *

Mrs. J. Smith Rhodes has returned to her home in Knoxville.

* * *

Mrs. M. J. Willingham, of Greenwood, Ala., is in the city for several days.

* * *

Mrs. Byrd, of North Carolina, is the guest of her son, Rev. Charles W. Byrd.

* * *

Miss Martha Whitman returns to school in Washington, D. C., on Monday.

* * *

Mrs. James T. Williams will entertain at a large reception next week.

* * *

Mr. Will D'Oyly Wall, of Greenville, S. C., is visiting his grandmother, Mrs. R. E. Wall, on Hill street.

* * *

Miss Marie McAlpin, who is visiting her aunt, Mrs. B. C. DeLeon, returns to her home in Alabama on Monday.

* * *

Miss Mabel Powers entertained at an informal chafing dish supper last evening.

* * *

Miss Emily Harrison will spend Sunday and Monday in the city.

* * *

Mrs. Henry Grand, of Boston, is in the city for several days on her way to Boston.

* * *

Miss Eloise Osborne has returned to her home in Milwaukee.

* * *

Mr. J. M. Kenny, of Philadelphia, is in the city.

Mr. Ulric Atkinson entertained at a theater party last night in compliment to Miss Houston, Miss Sarah Peel's guest.

* * *

Mrs. Hugh Hagan has recovered from her recent slight illness.

* * *

Dr. Mary Hicks is spending several weeks in California and is expected home the 15th of January.

* * *

Mrs. Walter Taylor returned yesterday from a several months' visit to New York.

* * *

Miss L. Graham Crozier leaves Tuesday for New York.

* * *

Mrs. Craig is the guest of Mrs. Alice Muse Thomas.

* * *

Mr. E. C. Peeples and Mr. Ulric Atkinson entertain at the Piedmont Driving Club tonight in compliment to Miss Houston, the guest of Miss Peel.

The Saving of a Few cents on a bottle of Vanilla Extract will not atone for the annoyance of having dessert that is "just a little off" in flavor. Always buy Burnett's.

NEW YEAR'S CELEBRATION.

Saturday Night Club Will Hold a Jubilee Meeting with a Special Programme.

The Saturday Night Club has just closed one of the most successful years in its history, and in grateful acknowledgment of this fact will hold a kind of jubilee meeting. The average attendance at the club has been exceedingly gratifying and the subjects for debate unusually well handled.

The music for the evening will be furnished by Miss Caroline Westmoreland, who is spending the holidays at her home from the Woman's college of Baltimore, where she is a student. Her musical education is under the personal direction of Signor Emanuel Wad, the famous Danish musician and teacher. Miss Westmoreland's programme will be:

Arabesque, Schumann.
(a) Nocturne, Field; Caprice, Sinding.
Ballade, A flat, Chopin.

The subject for debate is, "Resolved, That the United States should maintain the largest navy of any nation on earth." The subject is one calculated to excite a deep interest at the present time. The programme will be carried out in full regardless of the condition of the weather and the public is invited to attend free of charge.

GEORGE LAW GOES TO NEW YORK

The Popular Haberdasher Will Buy Stock for George Law & Co.

Mr. George Law, the well-known haberdasher and furnisher, left for New York yesterday. Mr. Law goes to purchase a stock for the new firm of George Law & Co. This firm will be ready for business about the 1st of February. They will be located at No. 4 Whitehall street. In speaking of his trip, Mr. Law said: "Yes, it is true I leave today for New York to buy the stock for our firm. It is my intention to make selections that will, in the end, make the finest, niftiest and most select stock of furnishings for gentlemen that has ever been shown south. George Law & Co. will be found at 4 Whitehall street and will be ready to serve patrons about the 1st of February." Mr. Law will probably be out of the city some weeks.

THROUGH SLEEPING CARS ATLANTA, TO TAMPA, FLA.

Beginning Monday, January 5, 1903, the Southern Railway will establish through sleeping car service Atlanta to Port Tampa, Fla., via Jacksonville, leaving Atlanta 10:50 p. m., arriving Jacksonville 8:30 a. m. South of Jacksonville this through car will run over the Atlantic Coast Line via Palatka, Sanford, Orlando and Lakeland, arriving Tampa 10 p. m., Port Tampa 10:30 p. m. Northbound this through sleeping car will leave Tampa 7:25 a. m., arrive Jacksonville 5:30 p. m., leaving Jacksonville 7:45 p. m., arrive Atlanta 5:20 a. m.

By leaving Atlanta at 10:50 p. m. passengers for Florida get the advantage of excellent Southern Railway dining car service for breakfast, making best connection for all points in Florida.

Berths are reserved in advance and best facilities are offered. J. C. BEAM,
District Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

Important Changes in Schedules Central of Georgia Railway.

Important changes in schedule of Central of Georgia railway passenger trains will be made effective January 4, 1903. For full information see ticket agents; obtain copy of local folder No. 74, or apply to W. H. Fogg, traveling passenger agent, 16 Wall street, Atlanta, Ga.

Winter Tourist Tickets to Florida

Are now on sale at all coupon ticket offices at greatly reduced rates, good to return until May 31, 1903, via Central of Georgia railway and connections. Pullman sleeping cars through to Jacksonville without change. Ticket offices 16 Wall street, and Union depot.

Important Change of Schedules Central of Georgia Railway.

Effective Sunday, January 4, train No. 4 will leave Atlanta 8:45 p. m. daily for Macon, Savannah, Jacksonville and intermediate points instead of 9 p. m. The Chicago and Florida Limited, effective Tuesday, January 6, will leave Atlanta for Macon, Albany, Jacksonville, St. Augustine and all Florida points at 9 a. m. daily.

J. C. HAILE,
General Passenger Agent.

This is the third day of the New Year.

Remember this is now 1903—and you'll notice these shirts are right up-to-date.

Note the extra good values we are giving at $1.00.

The Scarfs in our windows are the latest things—so late in fact that they did not arrive in time to go with the holiday rush—so now they'll have to rush alone. 50c will do it—now it's your rush.

EISEMAN & WEIL,
"The Daylight Corner."
1 Whitehall Street.

Exclusive agents for L. Adler Bros. & Co., Strouse & Bros. "High Art Insured" Clothing and W. L. Douglas' "Union Made" Shoes.

DIAMONDS.

The best Diamonds are the only Diamonds worth while and the stones in our collection belong to the flawless class. Their perfection is their recommendation.

Davis & Freeman, Jewelers.

THEATERS.

The Grand.

Hearty laughter and great applause make the only thunder that accompanies the reign of "King Dodo." No, that's not one of Raymond Hitchcock's jokes; he's much better.

There may be some question as to what constitutes a successful musical comedy. Whether it be a great deal of good music, accompanied by a reasonable amount of nonesense; whether is be a play with a good plot interspersed with music and surrounded by a good comedian, or whether it be a play without any plot at all given over entirely to music and nonsense, must be decided by those who are serious enough to give the matter thought. However, there is no doubt that "King Dodo" possesses the required essentials and is a musical comedy well worth hearing.

So far as comedy is concerned, it is by no means a misnomer. Raymond Hitchcock attends to the nonsense, and when he is on the stage there is nothing but laughter. The fact that he caught cold at the old car shed yesterday and his voice sounded like a fog horn detracted nothing whatever from his singing. It is possible that he didn't have a cold, but it made him all the funnier and he produced the laughter. "And they'll give him a medal for that."

Arthur Wooley, as Dr. Fizz, and William Corliss, as prime minister to Queen Lil, did comedy stunts, and were a close second to Hitchcock, but he had the lines and the others were never in the running.

There are a number of clever people in "King Dodo" and several with really excellent voices. Among them are Margaret McKinney, Cheridah Simpson, Flora Zabelle, Greta Risley and Iver Anderson.

The chorus is large and many of the girls are pretty. The chorus is strong in voice and well trained. The march and drill in the second act was given an ovation. The production is elaborately staged, but the costumes show the stains and wear of travel and long use.

"King Dodo" is well worth seeing, and if Hitchcock cannot make you laugh—well, you never will laugh. There will be a matinee today and a performance tonight.

Playgoers who appreciate the best dramatic art will learn with pleasure and interest of the engagement Monday and Tuesday at the Grand for three performances of Otis Skinner in his new play, "Lazarre," founded upon the well-known romance by Mrs. Catherwood. Those who saw Mr. Skinner last season in his noteworthy revival of "Francesca da Rimini" need not be informed of the fact that this actor is one of the potent forces on the American stage today.

The character of Lazarre is said to fit Mr. Skinner ideally, and as usual he will have the support of a company in every way worthy of artistic association with him. Nannette Comstock, Maud Durbin, Charles Welles, Joseph Weaver, Walter Allen and the veterans, Mervyn Dallas and Ben Ringgold, are among the prominent players in his supporting company this season.

"Lover's Lane," the famous comedy by Clyde Fitch, will be the attraction at the Grand on Wednesday and Thursday next. It is presented by William A. Brady, who finds it as popular and profitable as his other bonanza, "Way Down East." The original company is offered—the one presenting it for five months in New York and fourteen weeks in Philadelphia. "Lover's Lane" is a play of the Massachusetts small town, not of the farm yard and hay field, and it is in scoring the sham of Phariseeism and narrow insular prejudice that Clyde Fitch has found opportunity to wield his sharp and slashing blade of satire. The corner stone of its popularity seems to be that it is thoroughly clean and wholesome.

Stuart Robson, who is to be seen in "The Comedy of Errors" at the Grand next week, pronounces his name like "rob" in robin, and not "Robe-son," as so many persons persist in calling him. There is a popular misconception as to this pronunciation, and the veteran comedian, now 66 years of age, laughingly states that, in spite of his forty odd years on the stage, he yet has to find a person who, off-hand, gives the name the correct sound.

There will be a matinee this afternoon and a final performance of vaudeville tonight at the Bijou. The attendance this week has been excellent. Many of the acts on the bill are headliners in their class, and the entertainment throughout is replete with novelty, music and comedy.

Mr. Wells deserves much credit for the uniform excellence of the attractions that have been furnished at the Bijou since the opening of this house in September. At least five of the acts now playing at the Bijou came direct from Keith & Procter's houses in New York, which means that no expense will be spared by the wideawake management to give Atlanta the best that is to be had.

With tonight's performance at the Bijou amusement seekers will say goodby to vaudeville for a little while, and in its stead will have the George Fawcett Stock Company, whose engagement here some few months ago is well and favorably remembered. "Rosedale" will be presented at the Bijou next week by the George Fawcett company, with Frank Gillmore. This is a scene in a gypsy camp, showing the rescue by a young army officer, played by Frank Gillmore, of a child. Curtain call after curtain call follows this great climax, and in Baltimore, where the company played "Rosedale" to tremendous business, the critics declared that it was without question one of the greatest hits the stage has ever known. Mr. Gillmore in the principal part, Miss Grace Kimball, Dewitt Jennings, Charles B. Hawkins and the other favorites of the company are all seen at their best in "Rosedale."

The sale of seats for Monday night has already assumed fine proportions, and indications point to one of the largest opening houses of the season. There will be no increase in the usual popular prices for the coming week, and matinees will be given on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday afternoons.

STORE WAS BURGLARAIZED.

J. E. Warnock's Place of Business, 43 West Mitchell Broke Into Last Night and Robbed.

J. E. Warnock's second-hand furniture store and general repair shop at 43 West Mitchell street was burglarized last night, the money drawers rifled and the safe entered.

Call Officer R. D. Dorsey investigated the affair about 11 o'clock and reported to Captain Jennings, of the evening watch, that when he entered the place he noticed that the back door had been broken open, the money drawers taken out, and different articles scattered all over the store. Officer Dorsey stated that from appearances the safe had never been locked.

Mr. Warnock could not be found at his home, 77 Auburn avenue, when the officer visited that place after investigating the burglary.

It is not known the amount of money or the value of other articles which are supposed to have been taken from the store.

French Political Wit.

London Daily News: Just before M. Waldeck-Rousseau left office he gave a dinner at the ministry of the interior. The nuncio, being one of the guests, sat beside Mme. Waldeck-Rousseau. As the dessert was being handed around he took a meringue biscuit.

"Take rather," said his hostess, "a 'nonnette'" (the name of the Dijon gingerbread nuts which Brillat Savarin thought so good).

"A nonnette!" (little nun) slyly exclaimed his eminence. "I thought the government had left no more nuns in France."

"They speak more evil of the government than it deserves," returned Mme. Waldeck-Rousseau. "You see yourself that we appreciate the spice and sweetness of the nonnette."

A similar story is told of M. Combes, who, a few evenings ago, sent word to the manager of the Renaissance to expect him at his theater in the evening. He received a telephone message in answer to apprise him that a stage box would be reserved for him. The manager did not fail to place a beautiful box of bonbons on the ledge of the box. M. Combes, on seating himself, opened the box, took out a bonbon, tried one, and, with a face lighted with satisfaction, handed around the sweets to the ladies and his secretary, who came with him. He found them so good that he kept taking them the whole evening. The same kind of bonbon "coffret" was to be seen in most of the boxes on the first tier, but nobody paid the same attention to their contents as the prime minister, who might have heard a reactionist nobleman next door to him say:

"He devours them 'comme du pretre.'" A violent anti-clerical is said to "manger du pretre." M. Combes did not know that the fondants au cafe that he liked so much were a new bonbon, and, on account of their carmelite brown color, called "religieuses." The coffret that contained them betrayed their nature to the public, and the news circulated in a whisper that "M. le President du Conseil devore des religieuses."

Want to Repair Pikes.

Huntsville, Ala., January 2.—(Special.) The farmers of Madison county have been called upon to hold a mass meeting here Saturday to consider ways and means of repairing the pike system. This matter has been discussed through the newspapers for several weeks, and it is the general opinion that something must be done at once or the pikes will be ruined.

OLD HATS CLEANED.
Reshaped, fall styles. Bussey, 28½ Whitehall.

STANDARD DIARIES.
The new Standard Diary for 1903 just received; all styles and sizes. John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta st.

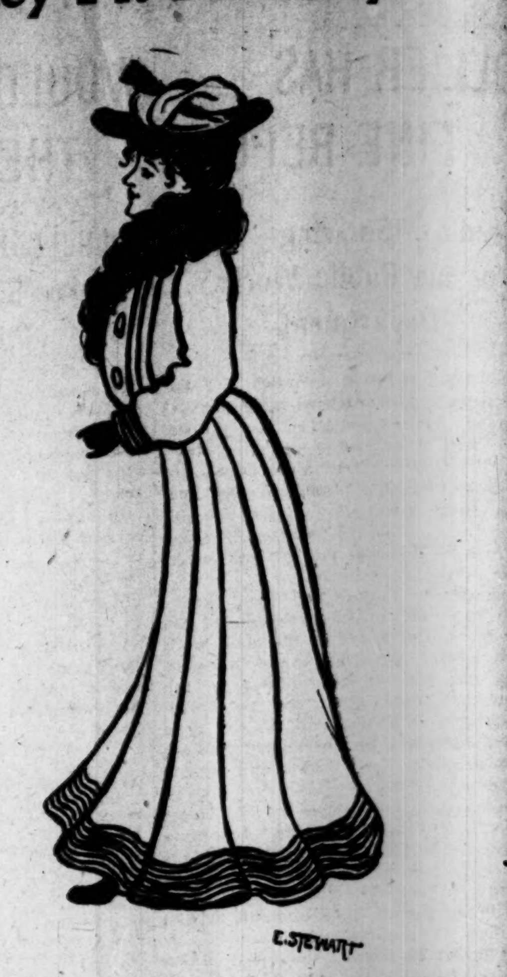
According
To past records

the heaviest and most disagreeable weather is yet to come, and those who are not so fortunate as to be well protected from the cold can have their Underwear wants filled here —to the letter.

Cotton ribbed, - - 50c.
Cotton fleeced lined, 50c.
Forty per cent wool, 75c.
Sixty per cent wool, $1.00.
Ninety per cent wool, $1.50.
Worsted, - - - $2.00.
Cashmere, - - $2.50.
Silk and wool, - - $3.50

Daniel Bros.

Furnishers. Hatters.
1 to 5 Peachtree,
On the Bridge.



They Fit Perfectly.

If you are correctly fitted in the Dorothy Dodd shoe, there will be no possible chance for the foot to slip forward and crowd the toes. Under and about the instep the shoe finely outlines the arch, giving it proper support, while the ball of the foot has full play.

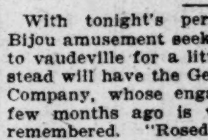
That gives beauty of poise in walking. You can walk miles in the Dorothy Dodd without feeling it.

Write for illustrated catalogue.

Dorothy Dodd
TRADE MARK

$3.00 and $3.50

Sold in Atlanta only at **Keely's**



DR. BURKHART'S WONDERFUL OFFER
30 DAYS' TREATMENT for 25 Cents.
Dr. Burkhart's VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Dr. Burkhart's Vegetable Compound is unequaled as a Spring Blood Medicine. Do not delay, but strengthen the constitution and build up the system so that you can enjoy the beautiful Spring. Positively cures Catarrh, Liver and Kidney Diseases, Stiffness of Limbs, etc. 10 days' treatment free. All Druggists.

DR. W. S. BURKHART, Cincinnati, O.

MRS. F. ROSAMONNISH, M. D.,
DR. W. A MONNISH,

Specialty, diseases of women. Twenty years' experience. Skillful and modern treatment. Graduates of American and European hospitals and colleges. Offices at residence, 349 Peachtree street. Entrance to offices, Forrest avenue. Bell 'phone 1343, Standard 827.

CHARLES W. CRANKSHAW,
Diamond Merchant and Jeweler . . . .
37 Whitehall Street, Atlanta.

FIRST HANG
OF THE NE

Murderers Who
Going Out with

Thomas Dunn, Colored,
Jackson, Another N
Whom He Had
Over Small A
of Money.

St. Louis, January 2.—
colored, was hanged toda
der of Peter Jackson, a ne
he had quarreled over $4.
spent his last hours in p
he was ready to die.
The execution was witnes
of nearly four hundred
them being several wome
who had crowded their w
yard.

Convict Hanged f
Richmond, Va., January
a negro convict, was hang
penitentiary farm today f
a short time ago, of a fel

UNKNOWN
JUMPS TO

Suicide at Colu
nessed by On
Man.

Columbus, Ga., Janua
Late this afternoon a
jumped from the uppe
into the Chattahoochee
of some 40 feet, and it
drowned.
The act was noted by
John F. C. Newsome,
Phenix City, who was c
lumbus to his home, w
footway set apart for p
railroad bridge until th
bridge is completed.
He noticed someone a
the Alabama side alon
of the bridge. They w
about the middle of t
about the time they we
some heard a loud splas
nowhere in sight and th
clusion was that he mu
from the bridge.
Newsom looked into
could see no sign of hi
tell whether he was a
negro.

BERRIEN BAR AT

Association Elects Off
for Coming

Tifton, Ga., January 2.
second annual banquet
County Bar Association
tel Sadie the last night o
The legal fraternity ha
guests representatives of
and some of the county
the banquet a short bu
was held, and the followin
ed for the ensuing year:
President, Judge Henr
secretary, W. D. Buie; c
calendar, H. B. Peeples, J
W. D. Buie. The time fo
nual banquet was fixed for
December 28, 1903, at Tift
Sadie.
Host Myers had prepar
most tempting and palata
the tables were beautifull
decorated. Short impro
from nearly every one pr
enlivened the evening. C
sponded to "The Bar," a
Peeples concluded with "T
who were entertainers at

DEATH OF JOHN J

Prominent Merchant of
Ga., Dies of Pneu

Washington, Ga., January
John J. Toomey, a prosper
and one of the most popul
Washington, died this mor
short illness, due to pne
deceased was 44 years of a
a wife and a large family
dren. The interment will
day morning from the Cath

Working for Stove

Rome, Ga., January
The committee to secure
tion necessary to purchas
the new stove foundry pla
Bowie has been named.
Messrs. J. L. Bass, J.
W. A. Patton. So far
the necessary amount has
The committee will get act
on Monday.
Mr. Bowie will erect a
plant than the one which
It will be made the most
up-to-date plant in the sou

The Young New

We welcome thee, oh, glad
And trust our fate within
Oh, let thy coming to us b
A grateful blessing in our
Where pain and sorrow da
Be thou a soothing friend
And though the dear old yea
May you a greater friend
—Mrs. Alice C. Whitman,
Eagle.

At the End of the

I glance up at the calen
And think of old, dead
Of friendships yet reme
But oft, alas! in tear
I think of unsung sonne
Of dreams—the broken
While glancing at the ca
And gazing in the fire.
—New Orleans Times

Many th
monials have
of Chamberla
of its good w
coughs that h
severe colds t
of threatened
off, and of da
It is a medici

FIRST HANGINGS OF THE NEW YEAR

Murderers Who Came Near Going Out with 1902.

Thomas Dunn, Colored, Killed Peter Jackson, Another Negro with Whom He Had Quarreled Over Small Amount of Money.

St. Louis, January 2.—Thomas Dunn, colored, was hanged today for the murder of Peter Jackson, a negro with whom he had quarreled over $4. The prisoner spent his last hours in prayer and said he was ready to die.

The execution was witnessed by a crowd of nearly four hundred persons, among them being several women and children who had crowded their way into the jail yard.

Convict Hanged for Murder.

Richmond, Va., January 2.—Jack Brown, a negro convict, was hanged at the state penitentiary farm today for the murder, a short time ago, of a fellow-convict.

UNKNOWN MAN JUMPS TO DEATH

Suicide at Columbus Witnessed by Only One Man.

Columbus, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Late this afternoon an unknown man jumped from the upper railroad bridge into the Chattahoochee river, a distance of some 40 feet, and it is presumed was drowned.

The act was noted by but one person, John F. C. Newsome, a carpenter, of Phenix City, who was crossing from Columbus to his home, walking along the footway set apart for passengers on the railroad bridge until the new passenger bridge is completed.

He noticed someone approaching from the Alabama side along the south side of the bridge. They would have met about the middle of the bridge. Just about the time they were to meet Newsome heard a loud splash, the man was nowhere in sight and the inevitable conclusion was that he must have jumped from the bridge.

Newsom looked into the water, but could see no sign of him. He could not tell whether he was a white man or a negro.

BERRIEN BAR AT BANQUET.

Association Elects Officers To Serve for Coming Year.

Tifton, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—The second annual banquet of the Berrien County Bar Association was held at Hotel Sadie the last night of the old year.

The legal fraternity had with them as guests representatives of the county press and some of the county officers. Before the banquet a short business meeting was held, and the following officers elected for the ensuing year:

President, Judge Henry B. Peeples; secretary, W. D. Buie; committee court calendar, H. B. Peeples, J. H. Gary and W. D. Buie. The time for the next annual banquet was fixed for Monday night, December 28, 1903, at Tifton, Ga., Hotel Sadie.

Host Myers had prepared one of his most tempting and palatable feasts, and the tables were beautifully and tastily decorated. Short impromptu speeches from nearly every one present, in turn, enlivened the evening. Colonel Buie responded to "The Bar," and President Peeples concluded with "The Tifton Bar," who were entertainers at the banquet.

DEATH OF JOHN J. TOOMEY.

Prominent Merchant of Washington, Ga., Dies of Pneumonia.

Washington, Ga., January 2.—(Special.) John J. Toomey, a prosperous merchant and one of the most popular citizens of Washington, died this morning, after a short illness, due to pneumonia. The deceased was 44 years of age and leaves a wife and a large family of small children. The interment will occur Saturday morning from the Catholic church.

Working for Stove Plant.

Rome, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—The committee to secure the subscription necessary to purchase the lot for the new stove foundry plant of J. Park Bowie has been named. It consists of Messrs. J. L. Bass, J. A. Glover and W. A. Patton. So far about $800 of the necessary amount has been secured. The committee will get actively to work on Monday.

Mr. Bowie will erect a much larger plant than the one which was burned. It will be made the most modern and up-to-date plant in the south.

The Young New Year.

We welcome thee, oh, glad young prince,
And trust our fate within thy hands;
Oh, let thy coming to us be
A grateful blessing in our lands.
Where pain and sorrow dare to tread,
Be thou a soothing friend to cheer—
And though the dear old year be dead,
May you a greater friend appear.
—Mrs. Alice C. Whitman, in Brooklyn Eagle.

At the End of the Year.

I glance up at the calendar
And think of old, dead years,
Of friendships yet remembered,
But oft, alas! in tears!
I think of unsung sonnets,
Of dreams—the broken lyre!—
While glancing at the calendar
And gazing in the fire.
—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

MAN LOSES LIFE IN GADSDEN FIRE

Early Morning Blaze in Alabama—City's Loss $15,000.

Gadsden, Ala., January 2.—(Special.)—Gadsden was visited this morning by a disastrous fire, which destroyed three large buildings in the center of the business portion of the city. The loss is placed at $15,000, with $11,000 insurance.

Joe A. Wilson, in whose room the fire started, was burned to death. T. B. Gewin, his room mate, was rescued, though he sustained painful burns that may prove serious.

The losses and insurance are as follows:

Cudahy Packing Company, $8,000, covered by insurance. D. C. Turrentine, $3,500, no insurance. Mrs. M. J. Hollingsworth, damage to building, $3,000, covered by insurance.

The fire was discovered shortly after midnight over the Cudahy Packing Company's store. A strong wind was blowing from the east, and the flames soon spread to adjoining buildings.

Anniston was called on for help at one time and a company was being put on a special train, when it was stopped by the news that the Gadsden firemen had gotten the blaze under control.

The fire had made great headway before the firemen began fighting it. Inefficiency is being freely charged and in some quarters it is even charged that the firemen purposely lost time on account of recent trouble with the city council.

A SURE WHOPPER.

The Preacher's Snake Story Is the Biggest of the Year.

Mexican Herald: Dr. Watkins, the veteran missionary, who has just returned from a four months' evangelical trip through the outlying states, tells a strange story of a wonderful snake which he killed in an old, abandoned shaft of a mine down in the state of Guerrero.

"My atention was attracted one day," says Mr. Watkins, "by the horrified cries of an Indian miner who came running toward me, his face ghastly with fright and the perspiration dripping like rain drops from his brow. The man rushed up and cast himself at my feet, where he lay trembling and gasping. As soon as he was able to get his breath he told me that he had been seized by a horrible monster which had suddenly sprung upon him from one of the hidden recesses of the mine, and that he had narrowly escaped being drawn down in its embrace.

"My curiosity was aroused and I proceeded to the mouth of the shaft with the man as soon as I could induce him to return. We looked down, but in the dense obscurity could see nothing. Drawing my revolver I bade the man go down into the shaft a way, assuring him that no harm would befall him, as I would follow close with my cocked revolver ready for use.

"The miner did as I commanded and had gone down for a number of feet when suddenly from the dense blackness I saw a huge and indescribably hideous head with wide open mouth, shoot up. The jaws of the creature were wide open, showing its sharp fanged teeth, its mouth looking large enough easily to take a man down at one gulp.

"The miner screamed with terror and I feared he would lose his hold and fall, but he clung desperately to the ladder while I thrust the barrel of my revolver full into the creature's mouth and fired. With a tremendous hiss it dropped its head and then we saw it was a serpent like unto nothing I had ever heard of before.

"As its struggling body came into my view I fired again, and the snake slipping from the ledge on which it had stretched itself fell with a squashy thud to the bottom of the shaft, where we could hear it thrashing about in struggles which momentarily grew weaker and finally ceased altogether. Then we went below, fastened a rope about the body of the reptile and hoisted it to the surface.

"There was then unfolded before our eyes the most hideous creature man could ever dream of. Its head was like the huge stone head of a frightfully carved Chinese dragon. Its body about the middle was as large as a man's thigh and its length was so great that I dare not say how many feet it measured. I very much regretted being unable to preserve the skin and bring it back for the study of scientists, but I was compelled to leave it behind."

Rich, but Starving.

New York American: Taken unconscious from her squalid, miserable surroundings, suffering from starvation, cold and sickness, Mary Gallagher was discovered by the poormaster at Fort Lee to be the owner of at least $40,000 in cash and real estate. Her case is most remarkable.

Nine years ago Mary Gallagher purchased eight lots from the Irving estate in Fort Lee. There were two shabby, tumbledown houses on the estate and, after an attempt to rent one of these she moved into the more dilapidated of the two and has lived there ever since.

She has occupied one room in the house. There is not a whole pane of glass in the entire building, and she has never had a stove in her room. At times she has kept from freezing by tearing off planks and shingles from the building and burning them in a tin basin.

A week ago she was found unconscious and removed to the Englewood hospital. Neighbors had been giving her food for several weeks and all believed her to be absolutely destitute.

After she had been removed, her room was searched and in a valise were found deeds and bank books showing her to possess real and personal property to the value of $40,000.

Not a Mere Chat.

Secretary Root invited two men who knew much about the Philippines to breakfast with him in the Arlington a day or two ago, so they might have a talk about the archipelago. The secretary was absent-minded when he came down stairs, and he went to the dining room and breakfasted alone. Then he came into the lobby and found his two friends waiting.

"Why, good morning," said the secretary. "Come right along to the office, and we can talk matters over."

The two men thought this meant that the secretary wanted to have a short talk with them before breakfast, and they went along. When they reached the office they sat down and talked until 2 o'clock. Then the secretary thanked them and bade them goodby. Five minutes later two hungry men dashed madly into the nearest restaurant and ordered nearly everything in sight. Next day Secretary Root remembered and spent half the forenoon hunting up his friends and apologizing profusely.

Senator Quay, refreshed splendidly by his holiday rest, will resume the grafting of three more new limbs into the tree of liberty.

The courtsmartial in the Philippines are rather queer commentaries on the humane character of our pacification works in that territory.

MINING COMPANY IN BANKRUPTCY

Receivers Named for Blue Ridge Mining Company.

Action Brought by Mortgagees. Company Owns Property Operated by Hon. Mark A. Cooper Before and During the Civil War.

Cartersville, Ga., January 2.—(Special.) The Blue Ridge Mining Company has gone into a receiver's hands. A. D. Melloy, of New York, and Judge Joel Branham, of Rome, have been appointed receivers and will take charge of the company's affairs at once.

It is understood that the procedure was on the part of mortagees for $300,000. The company owns 17,500 acres of mineral and farming lands known as the Etowah property, being contiguous to the Etowah river, and embracing a fine water power, besides mineral lands on which there are fine deposits of iron and manganese ores, barytes and ochre, and has been worked off and on during recent years.

It was worked extensively under the direction of the late Hon. Mark A. Cooper, who had a rolling mill, furnace, foundry, etc., and made arms for the confederacy during and before the sixties. It is hoped here that affairs will so shape themselves that work on the property will be again resumed soon.

SHORT ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

THE BOARD OF HEALTH MET yesterday afternoon a t5 o'clock in regular session at the city hall. The only matter of importance that was discussed during the meeting was regarding the new stables of the sanitary department. Chief Hope was by resolution instructed to move his stock into the stable at once. The reason for this is that several offers have recently been made for the stable site by the railroads. The board desires to confront council with the fact that it has no place to quarter its stock in the event that a sale is made, thus making the purchase of a new stable site absolutely necessary.

THE COMMITTEE ON STREETS, OF which Councilman S. C. Glass is chairman, met yesterday afternoon at the city hall. The committee had before it the application of Martin Dooly for a bill board around the Norcross corner. After making the application Mr. Dooly erected the bill board. Yesterday the committee acted adversely upon the application, and it will, therefore, be necessary for Mr. Dooly to remove the board, unless he makes a new application to the council of 1903.

DR. J. W. BLOSSER WILL PREACH at the People's Tabernacle, McDaniel and Hightower streets, tomorrow at 11 a. m. Rev. Alonzo Monk, D.D., will preach at 7:15 p. m. There will be a people's meeting at 9:30 a. m., and Sunday school at 3 p. m.

REV. W. H. TILLMAN, ONE OF THE most prominent negro ministers in the south, and for a number of years pastor of the Wheat Street Baptist church, died at his home near Lincoln park at 7:15 last night. Rev. Tillman was a man of integrity, and was respected alike by the white people of Atlanta and the members of his own race. He preached in Atlanta for about twenty years, retiring from the active ministry about five years ago on account of old age.

THE MANY FRIENDS OF MR. AND Mrs. Thomas E. Sweetser, in this city, will regret to learn of the death of Mr. Sweetser, at Wabash, Ind., on January 1. Mr. Sweetser died suddenly. His wife, at the time of his death, was in this city, visiting her brother, Ludo Van Stavoren, at No. 8 Highland avenue. Mr. Sweetser was well known in the southern states. eH has been a commercial traveler for several years, and was a man of much prominence.

A SPECIAL TO THE CONSTITUTION from Augusta says R. L. Foreman, of Atlanta, was complimented by the local agents of the Equitable Life with a delightful dinner party at the Hotel Bon Air last night.

A NEW LAW PARTNERSHIP BEgan business on January 1. It is composed of Walter E. Ormond and W. Reynolds Tichenor and has been named Ormond & Tichenor, with offices at 335 Equitable building. Both the young men are well known in Atlanta and have been separately engaged in the practice of law for some time. They are very popular in Atlanta, have the confidence of the business men of the community and it is probable that their full share of the practice of the city will be done by the firm.

THE POLICE HAVE ASCERTAINED that Mrs. Warren, of No. 23 Mechanic street, is in a destitute condition. She has been ill and is in need of food, fuel and clothing. While an officer was in Mrs. Warren's house yesterday morning he found a woman visitor, one of the residents of a house of questionable character, and she was giving Mrs. Warren what little money she had.

CANNON FORBES, WHO WAS SEriously injured in the trolley car accident last Saturday night, has been taken to his home in College Park. The Grady hospital physicians believed him to be recovering and able to stand the change.

A. J. LANGLEY, THE MAN WHO was pushed off the porch of the Exposition hotel, corner of Decatur and Butler streets, Thursday afternoon, was out yesterday. His skull was not crushed as at first supposed. John Smith and Minnie Jones, who were arrested on suspicion of being implicated in the affair, were turned out yesterday for the want of prosecution.

THE BODY OF JAMES T. PRINCE, the well-known Atlanta insurance man who died recently in Phoenix, Arizona, will be interred in Atlanta. The body is expected to arrive in the city this morning at 11:50 o'clock over the Atlanta and West Point railroad. If it does arrive at that time, the funeral will occur tomorrow afternoon. The definite arrangements, however, have not yet been completed.

L. O. WINGARD, 27 YEARS OF AGE, died yesterday morning at his residence, 103 Kelley street. The deceased had a large number of friends, who sympathize with the bereaved relatives. Funeral services will be conducted at the residence tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. The interment will be in Oakland cemetery.

FUNERAL SERVICES OVER THE body of Joseph H. Smith were conducted yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock at St. Luke's Episcopal church by Bishop Nelson. The interment was in Westview cemetery.

MRS. S. A. EVERETT, 73 YEARS OF age, died Thursday at her home at Blue Ridge, of heart failure. She had been ill about a week. The bereaved relatives have the sympathy of a large number of friends. The body was brought to Atlanta yesterday and taken to the undertaking parlors of W. H. Myers. Funeral services will be conducted there today. The interment will be in Westview cemetery.

MRS. SARAH ELIZABETH BRIGHTwell, widow of Jonathan Brightwell, died suddenly of heart failure yesterday morning at 4 o'clock at her residence, 21 Henry street. The deceased was 62 years of age. She is survived by one child. Funeral services will be conducted tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock at the residence. The interment will be in Westview.

Many thousands of the most flattering testimonials have been received by the manufacturers of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, giving accounts of its good work, of the aggravating and persistent coughs that have yielded to its soothing effect, of severe colds that have been broken up by its use, of threatened attacks of pneumonia it has warded off, and of dangerous cases of croup it has cured. It is a medicine of great worth and merit.

TODAY

24 lb bag La Rosa Flour	54c
Seeded Raisins, pkg	9c
Mother's Oats, pkg	9c
Quaker Oats, pkg	9c
2 cans Tri-Color Soup for	15c
Winner Milk, can	9c

ROGERS'--12 Stores.

TWO DAYS AFTER TOMORROW

TUESDAY, 6th. JANUARY,

IS THE INAUGURATION DATE OF THE

"Chicago and Florida Special"

VIA

Southern Railway

SOLID VESTIBULED TRAIN OF

PULLMAN SLEEPERS,
CLUB CARS,
DINING CARS,
DAY COACHES.

ATLANTA TO ST. AUGUSTINE

WITHOUT CHANGE.

Leaves Atlanta, Daily (Except Monday)	10.45 A. M.
Arrives Macon,	12.55 Noon.
Arrives Jacksonville,	8.05 P. M.
Arrives St. Augustine,	9.15 P. M.

Round Trip Tourist Tickets and further information call at Southern Railway Ticket Office, Corner Kimball House or Union Depot, or address,

J. C. BEAM, Jr.,
Dis't. Pass. Agent. ATLANTA.

NEW ELEPHANT IS MUCH BETTER

Will Probably Make Trip to the Park Next Week.

The elephant is getting well.

Under the care of Dr. C. D. Coker, the veterinary of the Grant Park zoo, and Dr. Dick Fitzgerald, who has been called in consultation upon the case of the pachyderm, she is rapidly improving both in body and mind.

By the middle of next week she will probably be able to make the trip through the streets of the city to her new home in Grant park. As soon as the veterinaries report to Vice President Ormond, of the board of park commissioners, that the elephant is in good condition he will instruct the superintendent to make ready at the park and will make all necessary arrangements for the trip of the beast through the streets.

Ample notice will be given the citizens of Atlanta in order that all who desire, and especially the children, may be on the streets for the purpose of watching the stately tread of the new elephant, and in order that they may see her looks of surprise at the tall buildings and hear her ejaculations of pleasure when she is formally presented to the members of the board of park commissioners.

When the elephant first arrived her condition was very serious. She had repeated convulsions when she was taken from the express car that brought her south, and during the entire morning it was believed that the chances were very much against her recovery. Under the treatment of Drs. Coker and Fitzgerald, however, she began improving and that same afternoon a change for the better was noticed.

The second day she was still better and yesterday she was pronounced to be decidedly convalescent with a strong chance of making the trip to the park during the early part of next week.

Hope.

When all our dreams and aims have come to naught
And dark'ning clouds of fear and doubt assail;
When all in vain some comfort we have sought,
And all our friends and consolations fail;

When sad-eyed, heavy-lidded sorrow waits
Upon our souls, by poignant grief oppressed,
Deeming ourselves accursed of the Fates,
Who grant us neither happiness nor rest,

Thou comest, heaven-sent, with beaming eye,
To raise us from the depths of our despair;
Thou bid'st us lift our glances to the sky,
When dark'ning gloom straightway becometh fair;

The morbid mists which wrapped our souls around
Are quickly by thy influence dispelled;
Anticipated pleasures then abound
And all our fears and doubts are haply quelled;

The low'ring clouds their silver linings show
The weary road that once appeared so long,
Each moment shorter to us seems to grow,
Whilst all our sighs are turned into song.
—Louis Lee Purvis, in New Orleans Times-Democrat.

NEGROES SAIL FOR LIBERIA

Fifty-four Leave Savannah for Monrovia This Morning.

Savannah, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—A delegation of negroes bound for Liberia arrived here today from Ocilla and Alapaha, Ga. There are fifty-four in the party, a number of entire families being included.

It is the purpose of the negroes to sail on the steamship Kansas City for New York tomorrow, whence they will sail for Liverpool and thence to Monrovia.

FRIENDS!

Do you know any one that is paralyzed? If you do, cut this out and send it to them. I have a FOOT-BRACE that is perfection. I can walk like I was not paralyzed. Price, $5.00.

C. L. HOLLEMAN,
Rooms 402-403 Gould Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

BANKRUPT SALE.

Valuable Real Estate. W. W. McAfee.

By virtue of an order of the Hon. P. H. Adams, Referee in Bankruptcy, granted in re W. W. McAfee, bankrupt, the undersigned trustee will receive sealed bids on all or a part of the bankrupt's property situated in the western part of the city of Atlanta, near the plant of the Georgia Electric Light Company, consisting of twenty (20) acres, more or less, known as the "Quarry property," and particularly described in said order, a copy of which is on file in my office, No. 416 Prudential building. Said bids to be filed with the undersigned on or before 12 o'clock noon of Monday, January 12th, 1903, to be submitted to the court, with the right to confirm or reject any and all bids received. Full particulars, description of the property and all information will be furnished on application to the undersigned at the above office.

EDW. M. DURANT,
Trustee W. W. McAfee.
Brown & Randolph, Attorneys.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
SAFE. Original and Only Genuine. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co.

REWARD.

$25 REWARD will be paid for the arrest and detention of Wiley T. Jones, now supposed to be at or near Dallas, Ga. When arrested notify Mrs. C. L. Jones, Tampa, Ga.

GOPHER OIL.

A SPECIFIC for old sores, eczema, tetter, piles etc. 25c and 50c at drug stores or M. F. Game. Bell 'phone 2124

FOR RENT—Stores.

NUMBER ONE corner stand for rent; also bar fixtures; No. 15 Hillett street. Write or apply to J. M. Brown, J. Eli Brewer, Griffin, Ga.

IRON BROKERS.

IRON BROKERS—Dealers in new and second-hand machinery, also iron and metals. R. S. Armstrong & Bro., Atlanta, Ga.

MACHINERY.

B. A. WARLICK & CO., steam, hot water and hot air heating, metal cornices, skylights, ventilators, oil engines and pumps, 79 and 81 Edgewood avenue.

HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED—The people to know that the best place to buy coal is from J. W. Wills & Co. Phones 356.

WE have positions now open for male teachers at salaries from $40 to $90. Elections to occur within the next ten days. Write at once for terms. Interstate Teachers' Bureau, 74 N. Broad st., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Bright, intelligent lad, in accountant's office, with a view of learning the business. State age and salary expected. Address H., care Constitution.

WANTED—Representatives in the south, teachers or professional men preferred. Commission or guaranteed salary paid. Dodd, Mead & Co., 805 Austell bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; steady practice furnished by free work; instructions and lectures by experts; wages and shop experience Saturdays; tools presented; board provided; catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber College, New Orleans, La.

Bookkeeper and stenographers.
Young man well up on lumber as buyer.
Experienced stenographer.
Check clerk for delivery dept.
Cashier about 16.
Installment collector.
The Empire Business Bureau, Grant bldg.

SITUATION WANTED—Male.

WANTED—By a man of exceptional character and ability; energetic and reliable, employment. Address "Determined," care Constitution.

HELP WANTED—Female.

MIDDLE-AGED woman for housework; room on lot; none but steady worker need apply. 186 S. Forsyth st.

FIFTY ladies can get regular work in our sewing room. A comfortable place, good pay and short hours. No. 36 West Alabama street Nunnally Bros.

WANTED—Agents.

AGENTS on salary or commission. The greatest agents' seller ever produced; every user of pen and ink buys it on sight; 200 to 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours. Monroe Mfg. Co., X 46, La Crosse, Wis.

WANTED—First-class canvassing agents. Men or women. 311 Empire bldg.

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

GET our weekly rent bulletin giving descriptions of everything to rent. We move tenants free; see notice. John J. Woodside, Renting Agent, 50 N. Broad.

FOR RENT—Houses, stores, offices and rooms in any part of city; call and we will take you to see anything on our list. M. L. Thrower, renting agent, 39 North Forsyth street.

FOR SALE—Bicycles, Etc.

AUTOMOBILES, bicycles, sundries and repairs. Alexander-Elyea Co., the largest bicycle supply house in the south. 35 N Pryor st

MONEY TO LOAN.

WEYMAN & CONNERS, 825 Equitable building, have money to lend on city property at 5, 6 and 7 per cent. Money on hand for those desiring quick loans.

REAL ESTATE mortgages and notes negotiated on city property. S. B. Turman, 16 S. Broad street.

MONEY furnished salaried people employed by responsible firms; also to ladies on furniture having weekly income. J. H. Kennedy, 724 Empire bldg, 7th floor.

R. C. DeSAUSSURE, room 46 Inman building, real estate loans.

FARM loans negotiated throughout the state. Attorney wanted in every county. J. T. Holleman, 24 So. Broad st.

MONEY advanced responsible salaried people without security or indorsement. Manager, 510 and 511 Lowndes bldg.

SPECIAL home funds to lend; any amount; 5 and 6 per cent. Write or call. S. W. Carson, 6 1-2 South Broad.

MONEY supplied salaried people without security. Largest business 42 principal cities. Tolman, 524 Austell building.

J. T. HOLLEMAN negotiates loans on improved Atlanta real estate at low rates. 24 So. Broad st.

MONEY to lend on real estate, stocks or bonds. Save money by seeing Equitable Loan and Security Company, 319-21 Equitable building, before borrowing.

IF you wish to make a prompt and cheap loan on your real estate, call at 203 Peters building; any amount.

FURNITURE.

THE cheapest place to buy furniture, mattings, rugs on cash or easy payments. J. C. & J. G. Evins 73 Whitehall

SIGN PAINTING.

WELLS SIGN COMPANY,
SIGN PAINTERS;
FROM "THE CHEAPEST THAT'S GOOD" TO THE "BEST THAT'S MADE."
31-2 NORTH BROAD STREET.
BELL 'PHONE 509.

STOVE REPAIRING.

RANGE, furnace repairing and tin work. Bell 'phone 1361. Moore & Bradshaw, 21 S. Forsyth st.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY.

FOR SALE—Three chair barber shop; very fine fixtures; will rent to responsible party; reason for selling, old age. 243 Peters street.

NEWSPAPER and job printing plant in Alabama town of 1,000 population; only paper in town; will sell or lease to responsible party. For price or terms address box 114, Heflin, Ala.

LOST.

LOST—Pearl and emerald wreath brooch. Reward if returned 839 Equitable bldg.

LOST—A watch charm engraved "J. B. C." Finder will please return to J. B. Chamlee at Bank saloon and get reward.

PERSONAL.

DR. EDMONDSON'S Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills, a safe and reliable treatment for painful and suppressed menstruation, irregularities and obstructions. Trial box by mail 50c. Frank Edmondson & Bro., Mfg. Chemists, 14 South Broad st., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

SECOND-HAND woodworking machinery and iron machine tools. Richards Machine Co., 25 Peters St., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—About 20,000 well selected, second-hand bran, corn and oat bags. Atlanta Metal and Bottle Company, Atlanta, Ga.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

16 ACRES with 1,200 feet Southern railway front, running water, just outside city limits, three blocks north of our factory. For sale in quantities to suit, at reasonable prices. Apply to Atlanta Stove Works.

IF YOU desire to sell your real estate send me full particulars. I sell real estate throughout the United States. Charles L. Roller, Real Estate Broker, Warburton building, Yonkers, N. Y.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—All kinds of office furniture; must be good and cheap. J. H. Post, 78 N. Broad. Standard 'phone 1478.

WANTED—Smith Premier or Blick typewriter in good order at a bargain. Apply Iseman & Moore, 17 N. Pryor st., city.

FOR RENT—Rooms.

FOR RENT—Three or four nice rooms in new house; gas, water and bath. 202 Woodward avenue.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COOL WEATHER coming. You will find a splendid assortment of horse blankets at D. Morgan's, 119 Whitehall st.

FOR SALE—The cheapest and best coal in Atlanta by J. W. Wills & Co., Simpson street and Southern railway.

SOUTHERN Engraving Co., Atlanta, conduct the best equipped engraving plant in the south.

CASH PAID for second-hand furniture, carpets, stoves and gas ranges. Robson, 15 E. Hunter. Bell 'phone 1368.

IT is near stock taking time, all harness, saddles, whips, etc., will be turned loose at close cut. Come and see for yourself. D. Morgan, 119 Whitehall

FOR cold weather you need the genuine Jellico coal. Sold by the Proctor Coal Company, 359 Decatur st. 'Phones 1672.

I HEREBY apply to next meeting of city council for transfer of retail liquor license at No. 120 Decatur street from Alex Carroll to J. I. Smith.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

HANDSOME half-tones made on short notice by the Southern Engraving Co., Atlanta.

PRESS clippings. Harrison's Southern Press Clipping Bureau, established in 1895, is the only press clipping bureau in the United States making a specialty of reading southern weeklies and small dailies. Our daily construction bulletins give all building and financial information in advance of all other sources. We furnish information and press clippings on every conceivable subject. Send for samples. Southern Press Clipping Bureau, Austell Building, Atlanta, Ga.

MAKE money by saving it! Buy your winter's supply of coal and wood from J. W. Wills & Co., 'phones 356

PALMISTRY.

WORLD FAMED and Scientific Palmist. Mystified are they who call on this gifted woman, Swanhill. No matter what troubles you have, come; she will guide you. Everything private and confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 10 p. m. Charges reasonable. 59 Garnett, near Whitehall.

LOST.

DIAMOND and pearl brooch, either Forrest ave. or Whitehall st. cars, Silverman's corner or Peeples st.; Finder will receive reward by returning to H. H. C., 602 Equitable bldg.

OFFICE SUPPLIES.

OFFICE STATIONERY of all kinds. Printing that pleases. Bennett's.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS

are now in order. Better come in soon and select that return present. We've gotten in some new stock and will be glad to offer suggestions.

Julius R. Watts & Co.
Jewelers,
28 WHITEHALL STREET.

Dropsy Cured in 30 to 60 days. 10 days' treatment free.
G. E. COLLUM DROPSY MEDICINE CO.
312-313 Lowndes Building, Atlanta, Ga.

SCHEDULES.

Showing the Arrival and Departure of Passenger Trains of the Following Roads, Union Depot, Atlanta, Ga.

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
Jonesboro.. ..	6 15 am	*Jonesboro ..	6 25 am
Savannah ...	7 25 am	*Savannah ..	7 50 am
*Jonesboro ..	8 15 am	*Macon..	1:40 am
*Macon.. ..	11 20 am	Jonesboro ..	12 20 pm
Jonesboro. ..	2 15 pm	*Macon.. ...	4 05 pm
Jonesboro.. ..	5 40 pm	Jonesboro ..	3 45 pm
Savannah.. ..	4 15 pm	Jonesboro ..	6 10 pm
Macon.. ..	8 00 pm	*Savannah ..	9 00 pm
Following Trains Sunday Only:		Following Trains Sunday Only:	
Jonesboro.. ..	8 55 am	Hapeville ..	9 00 am
Hapeville.. ..	10 45 am	Jonesboro ..	12 50 pm

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
Nashville.. ..	7 30 am	Nashville. ..	8 22 am
Marietta.. ..	8 32 am	Marietta. ..	12 10 pm
Memphis.. ..	11 45 am	Memphis. ..	4 30 pm
Marietta.. ..	2 40 pm	Marietta. ..	5 30 pm
Nashville.. ..	7 30 pm	Nashville. ..	8 30 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
Selma..	11 40 am	Montgomery	5 30 am
Selma..	7 55 pm	Montgomery	1 05 pm
Selma..	11 40 pm	Selma..	4 20 pm
LaGrange.. ..	8 20 am	LaGrange..	5 30 pm
Selma..	12 50 pm	Selma..	11 20 pm

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
*Norfolk.. ..	7 35 am	*Clinton.. ..	7 40 am
*Washington	4 00 pm	*Washington	12 00 m
*Clinton	7 50 pm	*Norfolk.. ..	8 00 pm

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
*Augusta.. ..	5 00 am	*Augusta. ..	7
Conyers.. ..	6 45 am	Lithonia.	
Covington.. ..	7 45 am	*Augusta.	
*Augusta.. ..	1 00 pm	Conyers.. ..	5
Lithonia.. ..	3 25 pm	Covington ..	6 10
*Augusta.. ..	8 00 pm	*Augusta. ..	11 45

ATLANTA, KNOXVILLE AND NORTHERN.
(Via W. and A. R. R. to Marietta.)

Leave Atlanta for Knoxville..........8 15 am.
Arrive Atlanta from Knoxville.........7 30 am

*Daily. All other trains daily, except Sunday.

Southern Railway.

TRAINS LEAVE ATLANTA.

5:30 A. M.—NO. 13, DAILY. Solid vestibule train. Through Pullman sleeping cars for Cincinnati.

5:30 A. M.—NO. 16, DAILY. Local to Brunswick. Makes all stops.

5:30 A. M.—NO. 28, DAILY to Columbus.

6:10 A. M.—NO. 35, DAILY. Through sleeping cars to Birmingham and Kansas City; arrive Carrollton 8:35 a. m., Birmingham 11 45 a. m., Memphis 8:05 p. m., Kansas City 9:45 a. m.

7:50 A. M.—NO. 12, DAILY. Local to Charlotte, Danville and Richmond.

7:55 A. M.—NO. 7, DAILY. Local to Chattanooga. Arrive Chattanooga 1 p. m.

12:00 Noon.—NO. 38, DAILY, Washington and Southwestern Limited. Drawing room, sleeping, library, observation cars and club cars through without change. Dining cars serve all meals en route. Arrive Washington 6:42 a. m.; New York 12:43 p. m.

12:05 Noon.—NO. 8, DAILY. Arrive Macon 2 25 p. m.

1:00 P. M.—NO. 40, DAILY. Atlanta and New York Express. Day coaches, sleeper between Atlanta and Washington and Charlotte to Richmond and Norfolk. Arrive Richmond 7 a. m., Norfolk 8:30 a. m., Washington 9:45 a. m.

4:10 P. M.—NO. 30, DAILY. Local to Fort Valley. Makes all stops.

4:10 P. M.—NO. 10, DAILY. Local to Macon. Pullman observation chair cars.

4:15 P. M.—NO. 37, DAILY. Pullman sleeping car and day coaches to Memphis. Arrive Carrollton 6:30 p. m., Birmingham 9:50 p. m., Memphis 7:15 a. m.

4:40 P. M.—NO. 22, DAILY. Local to Columbus. Arrive Columbus 8:40 p. m.

4:30 P. M.—NO. 18, DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY. "Air Line Belle." Makes all stops. Arrives Toccoa 9 p. m.

5:00 P. M.—NO. 15, DAILY. Through sleeping car to Cincinnati. Sleeper Chattanooga to Louisville. Arrive Chattanooga 9:50 p. m., Cincinnati 8:10 a. m., Louisville 10:35 a. m.

5:15 P. M.—NO. 25, DAILY. Makes all stops. Arrives Anniston 9:15 p. m.

10:45 P. M.—NO. 14, DAILY. The Florida Limited. Solid vestibuled train through to Jacksonville. Local sleeping car to Brunswick. Arrives Jacksonville 8:30 a. m.

11:35 P. M.—NO. 97, NIGHT TRAIN TO BIRMINGHAM. Pullman sleeper and day coaches. Sleeper open to receive passengers 10:00 p. m. Arrives Tallapoosa 1:50 a. m., Anniston 3:25 a. m., Birmingham 5:35 a. m. Passengers can remain in sleeper until 7 a. m.

12:00 Night.—NO. 36, DAILY, U. S. Fast Mail. Solid vestibuled train. Sleeping car through to New York and Richmond. Through coaches to Washington. Dining cars serve all meals en route. Arrives Washington 9 p. m. New York 6:23 a. m., Boston 3 p. m.

Ticket Office: Kimball House and Union Depot. 'Phones: City Office, 142 Main; Depot, 178 Main.

IVERPOOL LEADER IN SHARP ADVANCE

hat Market Was Strong on the Light Movement

ND ACTIVE CHINA DEMAND

uthern Spot Cotton Markets 1 1-16 to 3-16c Higher—New York Active, Strong and Higher. High Rate Call Money Depressed Stocks.

New York, January 2.—The cotton market opened strong at an advance of 3 to 14 points, ruled very active, with prices steadily working upward until a net rise of 11 to 31 points was apparent, and on this basis the market closed firm. The advance was started by a strong attitude shown at Liverpool during the holiday here. Today's cables showed a net rise of 8 points on spot cotton and 8 1-2 to 9 on futures. According to private cables the English advance originated in the appearance of an active demand from China and better Manchester conditions, together with the disappointing movement of cotton in this country, notwithstanding the favorable weather prevailing in most parts of the cotton belt for the transportation of supplies from the interior. Superintendent King makes the port receipts for the week 254,148, against 301,951 last year, and the amount brought into sight for the week 338,697, against 381,227 last year, which brings the amount brought into sight, according to the New York cotton exchange figures, 6,837,581 bales, against 6,825,738 bales last year, when the crop, according to The Chronicle, was 10,701,000 bales. The current demand for cotton at this point has been based largely on the disappointing movement in connection with the record consumption as indicated by the absorption of cotton this season. Shorts who have been depending upon a larger volume of receipts have been actively buying to cover, while the public demand has been further stimulated by strong spot cotton markets throughout the cotton belt, these generally showing an advance of 1-16 to 3-16. Large exports also were a factor in today's rise with Wall street interests leading the demand throughout the session. Total sales 450,000 bales.

Following is the range of cotton futures in New York yesterday:

MONTHS	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.	Closing bid and asked.
January	8 70	8 82	8 68	8 79	8 78-79
February	8 65	8 73	8 65	8 73	8 75-76
March	8 66	8 79	8 66	8 79	8 78-79
April	8 74	8 74	8 74	8 74	8 78-79
May	8 70	8 80	8 69	8 80	8 79 80
June	8 73	8 80	8 69	8 80	8 80 81
July	8 70	8 80	8 68	8 80	8 80-81
August	8 52	8 67	8 50	8 67	8 64 66
September	......	......	......	......	8 39-41
October	......	......	......	......	......
November	......	......	......	......	......
December	......	......	......	......	......

Futures closed firm.

Following table shows receipts, exports and stock at all ports yesterday:

	RECEIPTS		EXPORTS		STOCKS	
	1902	1901	1902	1901	1902	1901
Saturday	50954	59123	19063	71664	1110832	968800
Monday	40932	58880	49174	16392	1101266	1003769
Tuesday	55578	68192	31429	49171	1104359	1012644
Wednesd'y	55191	36801	45161	35727	1101329	1007773
Thursday	30221	17246	45401	19026	1070149	995940
Friday	18362	54776	38951	9269	1039437	1030188
Total	251238	295018	229179	201249	......	......

The following were the closing bids for cotton futures in New Orleans:

January	8 63	July	8 96
February	8 70	August	8 70
March	8 76	September	....
April	8 81	October	....
May	8 87	November	....
June	8 93	December	....

Futures closed firm.

The Liverpool Market.

Liverpool, January 2—12:15 p m—Cotton, spot demand moderate with prices hardening; middling uplands 4.72; sales 8,000 bales; American 7,200; speculation and export 500; receipts 66,000; American 65,800.

Futures opened firm.

	Open'g.	Closing.
January	4 68	4 69-70
January-February	4 69	4 69
February-March	4 67	4 69
March-April	4 67	4 69
April-May	4 68	4 70
May-June	4 69	4 69-70
June-July	4 69	4 70
July-August	4 69	4 70
August-September	.....	4 63-6

Futures closed strong.

Comparative Cotton Statement.

New York, January 2.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending today:

Net receipts for the week	251,238
Same time last year	295,018
Decrease	43,780
Total receipts since September 1	4,949,711
Same time last year	4,862,551
Increase	47,160
Exports for the week	229,179
Same time last year	201,249
Increase	27,930
Total exports since September 1	3,476,189
Same time last year	3,575,520
Decrease	99,331
Stock at United States ports	1,039,437
Same time last year	1,030,188
Increase	9,249
Stock at interior towns	542,156
Same time last year	671,650
Decrease	129,494
Stock at Liverpool	605,000
[illegible]me last year	828,000
[illegible]	223,000
[illegible] for Great Britain	240,000
[illegible]me last year	281,000
[illegible]crease	41,000

Total Receipts at U. S. Ports.

New York, January 2.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all parts since September 1:

Galveston	1,402,146
New Orleans	1,387,031
Mobile	143,423
Savannah	895,364
Charleston	175,238
Wilmington	271,544
Norfolk	318,900
Baltimore	13,587
New York	29,961
Boston	27,707
Newport News	11,351
Philadelphia	12,934
Brunswick	72,472
Fernandina	450
Pensacola	74,639
Port Arthur	31,661
Port Townsend	57,061
San Francisco	19,701
Portland, Oreg.	1,541
Total	4,949,711

Secretary Hester's Cotton Statement.

New Orleans, January 2.—Secretary Hester's New Orleans cotton exchange statement, issued today, covers the monthly movement to the close of December.

Compared with last year it shows a decrease for the month in round figures of [illegible]9,000 bales, compared with year before last a decrease of 83,000, and with 1899 an increase of 279,000.

The total for December was 1,677,032, against 1,846,302 last year, 1,760,281 year before last and 1,397,778 same time in 1899.

The amount of the crop brought into sight for the four months from September to December inclusive is 84,000 over last year, 198,000 over year before last and 56,000 over 1899.

The movement from the first of September to the close of December inclusive shows receipts at all United States delivery ports of 4,934,177, against 4,822,248 last year, 4,554,693 year before last, and 3,980,514 same time in 1899; overland across the Mississippi, Ohio and Potomac rivers to northern mills and Canada 549,040, against 597,930 last year, 704,464 year before last and 81[illegible],997 same time in 1899; southern mill takings, exclusive of quantity consumed at southern outports, 820,500, against [illegible]6,282 last year, 586,388 year before last, and 598,287 same time in 1899; interior stocks in excess of those held at the commencement of the season 469,881, against 532,855 last year, 729,798 year before last, and 525,640 same time in 1899.

These make the total amount of the cotton crop brought into sight during the four months ending with the close of December 6,77[illegible]98, against 6,689,315 last year, 6,5[illegible]343 year before last and 5,917,438 same time in 1899.

Northern spinners took during December 329,20[illegible] bales, against 313,020 last year and 388,59[illegible] year before last, increasing their total for the four months to 1,029,140, against 1,023,807 last year, and 1,102,956 year before last.

This makes their average weekly takings for the season 59,048, against 58,743 last year, and 63,284 the year before.

Foreign exports for the four months of the season have been 3,465,379 bales, showing a decrease under last season of 111,346 and an increase over the same period year before last of 283,442. The gain in foreign exports during December compared with December last year has been 950, and compared with the same period year before last 234,364.

Stocks at the seaboard and the 29 leading southern interior markets at the close of December were 1,659,738, against 1,696,652 the same date last year, and 1,812,824 the year before.

Including port and interior town stocks left over from the previous season, and the number of bales of the current crop brought into sight during the four months, the supply has been 6,988,672, against 7,049,002 last year and 6,697,877 the year before.

Up to the close of December last year 62 63-100 per cent of the cotton crop had been marketed, and for the same four months in 1900 the percentage of the crop brought into sight was 63 33-100 and for the same time in 1899 the percentage marketed was 62 71-100.

In addition to the monthly figures Secretary Hester issued today a statement of the weekly movement for the seven days ending January 2 inclusive showing total brought into sight this year, 327,213, against 371,358 for the seven days ending January 2 last year, 255,019 year before last, and 241,220 same time in 1900.

Superintendent King's Cotton Statement.

New York, January 2.—The following statistics on the movement of cotton for the week ending January 2, 1903, were compiled by the New York cotton exchange:

	This Year.	Last Year.
Port receipts	254,148	301,951
Overland to mills and Canada	34,473	46,785
Southern mill takings (estimated)	60,000	51,245
Loss stock at interior towns	9,924	18,754
Brought into sight for the week	338,697	381,227
TOTAL CROP MOVEMENT.		
Port receipts	4,968,716	4,928,157
Overland to mills and Canada	560,721	575,710
Southern mill takings (estimated)	861,000	798,410
Stock at interior towns in excess of Sept. 1	447,144	523,461
Brought into sight thus far for season	6,837,581	6,825,738

Total movement is for 124 days this year against 125 days last year.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, January 2.—The market opened the new year quietly, so far as the home trade is concerned. The general demand has been limited for both staples and fancy lines. Print cloths are very firm, with reluctant sellers. Linens are firm, with somewhat more business doing. Burlaps quiet but firm.

The World's Visible Supply of Cotton

New Orleans, January 2.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton, made up from special cable and telegraphic advices, compares the figures of this week with last week, last year and the year before.

It shows an increase for the week just closed of 97,633, against an increase of 214,743 last year and a decrease of 1,316 the year before.

The total visible is 3,926,428, against 3,828,795 last week, 4,362,723 last year and 4,072,077 year before last.

Of this the total of American cotton is 3,251,428, against 3,171,795 last week, 3,688,723 last year and 3,356,077 year before last, and of all other kinds, including Egypt, Brazil, India, etc., 675,000, against 657,000 last week, 674,000 last year and 716,000 year before last.

The world's total visible supply of cotton, as above, shows an increase compared with last week of 97,633 bales, a decrease compared with last year of 436,295 and a decrease compared with year before last of 145,649.

Of the world's visible supply of cotton, as above, there is now afloat and held in Great Britain and continental Europe 1,899,000, against 2,174,000 last year and 1,791,000 year before last; in Egypt 189,000, against 227,000 last year and 180,000 year before last; in India 225,000, against 221,000 last year and 310,000 year before last, and in the United States 1,613,000, against 1,741,000 last year and 1,791,000 year before last.

Review of New Orleans Market.

New Orleans, January 2.—There was a decided improvement in the sentiment prevailing in the market for spot cotton. Liverpool's sharp bulge of 8 points on spots and 8 to 10 points on contracts operated as a stimulant to the trade and buying orders, both from mills and exporters, showed a marked increase in number and volume. Prices naturally were moved sharply to a higher level. Factors as a rule asked an advance of 3-16 over Wednesday's closing level. Sales 10,150 bales, including 2,750 to arrive and 500 f. o. b. terms. Quotations 3-16c higher.

The market for cotton contracts opened today with a whirl, and during the morning hours business was carried on upon a heavy scale, the March position receiving the greater share of attention from operators. Liverpool set the trade by the ears by coming in at a big advance over Wednesday's figures, and the long element on this side took full advantage of the opportunity to boost values. On the first call prices were up 12 to 15 points and at that level trading was very heavy, much of it in the nature of buying to stop losses by the weaker element among the bears. After the early advance the market was held down for a time by realizing sales. An upward movement followed, and after slight fluctuations the board at the close showed net gains of 22 to 25 points compared with Wednesday's closing prices.

H. & B. Beer's Cotton Letter.

New Orleans, January 2.—Liverpool advanced sharply owing to heavy American buying, and our market responded by opening 12 to 14 points higher, subsequently declining 3 to 4 points on realizing. Later the bullish weekly statistics and firmness of spots caused an advance of 12 to 13 points from the bottom, making the net gain 22 to 24 points on the day. The amount brought into sight during the week was 327,000, against 371,000 last year, and the aggregate marketed from September 1 to date is 6,824,000, against 6,753,000 last year. The visible supply of American during the week increased 80,000, against 133,000 last year, and the total to date is 3,251,000, against 3,689,000 last year. The statistical position is strong, and as the amount brought into sight next week last year was 368,000, and the indications point to another loss of 50,000 or more this year during the same time, which also means a probable corresponding loss in the visible supply, it is only natural that sentiment is extremely optimistic, especially as every bullish estimate is anticipated from the census bureau on January 5. While the advance has been very rapid, it is contended that the situation warrants present values. Estimates are being reduced daily in consequence of the lightness of the movement, and 10,250,000 to 10,500,000 seems now to be the popular opinion of the final outturn of the present crop. It is also believed that the census estimate will be around 10,000,000 bales, corroborating the figures issued by this department on the returns made up to October 18. It strikes us that traders are going from one extreme to another, and we think, after such a sharp improvement, it is best to be conservative. However, with the existing favorable feeling values may enhance further unless receipts increase considerably.

Southern Exchange Cotton Letter.

New York, January 2.—Liverpool was a surprise to the trade today. Oeping 6 to 8 points above yesterday, it assumed a stubborn positon toward higher prices. The close there was 8 to 9 points above Wednesday's closing. Spots 4.72d; sales 8,000. The local market opened nervous. At first there was a disposition shown to discredit the early advices from abroad, but later it was evident that the advance there was not unwarranted and prices here opened higher and gained 6 to 7 points further about noon. There was some liquidation shortly after noon and prices fell a few points. This, however, was gained toward the close and a much stronger tone was prominent during the last few minutes trading. Estimated ports today 15,000, against 57,378 last year. Estimated tomorrow: Houston 6,100 to 6,200, against 8,737 last year; Galveston 15,000 to 17,000, against 12,564 last year; New Orleans 10,000 to 11,000, against 19,076 last year.

Atlanta Brokerage Co.'s Cotton Letter

New York, January 2.—The cotton market opened strong. First prices were up 3 to 4 points. Throughout the day sentiment continued favorable and values were quite well sustained, though there was more or less profit taking from time to time. Longs were confident for the most part, though they worked on the theory that "cinching" a profit is good policy. There was a good demand for cotton from all sources. The outside element bought March, May and July. The private advices from abroad were quite satisfactory. Weather was against the movement, the country roads being in very poor condition. At the close the feeling was one of strength. The close observers are disposed to look forward to a material broadening in the general market from this time forward.

Baxter & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, January 2.—The cotton market advanced today on unexpectedly good cables. Americans were eager buyers in Liverpool, where offerings of futures were scarce and shorts were nervous. This gave further impetus to the local higher tendency. It is evident that cotton is moving at such a slow rate that very moderate estimates must soon be modified unless the cotton shows up in greater volume than now appears likely. The bull element will have in their favor during the month of January a comparison with an unusually heavy movement last year and the question is, can the figures be reached? Best informed people believe not, especially as last year January figures were only a shade under 1,400,000 bales, or an average of 360,000 bales each week, and there is nothing to show, even with the bad weather, that any such movement may be expected this January. Europe is recognizing this fact, and already there are signs of an early demand in the mill section, for many months dormant. The weekly Liverpool report indicated 260,000 less supply than last year. Cables closed strong at 9 points net advance. Port receipts 55,000, against 57,000 last year.

Sea Island Cotton.

Savannah, January 2.—Sea island cotton: Weekly receipts 3,172; sales 2,045; exports 7,199; stock 15,308.

Charleston, January 2.—Sea island cotton: Weekly receipts 319; sales 469; exports 502; stock 491.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, January 2.—Our market opened with sales of January at 8.68, 8.69, 8.70, and after selling at 8.75, ruled at 8.71 at 1 o'clock. European advices were even better than expected, but from the opening a stream of realizing orders came from those who bought at lower prices, which supplied the demand. If anything the bullish temper has increased over the holidays, and no one is looking for any decline. A reaction after this sharp advance is in order at any time, as everyone is long. Receipts are very light and rainy weather during the past two weeks is not in favor of any quick increase in the volume. A sharp demand is expected in Europe on these light receipts. In fact, the sentiment is unversally bullish, and while January is offered for sale, the entire trade expect higher prices. The market closed firm with all looking for higher prices on the statistical position. There are no sellers excepting the longs. Liverpool is expected to be 5 points up tomorrow. The spot market was quiet and steady at 10 points advance.

THE SPOT COTTON MARKETS IN DETAIL

MARKET.	Tone.	Middling.	Net Receipts.	Gross Receipts.	Sales.	Stock.	EXPORTS TO— Gt. B't'n.	Coastwise.	Continent.	France.
Atlanta	Steady	8 11-16	932	....	....	15,556	....	....	....	....
Galveston	Firm	8 11-16	1,866	1,866	906	182,063	....	....	13,582	10,988
Norfolk	Firm	8 5-8	296	2[illegible]	183	43,255	....	3,083	....	....
Baltimore	Nominal	8 3-4	1,227	1,227	....	14,106	....	....	....	....
Boston	Steady	9.00	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Wilmington	Firm	8 1-4	567	567	82	13,269	....	114	....	....
Philadelphia	Firm	9.25	174	174	....	2,599	....	....	....	....
Savannah	Steady	8 3-8	....	....	40	144,592	....	3,865	....	....
New Orleans	Firm	8 9-16	4,271	4,271	10,150	411,046	....	2,100	....	....
Mobile	Firm	8 1-2	1,034	1,034	150	34,692	....	....	....	....
Memphis	Firm	8 1-2	1,836	1,836	4,000	91,401	....	....	....	....
Augusta	Firm	8 3-4	236	236	327	63,569	....	....	....	....
Charleston	Firm	8 1-4	1,116	1,116	....	24,680	....	6,299	....	....
Cincinnati	Firm	8 1-2	1,803	1,803	....	8,551	....	....	....	....
Louisville	Firm	8 5-8	427	427	311	221	....	....	....	....
St. Louis	Firm	8 1-2	....	....	230	27,891	....	....	....	....
Houston	Steady	8 11-16	7,775	7,775	1,421	57,695	....	....	....	....
New York	Steady	9.00	191	221	71,300	159,061	1,131	....	550	....
Newport News			433	433	....	503	....	307	....	....
Port Townsend			7,450	7,450	....	....	....	....	7,450	....

Total receipts today, 18,362. Exports to Great Britain today, 1,131; to France, 10,988; to continent, 21,832. Stock, 1,039,437.
Consolidated receipts for week, 251,238. Exports to Great Britain for week, 72,806; to France, 17,676; to continent, 138,697.
Total receipts since Sept. 1, 4,949,711. Exports to Great Britain since Sept. 1, 1,525,016; to France, 420,823; to continent, 1,530,350.

OFFICIAL RANGE AND SALES OF STOCKS

Railway Stocks.	Sales.	High.	Low.	—Cls. Bids.— Today.	Wedn'sday.
Atchison	25,900	85⅛	84¼	84¼	84⅞
do. preferred	3,300	101	100⅛	100½	100⅝
Baltimore and Ohio	27,000	101⅜	100⅛	100⅞	100
do. preferred	......	......	......	93½	93½
Canadian Pacific	6,000	133¼	132½	132½	132½
Canada Southern	......	......	......	77	77
Chesapeake and Ohio	4,400	49¼	48¾	48⅝	48⅝
Chicago and Alton	2,600	36⅝	34½	34⅝	34⅛
do. preferred	100	71⅝	71⅝	71	71½
Chicago, Ind. and Louis	......	......	......	75	75
do. preferred	......	......	......	91	90
Chicago and East. Illinois	......	......	......	195	195
Chicago and Great Western	37,900	29¼	28½	28½	27⅞
do. A preferred	......	......	......	80	80
do. B preferred	800	42	41⅜	41	40⅞
Chicago and Northwestern	300	220	219½	219½	219¼
Chicago Term. and Trans.	1,200	18⅞	18¼	18¼	18¼
do. preferred	2,200	33⅞	33	33⅝	33¼
C., C., C. and St. Louis	200	96⅛	95⅝	95½	95⅜
Colorado Southern	3,200	29⅝	28½	29¼	28
do. 1st preferred	300	70⅝	69⅞	69⅝	69½
do. 2d preferred	800	45½	44⅞	45	44¼
Delaware and Hudson	1,600	174	173	173	172
Delaware, Lack. and West.	......	......	......	261	260
Denver and Rio Grande	1,700	41¼	40⅞	41	40¼
do. preferred	1,300	89⅞	89½	89	88⅝
Erie	50,400	39⅜	38⅞	39¼	38⅝
do. 1st preferred	5,600	69	68⅞	68½	68⅝
do. 2d preferred	3,800	52	51⅞	51⅝	51⅝
Great Northern preferred	......	......	......	201½	202½
Hocking Valley	600	96¾	96⅜	96	96
do. preferred	100	96	96	96	95½
Illinois Central	6,200	147⅞	146⅝	146¾	146⅝
Iowa Central	900	41½	40⅜	40½	40¼
do. preferred	200	72	71½	71	72¼
Lake Erie and Western	......	......	......	51	50
do. preferred	......	......	......	115	115
Louisville and Nashville	4,200	128¾	127¼	127½	127¾
Manhattan L.	28,700	150⅝	148½	149⅜	148⅝
Metropolitan St. Ry.	3,100	142	140½	140½	140⅝
Mexican Central	2,200	25¼	24⅞	25	25
National Ry. of Mexico	1,600	18	17½	17⅝	17¼
Minneapolis and St. Louis	......	......	......	107	108
Missouri Pacific	47,500	109⅝	108¼	108¼	110¼
Missouri, Kansas and Tex.	10,500	28⅜	27½	28¼	26⅝
do. preferred	7,000	61	58½	59⅜	57¾
New Jersey Central	300	180	180	178	175
New York Central	3,100	151⅞	151¼	151⅝	151
Norfolk and Western	9,100	74	73⅛	73¼	73⅝
do. preferred	......	......	......	90	92
Ontario and Western	10,600	32⅞	32	32⅝	32
Pennsylvania	15,600	156½	155⅝	155⅞	155¾
Reading	83,500	69¼	67⅛	68⅞	67⅜
do. 1st preferred	1,500	86	88	88	87
do. 2d preferred	5,100	80	78½	79⅞	78
St. L. and San Francisco	400	74⅜	74⅛	74	75
do. 1st preferred	100	81	81	79	78
do. 2d preferred	500	72	71¼	71	71¼
St. Louis Southwestern	1,900	28½	28	27¾	27¼
do. preferred	2,000	63¾	63	62½	62⅝
St. Paul	27,600	179⅜	178	178⅝	178½
do. preferred	100	193	193	192	193½
Southern Pacific	28,900	66⅛	65¼	65¼	65
Southern Railway	12,800	34⅞	34¼	34¼	34¼
do. preferred	2,600	93	92⅝	92⅝	92½
Texas and Pacific	16,100	41⅛	40⅝	40⅞	40¼
Toledo, St. Louis and West.	900	28¾	28	27⅞	28
do. preferred	2,000	46¾	46¼	46¼	46¼

Railway Stocks.	Sales.	High.	Low.	—Cls. Bid.— Today.	Wedn'sday.
Union Pacific	45,500	102	100⅞	100⅞	100½
do. preferred	2,600	94	93¼	93⅛	92
Wabash	3,500	30⅜	30	30¼	30¼
do. preferred	5,200	45⅝	44⅜	44⅝	44½
Wheeling and Lake Erie	1,900	26⅝	25½	25½	25⅝
do. 2d preferred	100	36	36	35⅝	35
Wisconsin Central	1,900	27½	27	27⅛	26¾
do. preferred	1,000	53⅝	53¼	53¼	53¾
Express Companies.					
Adams	......	......	......	200	200
American	......	......	......	230	230
United States	700	148	143	148	137
Wells Fargo	......	......	......	225	225
Miscellaneous.					
Amalgamated Copper	54,000	66	64¼	64½	63¾
Amer. Car and Foundry	1,700	36¾	36¼	36¼	35⅛
do. preferred	400	92	91⅛	92	91½
American Linseed Oil	2,000	16½	16	16	15
do. preferred	......	......	......	40	40
Amer. Smelting and Refng.	......	......	......	42⅞	43
do. preferred	100	93⅞	93⅞	93½	93½
Anaconda Mining Co.	2,800	100	98½	99	94
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	9,900	68½	66⅝	66⅞	67½
Colorado Fuel and Iron	900	82	81½	81½	80⅝
Consolidated Gas	2,900	218¼	217	217½	215⅝
Continental Tobacco pfd.	1,400	119	118½	118	117
General Electric	700	185	183	182½	184
Hocking Coal	400	20	20	20⅛	19⅝
International Paper	4,000	19½	17⅞	18¼	17⅞
do. preferred	......	......	......	71	71½
International Power	......	......	......	63¼	63¼
Laclede Gas	......	......	......	81	85
National Biscuit	100	45⅞	45⅞	45¾	45⅝
National Lead	1,700	29	28⅝	28½	27⅞
North American	400	119⅜	119	118	119
Pacific Coast	......	......	......	68	68
Pacific Mail	400	40¼	39½	39½	39⅞
People's Gas	1,930	104	103½	103½	103⅜
Pressed Steel Car	3,100	62⅞	62¼	62½	62
do. preferred	100	93	93	92½	92¼
Pullman Palace Car	200	230	230	228	228
Republic Steel	3,700	21¼	20¼	20⅜	20⅝
do. preferred	1,000	78	77¼	77¼	77⅜
Sugar	20,000	129¼	128⅛	127⅝	128½
Tennessee Coal and Iron	5,400	62	59⅜	60⅝	59⅝
Union Bag and Paper Co.	......	......	......	13	13
do. preferred	100	77	77	77	77
United States Leather	17,800	13⅜	12¾	12⅞	12½
do. preferred	1,400	89⅞	89	89¼	88⅞
United States Rubber	200	17½	17¼	17⅛	17¼
do. preferred	......	......	......	57	56¼
United States Steel	33,200	37¼	36⅝	36⅝	36¼
do. preferred	21,900	87¼	86¼	86⅞	85⅞
Western Union	400	88⅞	88⅜	88½	88½
American Locomotive	2,600	29⅜	29	29	29¼
do. preferred	......	......	......	94	95½
Kansas City Southern	1,800	35	34	34⅝	34⅜
do. preferred	1,400	57⅝	57½	57¼	57¼
Rock Island	29,100	50	49	49⅛	49⅛
do. preferred	2,000	84	83½	83½	84
Va.-Car. Chem. Co.	......	......	......	63⅜	62⅝
do. preferred	......	......	......	121	122
Seaboard Air Line common.	......	......	......	27⅜	28¼
do. preferred	......	......	......	44¼	48¼
do. bonds fours	......	......	......	83⅛	83½

Total sales for the day, 997,900

CLOSING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

U. S. refunding 2s, registered	108¼
do. coupon	108¼
U. S. 3s, registered	106¾
do. coupon	108
U. S new 4s, registered	135½
do. coupon	135¾
U. S. old 4s, registered	109¼
do. coupon	109¼
U. S. 5s, registered	103¾
do. coupon	103¾
Atchison, general 4s	102
do. adjustment 4s	91¾
Baltimore and Ohio 4s	101
do. 3½s	93¼
do convertible 4s	104¾
Canada Southern 2ds	108
Central of Georgia 5s	106⅓
do. 1st income	75
do 2d income	39
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s	103⅜

Chicago, B. and Quincy new 4s	94¼
Chicago, M. and St. Paul general 4s	110½
Chicago and Northwestern consol 7s	135
Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific 4s	106½
C., C., C. and St. Louis general 4s	100
Chicago Terminal 4s	86
Colorado and Southern 4s	92½
Denver and Rio Grande 4s	99
Erie prior lien 4s	98½
do general 4s	85½
Fort Worth and Denver City 1s	111
Hocking Valley 4½s	106¼
Louisville and Nashville Unified 4s	99¾
Mexican Central 4s	76
do. 1st income	26¼
Minneapolis and St. Louis 4s	102¼
Missouri, Kansas and Texas 4s	97⅞
do. 2ds	83
New York Central general 3½s	102¼
New Jersey Central general 5s	133⅛

Northern Pacific 4s	103
do. 3s	72¼
Norfolk and Western consol 4s	100
Reading General 4s	95⅝
St. Louis and Iron Mountain consol 5s	113
St. Louis and San Francisco 4s	97
St. Louis Southwestern 1sts	94½
do. 2ds	81
San Antonio and Aransas Pass 4s	85½
Southern Pacific 4s	91
Southern Railway 5s	115
Texas and Pacific 1sts	116¾
Toledo, St. Louis and Western 4s	76
Union Pacific 4s	102¾
do. convertible 4s	105¾
Wabash 1sts	116¼
do. 2ds	108
do. Deb. B.	77¼
West Shore 4s	110¼
Wheeling and Lake Erie 4s	91
Wisconsin Central 4s	90⅓
Continental Tobacco 4s	66½

WHEAT OFFERINGS WERE VERY FREE

Market Declined Gradually and Was Easy at the Close.

LOSS WAS NEARLY A CENT

Corn a Fraction Lower on Large Estimated Receipts—Oats Closed Easy 1-4 to 3-8c Lower. Provisions Closed Easier on Liquidation.

Chicago, January 2.—Bearish foreign news was the main cause for lower prices in wheat today and May closed 7-8c lower. May corn was off 1-8c, with oats down 1-2@3-8c. May provisions closed from 7 1-2c to 10@12 1-2c lower.

Wheat ruled quiet, and with a good deal of long stuff on the market and but little demand, the tendency was toward a lower level. Liverpool cables were weak and northwest markets also were easier and receipts there were liberal and considerably in excess of those of the corresponding time last year. Advices from Argentine reported favorable harvesting weather, and a report was current that offerings of wheat from Russia were more liberal on rumors of the speedy reopening of navigation on the Danube. Offerings continued very free during the entire session, and the market declined gradually, closing easy. May opened 1-8c lower at 76 1-8c and sold between 75 1-4@75 3-8c, and July closed at 75 3-8c. Exports of wheat and flour for the week, as reported by Bradstreet's, were 3,336,000 bushels, compared with 4,816,000 the same time last year. Clearances equalled 712,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 955,000 bushels, against 436,000 a year ago. Receipts here were 44 cars, none contract. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 807 cars, a total for the three points of 851, against 673 last week and 355 a year ago.

Corn was rather dull, but firmly held at the start on unfavorable weather through the west. Commission houses and shorts were good buyers of January, and that month was nearly a cent higher at one time and strength in the current month acted as a supporting influence to the May option. Large estimated receipts tomorrow were a bear factor, and when wheat commenced to go down corn was affected sympathetically and prices receded to a trifle under Wednesday's close. May closed 1-8c lower at 42 7-8c, after ranging between 42 3-4@42 7-8c and 43 3-4c. Receipts 305 cars, 4 contract.

Oats were quiet and easy, the weakness in wheat being the principal depressing factor, although there was considerable liquidation by local longs throughout the day. Support came largely from shorts with a profit. The close was easy, with May 1-4@3-8c lower at 33 3-8c, after selling between 33 3-8c and 33 3-4c. Receipts 111 cars.

The chief feature in provisions was the marked gain in January pork, caused by active covering by shorts, which resulted in an advance of from 25@27 1-2c to 50@52 1-2c at the opening, sales being made at $17.75@18. The strength of this month helped the entire list, but realizing by local longs caused a break and the close was easier, with January pork 25@37 1-2c higher at $17.85; May pork 7 1-2c lower at $16.30; lard 10@12 1-2c lower at $9.40@9.42 1-2, and ribs 7 1-2c down at $8.57 1-2@8.60.

Estimated receipts tomorrow: Wheat 100 cars; corn 865 cars; oats 350 cars; hogs 20,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
WHEAT—				
January	72	72⅛	71⅛	71⅛
May	76⅛	76¼	75⅝	75⅝
July	73⅛	73⅛	72½	72⅝
CORN—				
January	44⅞	45	44	44⅞
May	43⅛	43⅜	42⅞	42⅞
July	42⅜	42⅜	42⅛	42⅛
OATS—				
January	31⅞	31⅞	31⅞	31⅞
May	33⅞	33⅞	33⅜	33⅜
July	31⅛	31¼	31¼	31¼
MESS PORK—				
January	17.75	18.05	17.75	17.90
May	16.40	16.55	16.27½	16.30
LARD—				
January	10.02½	10.02½	9.85	9.85
May	9.52½	9.57½	9.40	9.42½
SHORT RIBS—				
January	8.42½	8.45	8.30	8.35
May	8.67½	8.67½	8.55	8.60

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	2,600	18,300
Wheat, bushels	93,600	18,600
Corn bushels	266,700	92,400
Oats, bushels	274,900	220,400
Rye, bushels	13,500	700
Barley, bushels	38,700	25,100

Atlanta Brokerage Co.'s Grain Letter

Chicago, January 2.—Wheat was easier as a result of more favorable crop reports, better weather and better movement in the west. English cables were also bearish. The bulls were not disposed to be aggressive; in fact, they were even rather timid about defending the position. The professional element did the better part of the business in the pit, the commission house crowd being disposed to hold off apparently.

Corn was firmer at the opening. There was fair buying for the account of several local bulls, but the prices responded feebly and in the end a number took profits. The late market appeared to be in the hands of the professional element almost exclusively, and outsiders naturally were rather timid.

Oats were quiet throughout the day. The trade was local to a great extent.

Hog receipts were small and the provision market started strong. Shorts bought and covered freely. Indications point to a better cash business.

Baxter & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Chicago, January 2.—Market has been weak on general selling caused by a run of news generally bearish. Foreign markets were all lower and receipts from Argentine said the weather continues favorable. Clearances large. Leading sellers were Hulbert & Wrenn and Montgomery, Parker, Harrison-Gates and Wrenn, St. Louis, sold here. Pringle & Milmine were fair buyers. Armour bought a little early, but sold it out later. There was short selling supposed to be for Cudahy and Patten, but not confirmed. The market closed easy at about the low price, May being 7-8c lower than Wednesday.

Corn ruled fairly steady. The market sold 3-8c over Wednesday and January nearly a cent higher on fair buying by the local crowd and commission houses. Favorable weather and large clearances were bull factors. There was some buying credited to Patten and Cudahy. Bartlett was a good buyer. Commission houses were sellers. The close was steady with May 1-8c under Wednesday.

Oats dull and lower on continued selling by local longs and weaker wheat market. May selling off to 33 3-8c. Karrick & Gray and Williams were good sellers, and there was some selling by brokers thought to be acting for Continental Packing Co. The close was easy at about low point.

The market for hog products opened a fraction under Wednesday on selling by small rockers. Greggsor was a good seller and there was selling by local longs. The feature was covering January pork by shorts, resulting in an advance of 50c, and this had tendency to strengthen May. The close was steady about 5 to 10c lower.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

Atlanta, January 2.—Flour: Diamond patent $4.75; second patent $4.20; straight, $3.70@3.80; extra fancy, $3.30; fancy, $3.30. First patent spring wheat, $4.75. Corn, choice white 66c; No. 2 white 65c; No. 2 white 46; No. 2 mixed 45c; No. 3 mixed 64c; Bran $1. Brown shorts $1.15; white shorts $1.40. Barley 95c bu. Victo food $1.35 per 100 lbs.; Quaker food $1.25. Choice large bale $1.10; No. 1 small $1.00; No. 2 small 95c. Plain corn meal 65c; bolted 60c. Cotton seed meal $1.25 per 100 lbs. Hudnut's grits $1.85.

Chicago, January 2.—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour quiet but firm. No. 2 spring wheat 75 1-2; No. 3 67@73; No. 2 red 71 1-2@72 1-4; No. 2 corn 44 1-8; No. 2 yellow 44 1-8. No. 3 oats, white, 32 1-4@3; No. 2 rye 48.

Cincinnati, Ohio, January 2.—Flour quiet. Wheat steady; No. 2 red 77 1-2@78. Corn steady; No. 3 mixed 43 1-2@44 1-4. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 36@36 1-2.

New York, January 2—Flour firm; spring patents dull and easy. Wheat, spot easy; No. 2 red 79; options were dull all day and generally weak under liquidation induced by cables, Argentine news, an entire lack of support and large northwest receipts; closed weak 3-4c net lower; May 79 1-2; July 77 3-8. Corn, spot steady; No. 2 58; options opened steady, held firm during the forenoon on rains west and big clearances, but eventually eased off with wheat and closed unsettled at 1-4@1-2c net loss; January 54; May 47 7-8; July 47. Oats spot dull; No. 2 38 1-2; options dull and steady.

St. Louis, January 2.—Flour steady. Wheat lower; No. 2 red cash and elevator 72 3-4 asked; track 74 1-2@75; May 75 1-4 bid; July 71; No. 2 hard 66@72. Corn lower; No. 2 cash 39 3-4@40 1-2; track 39 3-4@41; May 39 1-2 bid. Oats lower; No. 2 cash 33 1-2; track 34; May 33 1-2; No. 2 white 35.

R. M. Seale & Co.'s General Market Letter.

Atlanta, January 2.—Cotton—The first business day of the new year was marked by favorable developments in the market resulting in a further enhancement of values in Liverpool. Cables explained this action to a bullish sentiment, and it was also remarked that the advance in the English market was caused by large buying orders from America. The encouragement from abroad caused a stimulation here, beside which the recurrence of bad weather through the belt dispelled fears of an early expansion of receipts. Trade was on a liberal scale, with periodical spells of profit taking by satisfied longs and shorts covering on fresh speculative buying. The spread of bullish sentiment may be ascribed in part to the nature of the situation, whilst the course of the movement served to discredit a large crop theory. The trade seemed to be willing to believe that the bad weather has interfered with receipts, but reluctant to acknowledge that the entire deficiency is due to that cause. Aside from the relative reduction in the world's visible, which indicates that consumption is proceeding at a rate decidedly in excess of all previous calculation, until the movement increases in a determined fashion prices are like to rule exceedingly firm.

Stocks—The advance in prices which has been in progress since the middle of last month made another headway in the early trading today. As has been the case since the heavy covering of short selling, there has been little or nothing of a definite cause to be cited in the explanation of the advance. Money on call continued firm at 10 per cent, but these circumstances had no further effect than to perhaps depress speculation in the industrials. Trading throughout the day showed that conflicting reports were current. A good deal of manipulation was evident in various directions. There was a large and active trade in the industrials and miscellaneous stocks, and these trades were in accordance with the advance in the general railway list. Prior to the close of the market the room traders, in anticipation of the bank statement not being as favorable as was the general prediction, caused a heavy selling movement, which caused a slightly easier feeling in the whole general list.

Wheat—The market was heavy by selling at the start on weak cables. The principal selling came from the southwest, although there was more or less selling by Cudahy and Patten, while the buying was scattered with shorts covering on the decline. The closing was soft, developing that a good deal of wheat had been thrown over, but should any further decline appear we would say to purchase it.

Corn—Selling early on favorable weather conditions and the offering being rather free and the local sentiment bearish, there was an easier market in this commodity, although clearances for the week were the heaviest on the present crop year. The closing was easy, and while further declines may appear we advise purchases.

Oats—The market worked in sympathy with wheat and corn with a good deal of long May on sale. This cereal looks high to us, and we look for further decline.

Provisions—January pork was very scarce and was bid up to $18 by shorts covering. The packers were sellers of pork, lard and ribs, but toward the close Armour's brokers bought ribs and pork, and while further advances may occur, we think reactions are due.

Provisions.

Atlanta, January 2.—Clear rib sides, boxed, 11.11 3-4; half ribs, 11.12; bellies 11.13; ice cured bellies, 19 1-2c. Sugar cured hams 15c; California hams, 11@12. Lard, 11 3-4c; compound 8 1-4c.

Chicago, January 2.—Mess pork 18. Lard 9.90@10. Short ribs sides (loose) 8.37 1-2@8.50; dry salted shoulders (boxed) 9.12 1-2.

Cincinnati, January 2.—Lard easier at 9.70. Bulk meats quiet at 9.25. Bacon quiet at 10.50.

St. Louis, January 2.—Pork unchanged. Lard lower at 9.90. Dry salt meats boxed steady; extra shorts 9 12 1-2; clear ribs 9.00; short clears 9.50. Bacon steady; extra shorts and clear ribs 10.50; short clears 11.00.

New York, January 2.—Lard easy. Pork steady.

Groceries.

Atlanta, January 2.—Coffee, per 100 pounds, Arbuckle's $10.30; Lion $9.80; Cordova, $10.06; Blue Ribbon, $10; green coffee, choice, 10c; fair, 8c; prime, 6c. Sugar, standard granulated, 5¼c. Sirup, New Orleans open kettle, $3.00@4.65; mixed, choice, 20@28c; south Georgia cane, 35c. Salt, dairy sacks, $1.30@1.40; barrel, bulk, $2.50; ice cream, $1.25; common, 55@60c. Cheese, fancy, full cream, twins 14 1-2, singles, 15. Matches, 15s, 45 3-4@55; 200s, $1.50@1.75. Soda, Arm and Hammer, $1.75. Crackers, soda, 6c; cream, 7c; ginger snaps, 6 1-4c. Pie peaches, $1.75; table peaches, $2.75@3. Canned tomatoes, $2. Canned corn, $1.80@1.90. Best mince meat, 10c lb.; choice, 7c lb. Oysters, F. W., $1.75; L. W., $1.20. Fancy head rice, 7c; head rice, 6c. White fish, 60 lb keg, $2.75; white fish, 100 lb kegs, $4.40; mullet fish, 100 lb kegs, $4.50; pigs' feet, 40 ¾ kegs, $1.90; macaroni, 7c lb; pork sausage, 8 1-2c lb; Bologna sausage, 7c. Sardines, oil, case, $3.75; sardines, mustard, $3.50; salmon, case, $3.50@5.50. Jellies, 30-lb pails, 4c lb. Pepper sauce, doz., 60c; Worcester, doz., 85c; catsup, pints, dozen, 85c; mustard, dozen, 90c; krout, 15 gallon kegs, $2.75. Pickles, 15 gallon 600s, $5.50.

Country Produce.

Atlanta, January 2.—Eggs, fresh 23 to 24c; storage stock, 20 to 21c per dozen. Cranberries, barrel, $10.50; gallon, 50c. Butter, Georgia fresh $14@16c; Tennessee 18@20c; Jersey 20@22 1-2. Live poultry, hens 28@30c; fries, large 18 to 20c; medium 12@14; small 10@12. Ducks, puddle, 25; Pekin, 30. Live turkeys, 13 to 14c. Dressed poultry, hens, 12@13c per pound; fries, 15c pound; cocks 8@10c pound; turkeys 15 to 16c pound. Quail 12 1-2 to 14 each. Opossums, 10 to 12 1-2c each. Rabbits and squirrels 8@10c each. Onions $1.05@1.10 bu. Cabbage $1.25@1.50 per 10 lbs. Irish potatoes, northern 85@90c bu.; Tennessee and Virginia 70@75c bu. Sweet potatoes 65 to 75c bu. Peas white 90c@$1.15 bu.; do lady $1.75@2.00; stock $1.00@1.25. Dried fruit, Georgia apples 5c lb; do peaches 4@5c; do. peeled 10@12 1-2c. California dried peaches 7c lb. Celery per dozen 30@40c. Navy beans $2.90@3 per bu. Butter beans 6@6 1-2. Turnips, rutabaga, 1c lb. Beeswax 20 to 22c lb. Honey in comb 8@10c lb; in frames, 10@12c lb; strained 6@7c lb.

Fruits and Confections.

Atlanta, January 2.—Apples, Fancy $3.00 to $3.50; choice $2.50 to $3.00. Oranges—Florida 126s to 150s $2.75 to $3.25; Tangarine oranges, 4@5 box. Grape fruit, 4@5 box. Lemons, fancy, $4.75; choice $4.50. Malaga Grapes, $5 to $5.50 per keg. Bananas, per bunch, culls, 75c to $1; straights, $1 to $1.50. Nuts—Walnuts, No. 1 14; No. 2, 12; almonds, 13; pecan, 9 1-2 to 10; Brazils 12@13; mixed nuts 12 1-2c. Peanuts, Virginia, 4 1-2 to 6. Georgia, 4c. Cocoanuts, per 100, $4. Pineapples, $2.50 crate. Dates, 60 lb boxes, 6@6 1-2c; packages 7 1-2c lb. Figs, 13 1-2@14c. Citron, 15c. Raisins xx $1.65 per box; xxx $1.85 per box. Prunes, small, 5@6; large, 6@7 1-2. Candy, common stick, 6c lb.; mixed, 6 1-2c.

Cotton Seed Oil and Meal.

New York, January 2.—Cotton seed oil was fairly active and steady; prime crude here nominal; prime crude, f. o. b. mills, 30½@31c; prime summer yellow 38¼@39c; off summer yellow 38c; prime white 41@42c; prime winter yellow 42c. Prime meal $27@27.50.

Memphis, Tenn., January 2.—Cotton seed oil: Car load lots, per gallon, prime crude 34c; off crude nominal; prime summer yellow 37½c; off summer yellow nominal; choice cooking summer yellow less than car load lots, nominal. Meal: Prime $21.50@22.

New Orleans, January 2.—Cotton seed oil: Prime refined in barrels 37c; off refined in barrels 35½c; prime crude, loose, 32c.

The Liverpool Grain Market.

Liverpool, January 2.—Wheat, spot firm; No. 2 red western winter 6s 1[illegible]; No. 1 California 6s 8d; futures [illegible]; March 6s 1½d; May 8s ½d; July nominal. Corn, spot firm; American mixed [illegible] 4s 11 3-4d; do. old 5s 5d; futures [illegible]; January 4s 6½d; March 4s 2 [illegible]d; [illegible] nominal.

The Metal Market.

New York, January 2.—Tin advanced 1s in London today, closing at £1[illegible] 6d for spot and £121 12s 6d for futures. The market was quiet locally with spot at 26.50@26.65.

Copper also advanced 10s in London to £53 5s for spot and £53 12s 6d for futures, was quiet and unchanged here. Standard 11.20@12.50; lake and electrolytic 11.90@12.05; casting 11.[illegible]@12.00.

Lead continued quiet and unchanged at 4 1-8 in the local market, but advanced 1s 3d in London to £10 17s 6d.

Spelter was quiet and unchanged here at 4.70 and in London at £19 17s 6d.

Iron in Glasgow closed at 53s 3d and Middlesboro at 46s 4 1-2d. Locally iron was dull and unchanged. Warrants continue nominal. No. 1 foundry, northern $23@25; No. 2 foundry, northern, $2[illegible]; No. 1 foundry, southern, and No. 1 southern soft, $22@23.

St. Louis, January 2.—Lead steady at $3.95@3.97 1-2. Spelter steady at $4.[illegible]

The Live Stock Market.

Chicago, January 2.—Cattle: Receipts 3,500. Market steady; good to prime steers $5.40@6.40; poor to medium $[illegible]; stockers and feeders $2@4.40; cows $1.[illegible]@4.60; heifers $2@4.75; canners $1.[illegible]; bulls $2@4.40; calves $3.75@8; Texas fed steers $3.75@5.

Hogs—Receipts 21,000. Market 5@10c higher; good to choice heavy $6.45@6.75; [illegible] $5 85@6.20; bulk $6.25@6.40.

Sheep—Receipts 2,000. Market steady to 10c lower; good to choice wethers $[illegible]@4.40; fair to choice mixed $3.25@4; [illegible] sheep $4@4.80; native lambs $4@6.75.

Kansas City, January 2.—Cattle: Receipts 1,500 natives and 500 Texans. Market steady; good export and dressed beef steers $5.00@6; fair to good $3.50@5; stockers and feeders $2.25@4.25; western fed steers $2.75@5.10; Texas and Indian steers $2.60@4; Texas cows $2@3; native cows $1.25@4.35; native heifers $2.60@4; canners $1@2.25; bulls $2.50@3.75; calves $3.[illegible].

Hogs—Receipts 5,000. Market 5c lower; heavy $6.20@6.47½; light $5.65@6.35; [illegible] $5.50@5.95.

Sheep—Receipts 2,000. Market steady; native lambs $4@5.25; western lambs $4@4.35; fed ewes $3@3.95; native wethers $3@4.60; western wethers $3@4.20; stockers and feeders $2@3.35.

St. Louis, January 2.—Cattle: Receipts 1,500, including 1,000 Texans. Market steady; native shipping and export steers $4.45@5.70, with strictly fancy up to $[illegible]; dressed beef and butchers' steers $[illegible]@5.50; steers under 1,000 pounds $3[illegible]; stockers and feeders $2.35@4.25; cows and heifers $2.25@5; canners $1.50@2.75; bulls $2.35@3.50; calves $4@7.50; Texas and Indian steers $2.75@4.85; cows and heifers $2.50@3.

Hogs—Receipts 5,500. Market lower; pigs and lights $6.15@6.40; packers $6.40@6.60; butchers $6.50@6.70.

Sheep—Receipts 1,500. Market steady; native muttons $3.40@4.40; lambs $4.[illegible]@5.75; culls and bucks $2@4; stockers $[illegible]@3; Texans $2.90@3.75.

Allen-Miles Co.'s Hide and Leather Letter.

Chicago, January 2.—Market strong on buffs. One car was picked up today at 8 3-8c, the only car that was offering prompt. Most dealers decline to offer 8 1-2c January delivery, expecting further advances. Heavy cows offered at 8 7-8c January delivery. Other descriptions firm and unchanged. Boston reports say tanners refuse to pay advances, but cannot buy anything under 8 1-2c. Imported big soapers purchased tallow [illegible] largely at unchanged prices. Tanners who sold heavy hemlock harness [illegible] now asking 32c. Medium advanced [illegible] All grades sole leather strong without change. Some light scoured oak [illegible] sold basis 34@35c. Heavy medium [illegible] Good collar leather very firm. [illegible] leather outlook is very encouraging. Packer hides steady; sales made [illegible] advance. Market no stronger on branded cows; easier on native cows. Four cars November heavy cows sold 11 1-2c; car November light Texas 11 1-4c; [illegible] cars December Colorados 11 1-2c; [illegible] December butt brands 11 3-4. New York wires two cars city butchers' steers, mostly cut throats, sold at [illegible] heavy and 11c for light.

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20,000 State of Georgia 4½ per
bonds, due 1915.
8,000 State of Georgia 3½ per cent
due 1932.
3,000 State of Georgia 3½ per cent
due 1933.
3,000 State of Georgia 3½ per cent
due 1934.
4,000 State of Alabama "C" bonds,
1906.
40,000 City of Augusta 4 per cent
due 1933.
5,000 City of Augusta 6 per cent
due 1906.
10,000 City of Augusta 4 per cent
due 1923.
6,000 City of Augusta 5 per cent
due 1921.
3,000 City of Augusta 5 per cent
due 1913.
2,000 City of Macon 6 per cent
due 1910.
6,000 City of Dalton 5 per cent
due 1918.
20,000 City of Albany 6 per cent
due 1912 to 1917.
7,600 Atlanta and West Point Rail
Co. Debentures, Georgia Railroad
Banking Co. Stock, Augusta and Sa
nah Railroad Co. Stock, Southwest
Railroad Company Stock, etc.
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ROBERT L. FO
Manager for G
ATLANT

BIG LINES TO GET SHORE TERMINAL

May Result in Decreased Port Charges for Charleston.

FIGHT MADE ON SOUTHERN

Atlanta Railroad Men Would Like To Know What Eastern Lines Are Going To Do About Annual Passes—News in the Railroad World.

Charleston, S. C., January 2.—(Special.)—Negotiations are pending here by which the Southern railway and the Atlantic Coast Line will take over the East Shore Terminal railway property, running along the water front, and operate it as a part of their system.

Heretofore this terminal concern has been conducted independently, and as a result excessive port charges have been added. Business people have raised the contention that with this link merged with the greater lines, terminal charges would be wiped out in such a decisive manner that more business would be handled through this port.

R. G. Erwin, president of the Atlantic Coast Line, who was here yesterday, was closeted the greater part of the day with William E. Huger, receiver of the East Shore, and while declining to make any statement, it is known that he came here to take the first step toward the accomplishment of the consolidation. J. M. Culp, vice president of the Southern railway, will arrive here tomorrow on a similar mission, and it is expected that formal announcement of the change will be made forthwith. The bonds of the East Shore company are owned by the Atlantic Coast Line and the Southern, the former company owning a two-thirds interest by virtue of its purchase of the Plant system.

Fight Made on Southern.

Just now the railroad situation is in an acute state. Business people, representing what is claimed by Southern railway officials to be a "clique," are making a bitter fight on that road. They claim that the Southern has discriminated against Charleston and the charges were investigated by the state railroad commission. While the commission has not published its report, it has been published in a semi-official way that these charges were not sustained, and that the city failed to show wherein discrimination has existed. At the hearing nere the fact was brought out that similar conditions, so far as the Southern's ability to handle freight was concerned, existed in Savannah, yet no complaints have been registered from that port.

Notwithstanding the fight from certain business interests, the merchants and dealers of Charleston are shipping more stuff than ever before. The railroads, handicapped for lack of cars, are almost swamped, and the movement of fertilizers, which begins next week, will further cripple the transportation lines. Meanwhile, however, business organizations are passing resolutions denouncing the Southern, and are making it appear that the entire city has joined in the fight. Just how far this goes is shown in the statement made today that at the meeting of the chamber of commerce, when railroad discrimination was denounced, there were only nine persons present out of a membership of several hundred. Twenty-four members of the cotton exchange adopted similar resolutions.

Railroad men in Atlanta would like to know definitely just what attitude the eastern roads are going to take this year with reference to annual passes. Last year, as is well-known, these roads led by the Pennsylvania, cut off all free passes or exchange transportation, and for the first time in their lives railroad men and even railroad presidents, had to pay fare on those lines.

It looks very much as if the eastern lines are going to hold to the agreement this year. Some of the railroad men think there may be a letting down of the bars, while others think it will be just as impossible to secure exchange transportation as it was last year.

One railroad man said yesterday he knew of a request for an exchange pass having been turned down this year by the Pennsylvania. Another said he had seen an Atlanta railroader with a Philadelphia and Reading annual. This would look as if the Pennsylvania, at least, had determined to pursue the same policy, while some of the other lines may be a little more free with their favors.

If the eastern roads would only issue a circular with regard to the matter and say just exactly what they intend to do, it would relieve a great many minds down in this section of the country, even if it did not give them the transportation desired.

The state railroad commission will hold a special meeting next Friday, January 9, for the purpose of hearing from the railroads as to what they intend doing about the old carshed.

Some time ago the commission issued its pronunciamento giving notice of the meeting at which the roads will be called on to submit plans and specifications for making the carshed adequate for the uses of the traveling public. The order of the commission, it is understood, applies particularly to the condition of the roof and the waiting rooms. The legislative having failed to do anything toward relieving the situation, the commission is now going to try its hand.

President John M. Egans, of the Central of Georgia, was in the city yesterday on one of his periodic trips to Atlanta. President Egan always finds a warm welcome whenever he comes here. He said he was particularly gratified with the results shown by the sleeping car service on the train leaving Atlanta at 1:40 a. m. for Albany and southwest Georgia. The sleeper is doing far better than was expected by the officials of the road when they decided to put it on. There is scarcely a night that it does not leave Atlanta crowded to its capacity.

Professor L. M. Brittain will leave the city today for Chicago, where he goes to attend the meeting of the executive committee of the Baptist Young People's Union. Professor Brittain hopes to be able to bring the annual convention to Atlanta. He is endeavoring to secure special concessions from the railroads with a view to aiding the union in paying expenses.

Claude Johnson, southwestern passenger agent of the West Point Route, left the city yesterday to return to his headquarters at Houston, Tex., after naving spent the holidays among his friends in Atlanta.

Beginning on January 5 the Southern will extend its sleeping car service on the Florida limited trains, Nos. 13 and 14, so as to give Pullman sleeping car service through from Cincinnati to Port Tampa, Fla. Train No. 14, southbound, will leave Atlanta at 10:50 p. m., reaching Port Tampa at 7:35 p. m. the next day. Train No. 13, northbound, will leave Port Tampa at 9:45 a. m., arriving in Atlanta at 5:20 a. m. the next morning. These sleeping cars have heretofore run only between Cincinnati and Jacksonville, and the extension of the service to Port Tampa will fill a long felt want.

"What's The Use...

of hurrying about buying Life Insurance," so many men think and say. At least two strong reasons are

GOOD HEALTH IS UNCERTAIN—
INCREASED COST IS CERTAIN....

"What's the use of waiting" might be better said! Equitable Policies may be depended upon to protect throughout the varying experiences of human life, to faithfully guard the interests of the insured and to be promptly cashed when they become payable. Values and privileges abound and are conveniently available. Detailed facts gladly furnished.

ROBERT L. FOREMAN,
Manager for Georgia.
ATLANTA.

NEGRO FOOTPAD STILL AT WORK

Miss Emma Smith Was Robbed on the Street Near Her Home Yesterday.

THREE SUCH CASES REPORTED

Thief Is a Small Hunchback—Chief Ball Will Detail Men in Citizens' Clothes—Again Warns Women Not To Carry Purses in Hands.

The negro snatch thief is again getting in his work in the city. This time the negro who has started out to snatch pocketbooks and purses from the hands of careless and unsuspecting women is a small huncnback with a big head and large eyes.

This negro attacked and robbed Mrs. Clein, of 63 Piedmont avenue, Thursday evening. Yesterday afternoon he followed Miss Emma Smith, of 62 Cone street, and when she was near her residence he boldly seized her pocketbook and ran away with it.

Miss Smith had been shopping. She had about $1 in her pocketbook, along with a handkerchief, a key and some papers. The negro had evidently followed Miss Smith for several blocks. She was not aware of his presence, however, until he stepped up behind her and snatched her pocketbook from her hand.

This makes the third street robbery by negro footpads within a week. About three months ago there were a number of such robberies, but the detailing of policemen in citizens' clothes put a stop to it.

Now that the same thing has been started again, Chief Ball says he will take active steps to break it up.

The chief says he has warned the women, through the newspapers, time and again not to carry their purses and pocketbooks in their hands, but it seems that the warning has done little good.

"Some of our women folks," says the chief "have fine pocketbooks, which they are bent on showing. Thieves watch for women with pocketbooks in their hands. I will take active steps to put a stop to street robberies, but if the women folks will cease carrying their pocketbooks in their hands they would assist me greatly in the work."

LONG IS ELECTED TRUSTEE.

Fight Over Kilgore Bankruptcy Case at Carrollton Closes.

Carrollton, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—At the adjourned meeting of the creditors of J. J. Kilgore, bankrupt, before Referee S. E. Grow, H. W. Long, of Carrollton, was chosen permanent trustee. A stirring session was held and a fight vigorously made against Leon Hood, Esq., who was temporary receiver of the estate. The vote stood $2,474 and thirteen creditors in favor of Long and about $1,400 and nine creditors for Hood. A number of that nine were questioned as to eligibility. At a similar meeting on December 23, which was adjourned until today, the vote tied and no election was declared.

Girl Takes Part in Robbery.

Carrollton, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Thursday evening before dark a countryman was relieved of $15 at the overhead bridge of the Central of Georgia railway. The man claims that he was intimidated by a man and a woman and the purse taken. A negro girl named Anna Jackson, alias Anna Zellers, who appears to be some 20 years old, was arrested. The man escaped and has not been apprehended, and as yet his name not ascertained.

Plaintiff Paid Costs.

Huntsville, Ala., January 2.—(Special.)—The trial of the suit instituted by Bruce Armstrong, of The Herald Publishing Company, to place Attorney David A. Grayson under a peace bond, was concluded yesterday afternoon in Justice Vaught's court. The court dismissed the suit and taxed Mr. Armstrong with costs. A sensational incident occurred when Mr. Armstrong refused to answer a question while on the witness stand and was sentenced to jail for contempt. The sentence was later remitted. The trial has attracted a great deal of interest owing to the prominence of the parties.

House Caught Fire Three Times.

Carrollton, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Thursday evening shortly before sunset the home of City Attorney E. Bruce Merrell caught fire. Mrs. Merrell smothered down papers and other combustibles in a closet and a neighbor aided in putting it out. It was a queer blaze and this outbreak was the third in that house that day. The fire had been burning under the mantel all day.

W. N. Robinson, Huntsville, Ala.

Huntsville, Ala., January 2.—(Special.)—William N. Robinson, a prominent citizen of this county, died last night at his home on Meridianville pike after an illness of several weeks. Mr. Robinson was 68 years old and was a veteran of the confederate army. He was unmarried.

GREAT GAMES TO BE PLAYED

Jack Wilson Formally Opens His Pool and Billiard Parlor Tonight.

For the past several months Mr. Jack Wilson has been remodeling the Hunnicutt & Belingrath building, corner Peachtree and Walton street. It is today one of the handsomest places in the city.

The place has been fitted up for billiard, pool and bowling alley purposes. The pool and billiard parlors are located on the first floor, and are arranged in a most satisfactory manner. The parlors are finished in mahogany. The carpet is of rubber and cork and is perhaps the most costly of any in the city. There are twelve tables of the finest mahogany. In fact, every appointment is the latest, and the public will find in these parlors an ideal place for amusement.

The bowling alley is located on the second floor. It is finished in maple. There are elevated seats provided for the use of spectators and many conveniences, both for the player and the public, that make this alley the finest perhaps in the south. The alley is well ventilated and from its windows there is a splendid view. This is a most important feature and should command the attention of all lovers of this sport. Too often it is the fact that bowling alleys are dark and poorly ventilated places in the basement. Mr. Wilson, aware of this fact, has so arranged his alley as to meet any objection the most fastidious might have. There is a department for the ladies that is most beautifully arranged. The conveniences are modern and all that thought and money could make.

This evening Mr. Wilson will formally open his parlors to the general public. You are invited.

POSTOFFICE SITE TO COME UP TODAY

Judge Newman Will Be Asked for Early Trial of Cases.

QUESTION AN IMPORTANT ONE

If Property Owners Agree, Suits Will Likely Be Disposed of Shortly. This Action May Prevent Long Delay Before Congress.

The question of advancing the postoffice site condemnation cases for an early hearing this month, in an effort to have the matter of the purchase of a site definitely determined at the present session of congress, will come up for decision this morning before Judge William T. Newman, in the United States court.

District Attorney E. A. Angier will ask that the cases be advanced from the spring term to the present term of court, and should the property owners, parties to the several cases, raise no objection, the entire litigation will probably be disposed of within a very short time. The plan of the district attorney is to have the suits disposed of and the result forwarded to Washington, in order that congress will be given an opportunity to take any necessary action in regard to the appropriation for the purchase of the site before adjournment on March 4.

The question of an early trial is of great importance, as such action is expected to prevent a long delay in the matter of a new government building for Atlanta. If the matter is not settled by the present congress, then no further move can be made before that body until next session, which convenes in December. The condemnation cases are at present set for trial at the spring term, and if they are not disposed of before that time a delay until December will be occasioned.

The question involved in the suits is as to the amount of the awards of the appraisers of the property, the government having appealed from the awards to a jury trial. Congress appropriated $170,000 for the purchase of the half block adjoining the postoffice building, and the appraisers reported its total value as more than $200,000.

DOWIE A SORT OF POPE.

Three of the Chief Items in the Discipline of His Church.

(Brooklyn Eagle.)

Brooklyn Eagle: The Rev. John A. Dowie has given a new creed to the world under the name of the "Christian Catholic Church of Zion," with Dowie as a sort of pope, under the self-imposed title of "General Overseer of Zion." His wife was made a plain overseer. There were a number of overseers and deacons and elders and "seventies." In a general way the Christian Catholic Church of Zion requires neither more nor less than any of the orthodox churches in the way of right living and right thinking, repentance of sins and the like, though these requirements are more strictly enforced than in most other churches. Members of Dowie's church are made to toe the mark most zealously. The interesting part of the Dowie religion is to be found in these three paragraphs in the discipline of the church:

"The discipline of Zion is that of an army, which does not vote as to who shall be its officers, but believing that God has given apostles, prophets and teachers, obeys those whom God has set over His kingdom, in so far as these obey the plainly revealed word of God.

"Zion requires, first, in accordance with the word of God, a tithe of all earnings to be given into God's store house, that there may be 'meat' in His house, and that the gospel may be extended throughout the world.

"Zion further expects that the people shall cooperate in all her financial institutions and in the industries which are springing from these, which will find their first embodiment in Zion City, near Chicago, where it is our hope that an object lesson will be taught to all the earth."

The first paragraph insures supreme control of his church to Dowie for life. The other two paragraphs make his income equally sure.

It must be said that Dowie's followers like this sort of religion, for they certainly are devoted to him, and they have patronized his enterprises so generously that he has been enabled to enlarge his printing plant very much, so that it does a land office business in periodicals, books and pamphlets, all of which are edited and most of which are written by Dowie himself. He has established a bank in Chicago and a general store, which not only has a thriving local trade, but which also does an enormous mail order business.

Volunteer Department's Work.

Rome, Ga., December 2.—(Special.)—During the year 1902, the Rome fire department responded to forty-eight fire alarms, an average of only four per month. The most disastrous fire was that of the Bowie & Terhune stove works, in which the loss was $40,000, with insurance of $28,150.

The losses outside of this for the other forty-seven alarms will not exceed over $5,000. This is a fine record for Rome's volunteer firemen.

BEN FROST, 30 TO 1, SURPRISES TALENT

Rank Outsider Beats Inspector Shea at New Orleans.

TWO FAVORITES BEATEN

Except for the Victories of Ben Frost and St. Tammany, the Talent Has a Very Lucky Day. Weather Cool and Clear.

New Orleans, January 2.—Inspector Shea and Barbara Freitchie were the only beaten favorites.

Weather clear and cooler; track heavy.

FIRST RACE—Five furlongs: Tioga, 110 (O'Neill), 7 to 2, won; Gloria Mundi, 110 (H. Booker), 8 to 1, second; Brush By, 105 (Redfern), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:06 4-5. Seige, Woodmont Belle, Offset, Vineland, Sweet Nell, Mistic, Neapolitan and Patrice ran.

SECOND RACE—Selling, six furlongs: Alpaca, 102 (McCafferty), 8 to 5, won; Flora Levy, 92 (Wishard), 25 to 1, second; Jim King, 94 (Fuller), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:20 4-5. War Cry, Miss Shanley, The Bronze Demon, Polly Bixby, Crutchfield, Aline S, Sue Johnson and Prince Herman ran.

THIRD RACE—Seven furlongs: Ben Frost, 105 (Morper), 30 to 1, won; Robert G. Lansing, 90 (Preston), 20 to 1, second; Malster, 104 (Booker), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:35 4-5. Insolence, Lou Woods, Breaker, Inspector Shea, Masterful, Sapere and Dr. McNally ran. Kaloma was left at post.

FOURTH RACE—Seven furlongs: St. Tammany, 106 (Davisson), 13 to 5, won; Belvino, 108 (Hoar), 4 to 1, second; Ahumada, 90 (Preston), 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:33 4-5. Aurie B, Bedlam and Barbara Freitchie ran.

FIFTH RACE—Five and one-half furlongs: Star and Garter, 104 (Helgerson), 5 to 2, won; Glennevis, 112 (Creamer), 10 to 1, second; Pirate, 100 (A. Hall), 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:11 4-5. Welcome Light, Doc Wood, Anzeiger, Flamboyant and Daddy Bender ran.

SIXTH RACE—Selling, mile and one-sixteenth: Fake, 108 (Otis), 11 to 5, won; Eliza Dillon, 98 (Helgerson), 10 to 1, second; Bean, 103 (Scully), 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:58. Blue Ridge, Compass, Charles Ramsey Swordsman and Atheola ran.

Today's Entries at New Orleans.

First Race—Selling, 7 furlongs: Rankin, 93; Dandie Belle, 99; Flaneur, Katie Gibbons, Lord Neville, Jim Nap, 102; Pyrrho, Moabina, Peat, 104; Overboard, 107.

Second Race—Purse, mile: Hanover Queen, 100; Major Mansir, 106; Honolulu, 107; Registrar, 109; John Peters, 110; Potente, 111; Echodale, 114.

Third Race—Handicap, 6 furlongs: Lady Brockway, Kaloma, 90; Lady Alberta, 93; Percy R. Playlike, 95; Jack Demund, 107; X—Farmer Jim, 92; X—Telamon, 112; W. J. Deboe, 113; XX—If You Dare, 106; XX—The Lady, 120.

X—Hildreth entry. XX—Durnell and Herz entry.

Fourth Race—Audubon handicap, $1,000 added, 1 1-16 mile: Marcos, 95; Major Tenny, 98; St. Tammany, 100; Little Scout, 102; Ben Chance, 103; Harry New, 105; Whisky King, Scotch Plaid, 106; Jack Demund, 107.

Fifth Race—Selling, 1 1-2 mile: Irving Mayer, 97; Georgia Gardner, Wunderlich, 102; Lady Chorister, 103; Latson, 105; Swordsman, 106; Potheen, 107.

Sixth Race—Purse, 3-year-olds, 6 furlongs: Rosy Posy, Gold Bride, 98; Criticism, St. Vitus, Kiwasa, 100; Anzeiger, King Dodo, Glendon, Springstead, 103; Suburban Queen, Mrs. Frank Forster, 104; Tom Maybin, 115.

DEATH OF DR. JAMES H. LOW

Well-Known Citizen Died Yesterday at College Park.

HE WAS ILL SEVERAL MONTHS

Had Resided in Atlanta for a Long While—Funeral Services Tomorrow Afternoon.

Dr. James H. Low, until a few years ago a well known practicing physician, died yesterday about noon at his home in College Park. He had been ill for several months.

The deceased had lived in Atlanta for a long while. He was born in Baldwin county in 1820. He attended lectures on medicine in Philadelphia and afterwards practiced in New York for about fifteen years, later coming to this city. He abandoned his practice several years ago, to give attention to other business matters. During the war, Dr. Low was in charge of the Wayside home here, moving it to Macon when the southern soldiers were forced to leave Atlanta. He was a member of the Tabernacle Baptist church, and contributed to its support.

Dr. Low is survived by his wife. The following are nephews and nieces: William Low, John B. Low, M. C. Low, Mrs. J. M. Zacary, Mrs. Mattie Reynolds and Mrs. Hattie Sims, of Atlanta; Miss M. A. Brown, of McDonough, and S. C. Crenshaw and James Crenshaw, of Columbus. The deceased had large numbers of friends, who deeply sympathize with the bereaved relatives.

Funeral services will be conducted tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock at the Tabernacle Baptist church by Dr. Len G. Broughton. The interment will be in Westview cemetery. The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers: George Hillyer, A. D. Adair, Enoch Jones, A. P. Morgan, A. P. Stewart and Frank P. Rice. The deacons of the Tabernacle church and members of the Tabernacle infirmary staff, of which Dr. Low was an honorary member, will act as honorary escort.

The following friends of the deceased will also act as escort: E. H. Thornton, Ed Calloway, S. B. Scott, Dr. James B. Baird, Charles W. Smith, E. M. Roberts, Dr. E. Van Goldtsnoven and E. R. Carter.

MONSTER HOGS AT TIFTON.

Two Porkers Net Their Owner 1,600 Pounds.

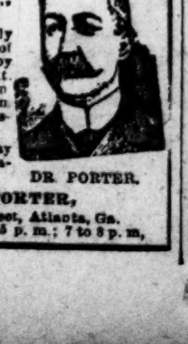
Tifton, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Dan Walker, living near Tifton, killed his two famous porkers Friday of last week and the two weighed, after dressing, 1,600 pounds, one weighing 750 and the other 850. He was compelled to cut them up to weigh them, or the total would doubtless have been several pounds more.

From the two Mr. Walker took 240 pounds of fat, making a total of 1,840 pounds for the two hogs.

VARICOCELE
RUPTURE
"Pay When Cured"

Is proof that I positively cure the worst cases of Varicocele and Rupture by my original treatment without cutting, pain blood or detention from business. I treat all diseases of men.

REMEMBER, you pay me when cured. Examination free.


DR. PORTER.

DR. E. D. PORTER,
11½ South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.
Hours—8:30 to 1; 2 to 5 p. m.; 7 to 8 p. m.

AT INGLESIDE.

ONLY BALLROOM BELLE REWARDED THE TALENT

San Francisco, January 2.—Ballroom Belle was the only favorite to win at Ingleside today. The weather was cold and the track muddy, especially in the inside. There were several close finishes. Weather cloudy; track heavy.

FIRST RACE—Futurity course, selling: Rose of Hilo, 105 (Burns), 6 to 1, won; Torilla, 101 (Minder), 6 to 1, second; Angelino, 106 (Bullman), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:15. Fausturo, Ben Magen, Nona B, Esternell, Intrepido, Corrilla, Wachusett, Mellocole ran.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs, selling: Ripper, 101 (Reed), 3 to 1, won; Andrewring, 109 (Birkenruth), 6 to 5, second; Tamm, 109 (Burns), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:19. Ante, Indiana, Walter H ran.

THIRD RACE—Seven furlongs, selling: Gold One, 107 (Carson), 5 to 1, won; Star Cotton, 109 (Minder), 4 to 1, second; Illilouon, 109 (Ransch), 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:32. Mission, Dwight Way, Saintly, Castine, John, Lone Fisherman ran. Halmetta left at post.

FOURTH RACE—Eleven-sixteenths of a mile, selling: Ballroom Belle, 105 (C. Kelly), 8 to 5, won; Quatre, 105 (Waterbury), 6 to 1, second; Gus Lanka 104 (Birkenruth), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:11. Leasch, Salver, Stunts ran.

FIFTH RACE—Mile and 70 yards, selling: Greyfeld, 108 (Burns), 4 to 1, won; Expedient, 108 (Ransch), 8 to 1, second; Axminster, 110 (Bullman), 8 to 5, third. Time, 1:49¼. Constellator, Larry Wilt ran.

SIXTH RACE—Futurity course, selling: Prestano, 108 (Minder), 7 to 1, won; Bernota, 110 (Bullman), 8 to 1, second; Matt Hogan, 113 (Burns), 8 to 5, third. Time, 1:15. Ting A Ling, Ido Go, Muresca, Jim Brownell, Educate ran.

Today's Entries at Ingleside.

First Race—Seven furlongs, selling: Handspring, 111; Arthur Ray, 107; Reyhooker, Alms Giver, St. Rica, 105; Ting A Ling, Bonnie Lissak, 106; Jim Gore II, 115.

Second Race—Eleven sixteenths of a mile, selling: Elkarn, Pat Oran, 102; Collis, Mike Murphy, Bachus, 103; Mellrose, Bogus Bill, July Gyp, 107; Azarine, 101; Irma A, Nugget, 96; Teufel, 98.

Third Race—Three furlongs, purse, 2-year-olds: Samar, Annie Marie, Rowens, 108; Rapid Water (b. c. by Rapalle), Water Girl, Precious Stone, Punctilio (b. c. by Imp. St. Gatian), Prima, 114.

Fourth Race—Mile and 50 yards, selling: Digby Bell, Oso, 104; Sam Lazarus, Esq., Silver Fizz, William F, 107; Star Cotton, 109; Dark Secret, 102; Gold One, 105; Almarica, 88.

Fifth Race—Seven furlongs, selling: Kickumbob, 103; Nigrette, 83; Hungarian, 111; Decoy, 108; Parsifal, Resin, 105; Dotrell, 88; Homage, 106.

Sixth Race—Eleven sixteenths of a mile, selling: Onyx II, Gilde, 109; Gladys Bell, Maud Mueller, 107; Oroviva, Ed Lilburn, 112; Guida, Alice Carey, 102; Nabuco, 112.

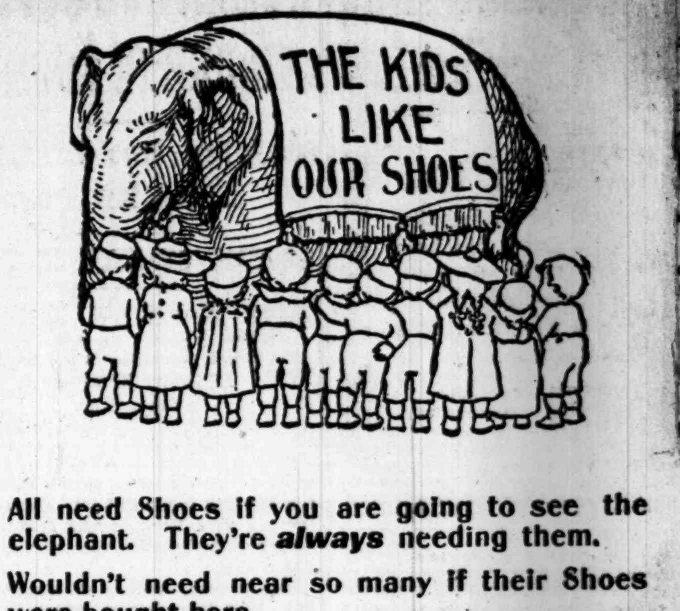
FUNERAL OF F. X. DONNELLY.

Services This Morning at Church of Immaculate Conception — Interment in Oakland.

The funeral of Frank X. Donnelly, who was killed Thursday night by being run over by a Western and Atlantic railroad switch engine near the Broad street bridge, will occur this morning.

Funeral services will be conducted at 10:30 o'clock at the Church of the Immaculate Conception by Rev. Father Hennessy. The interment will be in Oakland cemetery. The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers: J. A. Corbally, Charles Tutwiler, Macon B. Sharp, Henry Hayes, E. L. Knott and S. Brenzinski.

Coroner J. R. Stamps held an inquest over the body yesterday morning at Barclay & Brandon's undertaking parlors The jury returned a verdict to the effect that the death was accidental.


THE KIDS LIKE OUR SHOES

All need Shoes if you are going to see the elephant. They're *always* needing them.

Wouldn't need near so many if their Shoes were bought here.

We have sensible and shapely Shoes for children that keep them quite busy trying to wear them out. Had the kidlets in mind when we bought them.

Don't cost any more than poor Shoes. Try a pair of ***our kind*** of Children's Shoes; all sizes and prices; 75c, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00.

36 Whitehall. Carlton SHOE CO. 36 Whitehall.

START THE NEW YEAR RIGHT

By purchasing gilt-edged investments that are backed by gold and in which you are sure of making large profits.

Buy Columbus Consolidated Gold Mining Company's Stock at 75 Cents per Share.

Company controls 645 acres of ground adjoining the famous Homestake and Hidden Fortune properties on the north and having the extension of their ore bodies. Vast deposits of ore have been opened up, and as soon as larger mills are built the property will be on a dividend-paying basis. Company employing 60 men on development work and making steady shipments

Hidden Fortune Gold Mining Company's Stock at $1.25 per Share Is Another Excellent Investment.

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ecuted for future delivery
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ARY INVESTMENTS.
te of Georgia 4½ per
1915.
of Georgia 3½ per cent bon
of Georgia 3½ per cent bon
of Georgia 3½ per cent bon
of Alabama "C" bonds,
of Augusta 4 per cent bon
of Augusta 6 per cent bon
of Augusta 4 per cent bon
of Augusta 5 per cent bon
of Augusta 5 per cent bon
of Macon 6 per cent bon
of Dalton 5 per cent bon
of Albany 6 per cent bon
1917.
nta and West Point Railr
ures, Georgia Railroad a
Stock, Augusta and Sava
ad Co. Stock, Southweste
mpany Stock, etc.
prices on application to
JOHN W. DICKEY,
Stock and Bond Broker,
Augusta, Ga.

ESS ESTABLISHED 1878.
N HEINS & CO,
tants and Auditors.
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EMPIRE BUILDING
Highley, Resident Partner
PHONE - - - - - - - - 1975

ATENTS.
N J. PRINDLE
Seventh Street, N. W.,
SHINGTON, D. C,
ess Established 1866.

2 red western winter 5s
ifornia 6s d; futures qu
½d; May 8s d; July nomina
t firm; American mixed n
do. old 5s 5d; futures qu
6½d; March 4s 2 5-8d;

The Metal Market.
rk, January 2.—Tin advance
ion today, closing at £120
t and £121 12s 6d for future
t was quiet locally with
65.
also advanced 10s in Londo
for spot and £53 12s 6d for
was quiet and about
ere. Standard 11.20@12.50;
lytic 11.90@12.05; casting 11.
ntinued quiet and unchang
n the local market, but
3d in London to £10 17s 6d.
as quiet and unchanged he
in London at £19 17s 6d.
lasgow closed at 53s 3d and
o at 46s 4 1-2d. Locally
nd unchanged. Warrants
nal. No. 1 foundry, northern
2 foundry, northern, No.
outhern, and No. 1 foundry
ft, $22@23.
, January 2.—Lead steady
2. Spelter steady at $4.40.

e Live Stock Market.
January 2.—Cattle: Receipt
ket steady; good to prim
@6.40; poor to medium $2.
and feeders $2@4.40; cows
ers $2@4.75; canners $1.5
40; calves $3.75@8; Texas
@5.
ceipts 21,000. Market 5@10c lo
choice heavy $6.45@6.75; ligh
bulk $6.25@6.40.
eceipts 2,000. Market stea
r; good to choice wethers
choice mixed $3.25@4; weste
.80; native lambs $4@4.75.
ity, January 2.—Cattle: R
natives and 500 Texans. Ma
good export and dressed b
; fair to good $3.50@5; stoc
eeders $2.25@4.25; western
@5.10; Texas and Indian st
xas cows $2@3; native co
ative heifers $2.60@4; cann
lls $2.50@3.75; calves $3.25@
ceipts 5,000. Market 5c lowe
@6.47½; light $5.65@6.35;
ceipts 2,000. Market stron
s $4@5.25; western lambs
ewes $3@3.95; native weth
stern wethers $3@4.20; stoc
ders $2@3.35.
January 2.—Cattle: Recei
ding 1,000 Texans. Mar
ive shipping and export st
with strictly fancy up to
f and butchers' steers
under 1,000 pounds $3.7
d feeders $2.35@4.25; cows
5@5; canners $1.50@2.75;
calves $2@7.50; Texas and
$2.75@4.85; cows and heif
ceipts 5,500. Market
and lights $6.15@6.40; pac
butchers $2.50@6.70.
eceipts 1,500. Market ste
ttons $3.60@4.40; lambs
and bucks $2@4; stockers
$2.90@3.75.

es Co.'s Hide and Leat
Letter.
January 2.—Market strong
car was picked up today
only car that was offering
ost dealers decline to offer
uary delivery, expecting
nces. Heavy cows offered
uary delivery. Other desc
and unchanged. Boston wi
s refuse to pay advances,
anything under 8 1-2c.
soapers purchased tallow
unchanged prices. Tann
heavy hemlock harness at
g 32c. Medium advanced
sole leather strong with
ome light scoured oak ba
34@35c. Heavy medium sca
r leather very firm.
tlook is very encourag
es steady; sales made at
arket no stronger on bran
er on native cows. Four
heavy cows sold 11 1-2c;
ber light Texas 11 1-4c;
ber Colorados 11 1-2c; one
butt brands 11 3-4. New
cars city butchers' na
tly cut throats, sold at 12
11c for light.

"Nothing great was ever achieved without enthusiasm" —Emerson

Three generations of enthusiasm behind the

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accounts for the fact that its achievement has been nothing short of great, namely, the production of the best silverware at a moderate price.

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150 spirit barrels, half barrels, 15 and 10 and 5-gallon kegs for sale.

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WOMAN AND BOTTLE FIGURE IN ROBBERY

Said To Have Given Victim Whisky and Then Took Money.

SCHEME STARTED IN DEPOT

Young Woman and Young Man Mixed Up in the Transaction. Older Woman Says $430 in Bills Was Taken from Her.

A report was received in the city yesterday to the effect that a sensational robbery was committed late Thursday afternoon on a Western and Atlantic passenger train between this city and Dalton.

Two women, neither of whose names have been learned here, figure as principals in the story, one claiming to have been robbed by the other of a roll of money containing $430. A young man, a stranger in Atlanta, also plays a prominent part, he being the supposed accomplice of the alleged female robber.

The woman who is said to have been robbed is apparently about middle-aged, while the woman who is alleged to have stolen her money appears to be her junior by several years. All three parties were together in the union depot Thursday afternoon, and it is understood that the younger woman and man had only made the acquaintance of the elder woman in Atlanta.

Young Woman Was Drinking.

The actions of the man and young woman were such as to attract the attention of Policeman Meeks, whose beat is about the depot, he regarding them with suspicion, and at one time came very near arresting both parties. The woman appeared to be somewhat under the influence of intoxicants, although the man was apparently sober. The former was seen to have a quart bottle of whisky on her person. The man and woman both remained in close proximity to the elder woman, going with her about the depot.

Patrolman Meeks was suspicious of the actions of the pair, especially owing to the condition of the woman, and he decided to place them under arrest. Some of the officials at the depot, however, suggested that the woman be allowed to board a train for her destination, and accordingly the arrest was not made. The couple was questioned by the officer and admitted to him that they were not married. In street parlance, the officer the nforced the man "to light a rag," ordering him to leave the depot and its vicinity immediately.

Trio Boarded Same Train.

The woman showed a ticket to Chattanooga and placing her in charge of a depot maid, the policeman told her she must at once get aboard the train, which had already backed under the shed. He then informed Conductor Joe Holcomb, who was in charge of the train, that the woman was drinking and that she had a bottle of whisky. The elder woman was also bound north and left on the same train, the Western and Atlantic, which leaves at 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon. The trio had gone to the depot about 3 o'clock.

The male actor came onto the scene again at this point. He had either slipped back into the depot or caught the train at some crossing, for he was aboard all right when it pulled out of the city. The young woman had evidently purchased two tickets, for when the conductor came through the car, she handed him a ticket to Dalton, instead of Chattanooga. She and the man both left the train, presumably at Dalton, and shortly afterwards their companion reported to Conductor Holcomb that the woman had robbed her of $430.

Failed To Get $320 Roll.

She said she had $750 on her person when she left this city. The money was in two rolls, one containing $430 and the other $320. The alleged female thief was probably unaware of the existence of the second roll, or could not find it. It is stated that the owner of the money had become intoxicated on the train, supposedly from the bottle in the possession of the younger woman and at her instigation. The destination of the woman who was robbed or the location of her home is unknown. Nothing is known of the other two parties.

The robbery was reported to Patrolman Meeks yesterday by Conductor Holcomb, when he arrived in the city on his return trip.

GEN. PIET DEWET A "TRAITOR."

Reitz Says Christian DeWet Would Shoot Brother on Sight.

Francis William Reitz, former state secretary of the South African republic, tells a story of the hates of Christian DeWet, the Boer general, toward his brother, Piet, which has never before been made public.

"General DeWet," said the Transvaal secretary, "in his recently issued book, says the war with England was lost through the traitorous acts of certain Boer leaders. Though he does not say so, his own brother was one of the men at whom this shaft was aimed.

"Piet DeWet was a renegade. He betrayed his countrymen. He went over to the enemy and led soldiers under the British flag. He disgraced a name that his brother sought to make synonymous with loyalty and bravery. The world should know that this brother does not condone the other's misdeeds.

"Christian DeWet would not relish the idea of murdering anyone, least of all a son of his own father. He does not come of a murder-loving race. But if Piet ever crosses his path he will kill him and never after suffer a qualm of conscience.

"When Piet DeWet laid down his arms at Lindley and surrendered himself and his men without firing a shot he furnished an example of the most tragic feature of our war. He was not the only Boer leader to turn traitor, but he was the worst. When the war broke out he was regarded in the Orange Free States as a more capable general and a better fighter than his brother, Christian. Many of our people believe that Piet received money from the English, just as Arnold did; that he received money and a commission in the English army.

"He did receive a commission, but, much as I despise him, I cannot believe that he received money. He was a melancholy man, and may have thought that he was not receiving the honors from his people that were due him. He may have thought that the war was hopeless, and that it was his duty to bring it to a close as speedily as possible. There are many possible explanations of his conduct. I do not think he was bribed."

Bolivia and Preu Agree.

Washington, January 2.—The Bolivian minister has received a cablegram saying that the Bolivian government has signed a treaty for arbitration with the republic of Peru, to settle the boundary question. The arbitrator selected is the Argentine government.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Promotes the growth of the hair and gives it the lustre and silkiness of youth. When the hair is gray or faded it BRINGS BACK THE YOUTHFUL COLOR. It prevents Dandruff and hair falling and keeps the scalp clean and healthy.

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S. Grabfelder & Co., Distillers, Louisville, Ky.

A. L. Dunn, So. Trav. Salesman, Box 657, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR HOLY WAR HE WILL SHOUT

Sultan of Morocco To Go To Desperate Extreme

He May Leave Fez, Flee to Desert and Summon the Wild Tribes to a Holy War—Pretender Has Issued a Proclamation.

Tangier, Morocco, January 2.—Advices from Fez have been received here. Guns are being mounted on the walls for the defense of the city, but the rebels remained inactive. They have not sufficient supplies for their expedition.

The city of Fez continued quiet, but the dearness of food was causing discontent.

If the situation becomes more grave the sultan will abandon the capital, retire to Rabat and summon the border tribes to a holy war. The sultan then will proclaim himself shereef and defender of Islam, and then at the head of the forces attempt to retake Fez.

The pretender has issued a proclamation announcing that he is not fighting for the throne for himself, but for the sultan's imprisoned brother, Mulsi Mohammed, surnamed "The One-Eyed."

It is now confirmed that the sultan has ordered his brother's release and that the honors of his rank be paid to him.

The government at a recent conference with the Kabyle chiefs pointed out to them that they are responsible for the safety of the roads running through their territory. The Spanish sloop of war Infanta Isabey has arrived here.

The Portuguese cruiser Rainha Amelia arrived here today.

Spain's Troops Recalled.

Gibraltar, January 2.—The dispatch of the Spanish reinforcements to Morocco has been countermanded. The latest advices from Fez, Morocco, says that city remains calm.

French Zouaves Move.

Paris, January 2.—Telegrams received here from Oran, Algeria, announce that detachments of Zouaves (French troops) have been ordered to the Moorish frontier.

BATTLE SHIPS AT CULEBRA.

Dewey Announces That His Fleet Has Reassembled.

Washington, January 2.—The navy department has received the following cablegram from Admiral Dewey, dated San Juan, Porto Rico:

"Combined squadrons reassembled at Culebra; visits to various West Indian ports most cordially welcomed; effect excellent in every respect; fleet continuing tactical exercises; marine and torpedo flotilla engaged in special drills, including night attack by the latter upon designated ships; E. Brailey, coal passer, drowned in sinking of Newark's steam cutter by collision with torpedo boat."

SOUTHERN MAKES ANSWER.

Denies That It Has Discriminated Against Austin.

Washington, January 2.—The Southern railway today filed with the interstate commerce commission an answer denying the allegations of discrimination made in the complaint of R. W. Austin, of Knoxville, Tenn., who charged that his "Live and Let Live Company," founded to furnish coal cheaply to the poor, was being discriminated against in the furnishing of carrying facilities.

The Southern railway denies the jurisdiction of the commission on the ground that the matters complained of relate solely to commerce within the boundaries of Tennessee. The defendant denies that there has been any undue or unreasonable prejudice or discrimination as to persons or localities, and says it could not comply with the demands of the complainant, who is not a coal shipper, without unjust discrimination.

WALK ON YOUR SOLE.

How Savages and Athletes Set a Good Example.

Exchange: Wrong methods of walking—such as no savage and no trained athlete are guilty of—are responsible for the comparatively new industry of rubber heels for boots and shoes. The object of this device is to prevent jars to the spinal column while walking.

Such devices would be less needed if people would stand and walk naturally, with most of the weight of the body resting on the balls of the feet. This is the way the American Indian walks. He leans forward just enough to keep the center of gravity off the heels and on the springy balls of his feet. The same attitude is noticeable in trained walkers and runners. Even when they wear shoes with heels to them an inch high, the latter, though they may touch the ground first, bear only a small part of the weight of the body.

In England, where pedestrianism has long been a fashionable exercise, even the women walk naturally. In fact, the average Englishman may be recognized in almost any part of the world by his walk—backbone held straight and body inclined forward till the heels barely touch the ground.

In the large cities of ths country, where the majority of people lead sedentary lives, natural walking seems to be a lost art. Through a desire to stand erect, shoulders are thrown back and the abdomen protruded. In this posture most of the weight of the body falls on the heels, and the nervous system suffers. When high heels are worn the injury is aggravated by that much.

There are other reasons why the high heels should not be worn. A high-heeled shoe is not comfortable. It does not look pretty to the great majority of people. It is not a serviceable shoe. It is always an expensive shoe. It produces corns, misshaped feet, bunions, crooked toes and very quickly converts what ought to be a very pretty and graceful organ into an unsightly, ugly, deformed appendage. Moreover you cannot escape putting your weight on the heel of such a shoe—which alone is a sufficient reason why it should never be worn. Dress your feet so you can walk readily with only a small part of your weight on the heels, and you will make no mistake.

THE DAY IN WALL STREET.

New York, January 2.—The trading on the stock exchange started off with great animation this morning, and something like a bulge in prices was noted. Buyers of Tuesday and Wednesday took advantage of the rise to secure their profits. Prices ran off under this process and the market became dull. The advance was renewed again at some points, but the snap seemed to be taken out of the market and a fairly general selling movement developed in the afternoon when call money rates stiffened to 15 per cent. Reading was vigorously advanced to above 69 and served to steady prices, but the selling was renewed before the close which was highly irregular. Sugar ran off a point below Wednesday. The opening call loan rate of 10 per cent revealed a stiff demand for funds, but caused no uneasiness. Other developments pointed to a relaxed condition in the loan market, and the sterling exchange market made a sharp break with the cessation of the demand for cables to meet the year-end settlement in London, which was a feature last week. The London market showed its usual prompt response to the turn of the year, and money and discounts made added declines under the abundant offerings in the market. This was accepted as an indication of light demand in future from that center upon New York. Preliminary figures of the currency movement, which runs up to Wednesday night, indicated that the banks have gained upwards of $3,200,000 on the regular export movement with the interior, while the subtreasury has taken from the banks $1,425,000, thus indicating a net gain of about $1,800,000 for the banks. The week's grain exports were disappointing, while the imports of dry goods at New York rose in value several hundred thousand dollars over those of last week and exceeded those of this week last year by over $600,000, thus explaining the large customs collections for the week. The stiffening of the call loan rate late in the day indicates that there will be the usual delay in the return of funds to the channels of the New York money market following a disbursement period. The action of the day's market gave rise to conjectures as to whether the advance in prices simply halts upon the expected easing of the money rate or whether doubts of last month over the general situation have recurred. Today's statement of Reading's earnings for November proved disappointing, and the late advance in this stock was unexplained. Other statements of November earnings showed gross increases more than wiped out by increased operating expenses. Louisville and St. Paul, however, showed moderate net gains remaining. But these stocks were rather more affected by realizing than others. The announcement of the profit sharing plan of the United States corporation caused a sharp rise in the preferred stock. Amalgamated Copper continued to advance on the rise in copper, but reacted sharply. Brooklyn Transit was somewhat depressed and affected the other local traction. Missouri Pacific, selling ex-dividend, continued notably strong and helped the Southwesterns generally.

The early firmness in the bond market gave away to an irregular tone in sympathy with stocks. Total sales, par value, $3,300,000.

United States bonds were all unchanged on the last call. Money on call 4@15 per cent; closed at 4; time money 5 1-2 per cent for all periods; prime mercantile paper 6 per cent.

Sterling exchange easy with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.45@4.86.50 for demand and at $4.83.10@4.83.20 for 60 days; posted rates $4.84@4.88 1-2; commercial bills $4.82 1-2@4.83 1-4.

Bar silver 48 3-8c.

Mexican dollars 38 1-4c.

Government bonds steady.

Railroad bonds irregular.

The Week's Bank Clearings.

New York, January 2.—The following table, compiled by Bradstreet, shows the bank clearings at the cities named for the week ended January 1 with the percentage of increase and decrease as compared with the corresponding week last year. totals include clearings of fifty-two other cities. Canadian totals include clearings of seven other cities in Canada.

		P C Inc.	P C Dec.
New York.. ..	$1,153,816,892	....	16.2
Chicago..	133,630,769	....	10.7
Boston..	130,968,184	....	4.1
Philadelphia.... ..	109,309,837	18.0	....
St. Louis..	39,475,887	....	8.6
Pittsburg....	31,915,430	....	15.1
Baltimore..	19,307,945	1.5	....
San Francisco.. ..	27,920,808	3.3	....
Cincinnati..	17,645,800	8.7	....
Kansas City..	14,999,909	....	3.8
New Orleans.. ..	14,190,785	....	1.0
Louisville....	7,749,003	....	3.2
Savannah....	4,130,371	50.6	....
Denver..	3,528,356	....	5.7
Richmond..	2,776,541	8.6	....
Memphis..	3,512,562	34.4	....
Washington.... ..	3,050,491	24.3	....
Fort Worth..	2,251,228	....	18.8
Atlanta..	2,532,291	17.0	....
Norfolk..	1,236,779	....	5.7
Augusta..	1,405,567	....	40.0
Nashville....	1,834,670	8.7	....
Birmingham..	1,334,447	13.5	....
Macon..	609,000	1.1	....
Little Rock..	911,014	....	....
Knoxville....	741,298	25.3	....
Lexington....	445,341	1.8	....
Chattanooga..	516,503	....	5.8
Jacksonville..	315,517	....	....
*Galveston..	8,409,000	14.4	....
*Houston..	13,413,455	....	....
Totals U. S......	$1,857,682,377	....	11.2
Totals outside of New York..	703,865,485	....	1.8
DOMINION OF CANADA.			
Montreal....	$12,507,187	....	18.0
Totals..	$37,058,665	....	1.3

*Not included in totals because containing other items than clearings.

Local Bonds and Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.
Atlanta 4s, 1923..	106	....
Atlanta 6s, 1914	120	....
Atlanta 7s, 1904..	105	....
Savannah 5s, 1909..	107½	103½
Savannah 5s, 1909..	106	107
Macon 4½s, 1926..	110	....
Macon 6s, 1910	114	....
Augusta 4s, 1927..	103	....
Augusta 6s, 1921..	115	....
Augusta 6s, 1913	113	....
Columbus 5s, 1909..	104	....
Columbus 4½s, 1927..	107	....
STATE BONDS.		
	Bid.	Asked.
Georgia 3½s, 1930..	109	....
Georgia 4s, 1926	116	....
Georgia 4½s, 1915..	116	....
Georgia 4½s, 1922....	121	....
Alabama, class A..	104	....
Alabama, class B..	103	....
Alabama, class C..	100	....
RAILROAD BONDS.		
	Bid.	Asked.
Georgia railroad 5s, 1922..	109	....
Georgia railroad 6s, 1910..	114	....
Georgia railroad 6s, 1922	120	....
Central of Ga. first 5s, 1946.. ..	118	....
Central of Ga. Col. Trust 5s, 1937	102	104
Central of Ga. consol 5s, 1945...	108	110
Central of Ga. first incomes......	83	85
Central of Ga. second incomes..	38	40
Central of Ga. third incomes....	25	27
Southern Ry. first 5s, 1994	120	124
Ga Pacific first 6s, 1922..	125	128
Seaboard 4s, 1950..	86	88
Seaboard guar. 5s, 1902..	102	104
Seaboard 10 year 5s..	102	104
RAILROAD STOCKS.		
	Bid.	Asked.
Ga R. R. and Bkg. Co..	225	....
Southwestern	121	122½
Augusta and Savannah	115½	....
Atlanta and West Point..	156	....
Southern Railway preferred	94	96
Southern Railway common	36	38
Seaboard preferred	48	50
Seaboard common	30	32
STREET RAILWAYS.		
	Bid.	Asked.
Atlanta Con. St. Ry. 5s. 1939....	105	107
Mobile Light and R. R. consol 5s, 1941..	92½	95
Mobile Light and R. R. stock....	24	26

Liverpool Weekly Cotton Statistics.

Liverpool, January 1.—Following are the weekly cotton statistics: Total sales of all kinds, 31,000 bales; total sales American, 28,000; English spinners' takings, 84,000; total export, 8,000; import of all kinds, 201,000; import American, 170,000; stock, all kinds, 605,000; do. American, 540,000; quantity afloat, all kinds, 279,000; quantity afloat, American, 240,000; total sales on speculation, ——; total sales to exporters, 400.

Fourth Ward Property

Is always sought after by investors. We have three five-room houses on corner lot on Auburn Avenue, 147 front, for $2,500. This is less than it cost to build the houses, and is a close price on a desirable piece of white renting property.

Forrest and George Adair.

Foote & Davies Company The Best in Printing and the Allied Arts 65 E. Alabama St. Atlanta, Georgia

There's many kinds of Printing. We do only one--the Best

FOR SALE BY GIRARDEAU & SAUNDERS, 24 Walton St., Prudential Building.

$6,600 will buy a 12-room house that cost $4,000 to build it. It is located within three blocks of the postoffice, north side, corner lot, 100 by 95 feet; room to build another house of this lot. Is is rented for $47.50 and the lot alone is worth $6,500.

$1,800 will buy a new 6-room house near the new depot site, paved street, good, white neighborhood and rented for $18.50 per month.

$3,200 will buy three stores on Decatur street that are rented for $30 per month. A real pick up.

$1,000 takes a 4-room house that is rented for $8 per month, and a vacant lot on paved street inside the mile circle.

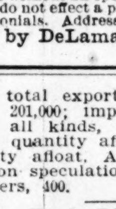
$760 takes two 2-room houses, rented for $8 per month.

Call for Glenn Faver, with Girardeau & Saunders. Either 'phone, 164.

Potts-Thompson Liquor Co., No. 9 North Pryor St., Atlanta, Ga.

Wholesale dealers in fine liquors of all kinds and distillers of the Famous Stone Mountain Corn Whiskey. Orders from the trade solicited.

Send us your order at once for your wines, brandies and whiskies for Christmas. Don't wait, if you expect prompt shipment. Remember, we keep the best of everything in our line.



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele, and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prematurity, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of Impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores. The reason sufferers are not cured by doctors is because ninety per cent. are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE is the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5,000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if six boxes do not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box; six for $5.00 by mail. Send for free circular and testimonials. Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold by DeLamater & Todd, Atlanta, Ga.

London Bank Did Record Business.

London, January 2.—The annual statements of the bankers' clearing house shows that the clearance of 1902 again reached the record. The total aggregate of checks, bills, etc., passing through amounted to $50,143,710,000, or over $2,335,000,000 above the amount of 1901. The largest clearance in a single day was $384,390,000, on June 30. London account $345,792,765,000 of the year's total.

The Treasury Statement.

Washington, January 2.—Today's treasury balances, exclusive of the gold reserve, show: Available cash balances $214,409,380; gold $120,770,263.

Declares Its First Dividend.

New York, January 2.—The directors of the Rock Island Company—the new company—today declared a quarterly dividend of 1 per cent on the preferred stock.

THE BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

New York, January 2.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say:

"Holiday observances and stock taking limit new business, but do not decrease satisfaction and confidence. Wholesale distribution has been down to a minimum, while retail buying, although satisfactory, feels reaction from previous activity. Additional returns as to 1902 trade confirm earlier estimates of increase in nearly all lines of distribution and industry. Aside from this developments are scarce. Perhaps the most notable features are the strength of prices of staples as the year opens and the hopefulness as to the outlook for next spring and summer's trade. One unfavorable feature is the continued shortage of anthracite coal in the east.

"Reports of increased trade in 1902 over 1901 continue to come from nearly all northern, western, southwestern and Pacific coast points. Examples of this are given in the cases of St. Louis and Kansas City, which show a net gain in all trade over 1901. Chicago reports jobbers having more orders on their books than in previous years; that three million tons of pig iron was made or handled in that district during the year and that Chicago banks hold 8 per cent more of deposits, while loans are 14.5 per cent more than at the beginning of 1902.

"At New Orleans the outlook is classed as fairly good, but Montgomery reports 1902 not as satisfactory as 1901, owing to the short cotton yield in Alabama.

"Atlanta reports that manufacturers are doing well on an increased output and banks are making good profits.

"At eastern points it is noted by Philadelphia that the textile trades were generally prosperous and the outlook in the dry goods trade is bright.

"There is little new in the iron trade. Merchant furnaces are sold ahead for six to eight months, but independent iron men say that high raw materials and low priced finished products leave little or no margin for profits.

"Nearly all lines of trade show gains for 1902 over 1901 at New York, the majority ranging from 5 to 10 per cent.

"The most important feature in the eastern dry goods markets this week is the increased buying for export to China of brown cottons by which all floating supplies of this commodity have been cleaned up and the mills have secured orders ahead.

"Woolen goods retain their good condition and raw and manufactured materials have closed the year at the highest prices with machinery well employed. Wool tends upward, shipments to mills continuing heavy and inquiries numerous.

"Eastern shoe manufacturers have still something to do to fill winter orders, and already some are being importuned for prompter delivery of spring goods. The leather trades are quiet, but there is some talk of further advances in sole leather.

"Wheat, including flour, exports for the week ending January 1 aggregate 3,336,206 bushels, against 3,560,480 last week, 4,818,471 in this week a year ago and 3,914,301 in 1901. Wheat exports since July 1 aggregate 130,660,225 bushels, against 149,756,227 last season and 97,913,819 in 1900.

"Corn exports aggregate 2,537,542 bushels, against 1,502,551 last week, 270,236 a year ago and 4,470,521 in 1901. For the fiscal year exports are 10,726,420 bushels, against 2,820,481 last season and 98,853,600 in 1901."

Dun's Review.

New York, January 2.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade tomorrow will say:

"Despite the interruption of a holiday, taking of inventories and other disturbing elements incidental to the closing of the old year, the past week has been far from dull. Consumers were not perceptibly lessening purchases, while the approach of higher freight rates accelerated the shipment of goods. Transporting facilities continue utterly inadequate, the pressing need for fuel diverting rolling stock from other classes of freight. New wage scales have become effective, largely enhancing the purchasing power of the people. The new year opens with every prospect of exceptional activity in all branches of business. Railway earnings thus far available for December show a gain of 7.7 per cent over 1901 and 10.9 per cent over 1900, while for the full year there are increases of 4.1 and 16.5 per cent, respectively, notwithstanding the heavy loss of coal traffic.

"The question of higher freight rates complicates the situation regarding iron and steel, but new orders are constantly coming forward and the activity of plants would equal capacity were it not for the fuel shortage. Quotations of all products in this industry are fully maintained, with a tendency toward still higher prices because of freights and fuel.

"Textile mills are busy, with only a hand-to-mouth home demand for cotton goods, but export buying for China continues large.

"Farm products weakened as visible supplies increased, and reports from the west indicate that much more grain is offered for shipment than the railroads will accept."

Total Imports of Dry Goods.

New York, January 2.—The total imports of dry goods at the port of New York for this week was valued at $3,347,698.

Baxter & Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, January 2.—The market today was active, although the aggregate of transactions fell below the large record of Wednesday. The natural disposition to take profits liberally at the higher level established in the last week was effective in imparting some irregularity to prices, although in the main a decided strong tone was maintained. There was some selling in the afternoon by speculators who were disappointed because of the maintenance of stiff rates for money on call and the absence of signs of the immediate relaxation of the time money market. London bought a considerable amount of stocks, but its bullish response was not up to common expectation. The feature of the early strength was Missouri Pacific, which scored a gain of 1 5-8 per cent. The coalers were strong. Chicago Great Western was strong also, and some specialties advanced sharply. Sugar showed the effects of profit taking and sold off 2 per cent from the highest. A little hardening of money in the afternoon created a reactionary tendency to the market, and it closed irregular.

Coffee and Sugar.

New York, January 2.—Coffee futures opened steady at a partial decline of 5 points. Trading was restricted by the continued holidays at Havre and primary points, while sentiment was bearishly affected by continued full receipts and moderate sales by local importers. The bull clique bought just sufficient to maintain values around the initial level, at which the market closed quiet; sales 9,250 bags; February 4.45; March 4.55@4.60; May 4.75; September 5.05; October 5.05@5.10; December 5.25. Coffee, spot Rio quiet; mild easy; Cordova 7 1-2@12.

Sugar, raw nominal; fair refining 3 7-16; centrifugal 96-test 3 7-8; molasses sugar 3 3-16. Refined quiet.

New Orleans, January 2.—Sugar dull; open kettle 2 3-4@3 1-16; open kettle centrifugal 3 3-16@3 3-8; centrifugal granulated 4 3-16@4 1-4; whites 3 7-8@4 1-16; yellows 3 7-16@3 15-16; seconds 2 1-8@3 5-16. Molasses quiet; open kettle 16@28; centrifugal 6@21. Sirup 21@24. Coffee, Rio ordinary to fair 6@7 1-4. Rice, screenings 2 3-4@3 1-3; head 4 5-8@5; fancy head 5 1-2@6.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, January 2.—Turpentine firm at 52 1-2; receipts 587; sales none; exports 625. Rosin firm; receipts 4,229; sales 2,394; exports 1,816. Quote: A, B, C, D $1.45; E $1.50; F $1.55; G $1.70; H $2; I $2.35; K $2.85; M $3.35; N $3.55; window glass $3.80; water white $4.20.

Wilmington, January 2.—Spirits turpentine firm at 52 1-2; receipts 25 casks. Rosin firm at $1.35@1.40; receipts 334. Crude turpentine firm at $1.75@3; receipts 45. Tar firm at $1.60; receipts 343.

Charleston, January 2.—Turpentine firm at 52; sales 50. Rosin firm and unchanged; 8.25@8.50; short clear sides (boxed) 9@ sales 1,000 barrels.

Foreign Finances.

London, January 2.—Consols for money 93 1-4; account 93 9-16. Atchison 86 7-8; do. preferred 102; Illinois Central 145 1-2; Louisville and Nashville 132 1-2.

Bar silver steady at 22 1-8d.

Money 2 1-2@3 per cent.

Short bills 3 1-2@3 5-8; three months' bills 3 5-8 per cent.

Gold premium at Buenos Ayres 127.30.

Paris, January 2.—Three per cent rentes 99 francs 85 centimes for the account. Exchange on London 25 francs 14 centimes for checks.

Berlin, January 2.—Exchange on London 20 marks 45 pfennigs for checks. Discount rate for short bills, for settlement, 5 per cent; three months 2 3-4.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FUNERAL NOTICES.

LOW—The friends of Dr. and Mrs. James H. Low, Mr. John Low, Mr. and Mrs. William Low and family, Mr. and Mrs. Zachary and family, Mrs. Hattie Sims and family, Mrs. Mattie Reynolds and family, Mrs. M. A. Brown and family and Mrs. Alice Turner and family are invited to attend the funeral of Dr. James H. Low Sunday, January 4, at 2 p. m., from the Tabernacle Baptist church. Pallbearers will be Mr. George Hillyer, Mr. A. D. Adair, Mr. Enoch Jones, Mr. A. P. Morgan, Mr. A. P. Stewart and Mr. Frank P. Rice, and are requested to meet at office of H. M. Patterson at 1:45 p. m. Deacons of Baptist tabernacle and the members of the Tabernacle infirmary staff, of which Dr. Low was an honorary member, will act as honorary escort, together with the following friends: Mr. E. H. Thornton, Mr. Ed Callaway, Mr. S. B. Scott, Dr. James B. Baird, Mr. Charles W. Smith, Mr. E. M. Roberts, Dr. E. Vangoltsnoven, Mr. E. V. Carter, and are requested to meet at Tabernacle Baptist church at 1:45 p. m.

DONNELLY—Friends of Mr. Frank X. Donnelly, Miss C. B. Donnelly, Miss A. V. Donnelly and Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Calvin are requested to attend the funeral of Mr. Frank X. Donnelly today (Saturday) at 10:30 a. m., from Church of Immaculate Conception. The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers and meet at Barclay & Brandon's at 9:30 o'clock: Messrs. J. A. Corbally, Charles Tutwiler, Macon B. Sharp, Henry Hayes, E. L. Knott and S. Brezinski. Interment at Oakland.

M. M. Mauck, 42 Peachtree Street. Paints, paper, painting, paper-hanging.

To the Public.

Notice is given that we expect to apply at the next meeting of the city council for a license to retail liquors at Piedmont hotel bar back of 114 Peachtree street.

PIEDMONT HOTEL CO.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, January 2.—Forecast for Saturday and Sunday:

Georgia, South Carolina, Alabama and Western Florida—Fair, colder Saturday; Sunday fair; fresh west to northwest winds.

Tennessee—Fair in west, rain in east portion Saturday, colder in north and east portions; Sunday fair.

Eastern Texas—Fair Saturday and Sunday; light to fresh north winds.

Mississippi and Louisiana—Fair Saturday and Sunday; light to fresh north winds.

North Carolina—Fair in west, rain and colder in east portion Saturday; Sunday fair; fresh west to northwest winds.

Kentucky—Fair, colder Saturday; Sunday fair.

Eastern Florida—Fair Saturday, colder in north portion; Sunday fair; fresh southwest to northwest winds.

Virginia—Rain Saturday, colder in extreme southeast portion; Sunday fair, colder; variable winds, becoming west to northwest and fresh.

Arkansas—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday.

Meteorological Report.

Highest temperature	52
Lowest temperature	47
Mean temperature	50
Normal temperature	41
Precipitation for past 24 hours	.28
Deficiency since 1st of month	.05
Deficiency since January 1..	6.47

From Various Stations.

Station and State of Weather.	Temperature 7 p. m.	Highest Temperature.	Rainfall 12 hours in inches.
Abilene, cloudy	42	42	.00
Augusta, rain	54	56	.14
Buffalo, rain	36	40	.22
Charleston, cloudy	64	66	.86
Charlotte, rain	42	50	.74
Chattanooga, cloudy	54	54	.28
Chicago, snow	32	34	.28
Cincinnati, rain	44	44	.22
Corpus Christi, clear	54	54	.00
Detroit, rain..	34	36	.16
Galveston, clear	48	54	.00
Huron, clear	8	14	.00
Jacksonville, cloudy..	68	70	.00
Kansas City, cloudy	36	...	.02
Knoxville, partly cloudy...	48	50	.22
Memphis, rain	42	52	T
Mobile, clear	54	66	T
Montgomery, clear	62	68	.01
New Orleans, p'tly cl'dy...	52	60	.06
New York, rain	42	44	.00
Norfolk, rain	60	60	.08
North Platte, clear..	24	32	.00
Omaha, cloudy..	20	36	T
Palestine, cloudy..	44	46	.00
Raleigh, rain	56	58	.54
Rapid City, clear	28	38	.00
St. Louis, rain	36	38	.02
St. Paul, cloudy	20	22	T
Savannah, cloudy	66	72	.58
Tampa, clear	66	72	T
Vicksburg, cloudy	46	50	T
Wilmington, cloudy	66	68	1.06

T indicates trace of rain or snow.

J. B. MARBURY, Local Forecast Official.

THE GRAND

MATINEE TODAY—TONIGHT.

Henry W. Savage presents his original company and production in.

"KING DODO"

(RAYMOND HANCOCK) AND 75 people. Direct from Daly's Theater. Sale now open.

Monday and Tuesday, Jan. 5 and 6 MATINEE TUESDAY.

OTIS SKINNER IN "LAZARRE"

A dramatization of Mary Hartwell Catherwood's book (by arrangement with Bowen-Merril Co). Sale now open.

BIJOU

MATINEE TODAY—TONIGHT.

VAUDEVILLE.

AH LINNG FOO, McWaters, Tyson & Co., Guyer & Daly, Eldoro, Dorothy Walters, Terill & Simonds.—Same popular prices.

NEXT WEEK: GEO. FAWCETT CO. With Frank Gillmore.

Next Week, January 5, Return of the GEORGE FAWCETT CO., WITH FRANK GILLMORE in an elaborate revival of Lester Wallack's greatest success, "ROSEDALE" A Drama of Sensations. Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

R. T. Dorsey. P. H. Brewster. Albert Howell, Jr.

DORSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL, Attorneys at Law.

Offices 203-204-205-206-207-209-210-211-212 Law Building, Pryor and Hunter streets, Atlanta, Ga. Long distance telephone 520.

52 Page

VOL. XX

Davis

ONE style N
$12.50 is
French Nai
effect; yoke
dallions, tucks and
elbow sleeves,
bands of insertin
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Gown also at $10.

A very handsom
of fine French
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beading, ribbons a
$7.50; ten other
price.

The new double
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Corset Cover o
full French front,
sook and lace ins
and arms; $3.50.

An assortment
15 different style
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Extra fine Nai
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$7.50.

Splendid Nain
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In the Silk Sec
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NOTICES.

AL NOTICES.

of Dr. and Mrs. James ohn Low, Mr. and Mrs. and family, Mr. and and family, Mrs. Hat- mily, Mrs. Mattie Rey- ly, Mrs. M. A. Brown d Mrs. Alice Turner invited to attend the James H. Low Sun- at 2 p. m., from the ptist church. Pall- Mr. George Hillyer, air, Mr. Enoch Jones, gan, Mr. A. P. Stewart P. Rice, and are re- t at office of H. M. :45 p. m. Deacons of acle and the members acle infirmary staff, of was an honorary mem- s honorary escort, to following friends: Mr. , Mr. Ed Callaway, Mr. r. James B. Baird, Mr. ith, Mr. E. M. Roberts, snoven, Mr. E. V. Car- requested to meet at ptist church at 1:45 p. m.

nds of Mr. Frank X. C. B. Donnelly, Miss lly and Mr. and Mrs. re requested to attend Mr. Frank X. Donnelly y) at 10:30 a. m., from mmaculate Conception. gentlemen will act as d meet at Barclay & 9:30 o'clock: Messrs. J. harles Tutwiler, Macon ry Hayes, E. L. Knott ski. Interment at Oak-

42 Peachtree Street. ainting, paper-hanging

he Public.

that we expect to ap- eeting of the city coun- o retail liquors at Pied- back of 114 Peachtree

DMONT HOTEL CO.

WEATHER.

ary 2.—Forecast for Satur-

Carolina, Alabama and air, colder Saturday; Sun- to northwest winds. west, rain in east portion north and east portions;

air Saturday and Sunday; winds. uisiana—Fair Saturday and esh north winds. air in west, rain and cold- n Saturday; Sunday fair; hwest winds. colder Saturday; Sunday

—Fair Saturday, colder in ay fair; fresh southwest to

aturday, colder in extreme Sunday fair, colder; varia- g west to northwest and

aturday and probably Sun-

logical Report.

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nuary 1.. .. ..6.47

arious Stations.

of	Temperature 7 p. m.	Highest Temperature.	Rainfall 12 hours in inches.
.. .. ..	42	42	.00
.. .. ..	54	56	.14
.. .. ..	36	40	.22
.. .. ..	64	66	.86
.. .. ..	42	50	.74
dy	54	54	.28
.. .. ..	32	34	.28
.. .. ..	44	44	.22
ar	54	54	.00
.. .. ..	34	36	.16
.. .. ..	48	54	.00
.. .. ..	8	14	.00
y..	68	70	.00
dy	36	...	.02
cloudy...	48	50	.22
.. .. ..	42	52	T
.. .. ..	54	66	T
.. .. ..	62	68	.01
cl'dy..	52	60	.00
.. .. ..	42	44	.00
.. .. ..	60	60	.08
.. .. ..	24	32	.00
.. .. ..	20	36	T
.. .. ..	44	46	.00
.. .. ..	56	58	.54
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.. .. ..	66	72	.58
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.. .. ..	46	50	T
.. .. ..	66	68	1.06

ce of rain or snow.

J. B. MARBURY,
ocal Forecast Official.

THE
AND

TODAY—TONIGHT.

age presents his original roduction in

G DODO"

D HANCOCK) AND ect from Daly's Theater.

Tuesday, Jan. 5 and 6
NEE TUESDAY.
SKINNER
IN
ZARRE"

ion of Mary Hartwell book (by arrangement rril Co). Sale now open.

JOU

TODAY—TONIGHT.
DEVILLE.

LINNG FOO,
on & Co., Guyer & Daly,
y Walters, Terill & Si-
popular prices.
EXT WEEK:
FAWCETT CO.
Frank Gillmore.

anuary 5, Return of the
E FAWCETT CO.,
WITH
K GILLMORE
revival of Lester Wal-
success,
SEDALE"
of Sensations.
sday, Thursday and Sat-

SIONAL CARDS.

P. H. Brewster.
ert Howell, Jr.
REWSTER & HOWELL,
orneys at Law.
205-206-207-209-210-211-213
ryor and Hunter streets, At-
distance telephone 520.

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52 Pages THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION. 52 Pages

VOL. XXXV ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, MORNING, JANUARY 4, 1903 PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.,

Store of Many Departments.

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.,

Formerly Douglas & Davison Co.

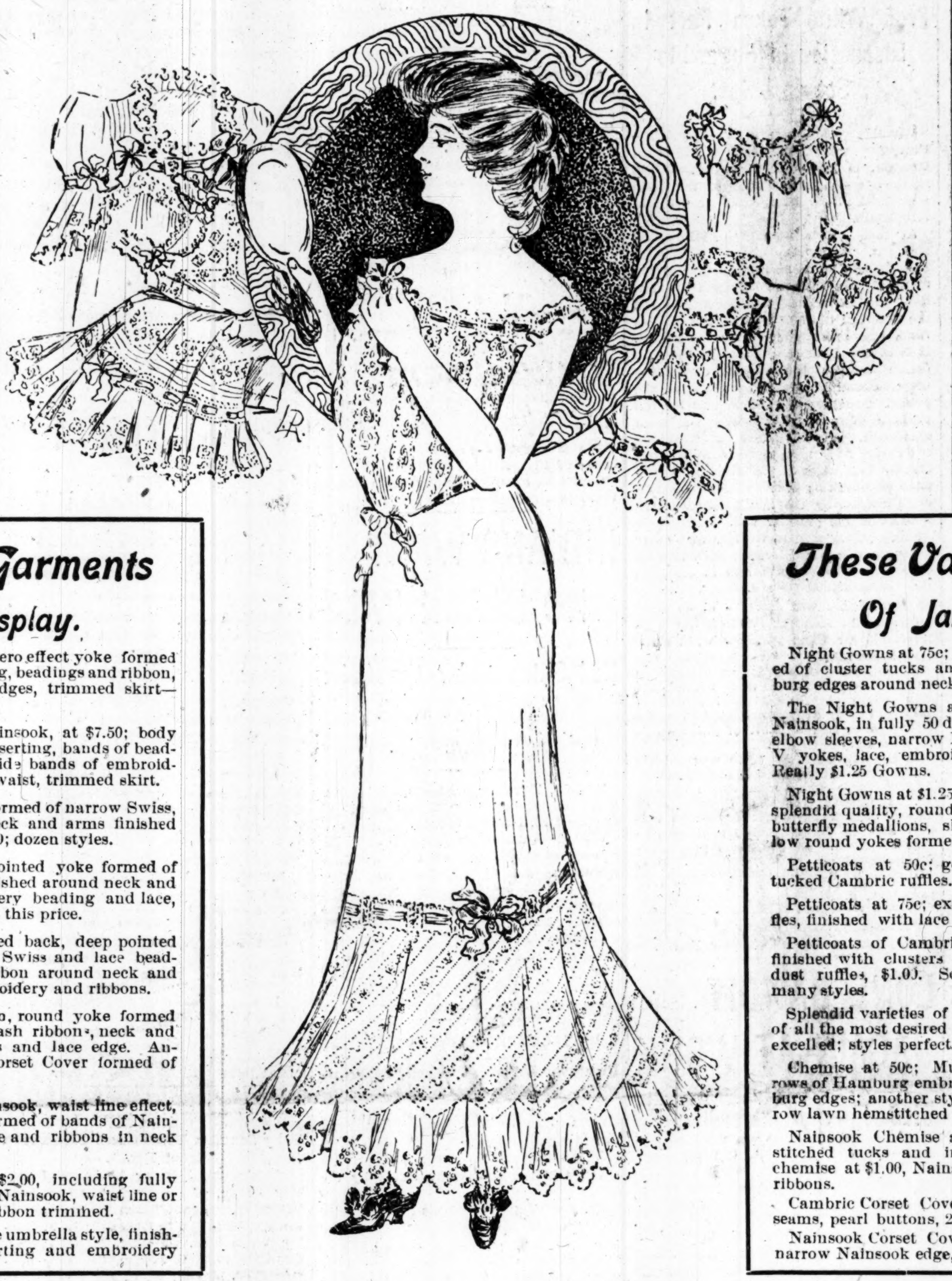
Exhibition of Fine Undermuslins.

ONE style Night Gown at $12.50 is of the finest French Nainsook, chemise effect; yoke formed of medallions, tucks and Mechlin lace; elbow sleeves, finished with bands of inserting and linen lawn. Practically the same style Gown also at $10.00.

A very handsome Night Gown of fine French Nainsook, very deep round yoke formed of tiny tucks and medallions, neck and sleeves finished with embroidery beading, ribbons and lace, priced $7.50; ten other styles at this price.

The new double breasted effect Night Gown, of fine Nainsook, trimmed with bands of embroidery, sleeves finished with wide flowing frills of embroidery, fastened with large satin bows. $5.00; twenty other styles at this price.

Night Gown at $4.00; Nainsook, chemise effect, diamond shape tucks forming the yoke, Mechlin lace inserting, large applique medallion, elbow sleeves.



A VERY attractive Petticoat at $10.00 is of the finest quality Lawn, the seams put together with narrow embroidery beading, finished with an 18-inch embroidery flounce, dust ruffles trimmed with Val. lace.

12 styles of Petticoats at $7.50; one is of fine Lawn, Vandyke effect, trimmed with Pt. de Paris inserting, beadings and ribbon.

The Petticoats at $5.00 are of Nainsook, superior quality, pleasingly trimmed with laces or embroideries. One style with deep umbrella flounce formed of bands of Val. inserting and tucks, finished with wide Val. edge. Another style at $5.00, with double rows of three inch Swiss inserting and wide Swiss edge.

Petticoat at $4.00; Cambric, wide umbrella flounce, diagonal bands of tucks and inserting, finished with Nainsook edges and a wide Nainsook ruffle.

Some of the Garments

To Be on Display.

Of the finest, softest Nainsook, bolero effect yoke formed of wave bands of Pt de Paris inserting, beadings and ribbon, neck and arms finished with lace edges, trimmed skirt—one style Chemise at $9.00.

Marguerite effect Chemise, of Nainsook, at $7.50; body formed of bands of Swiss and lace inserting, bands of beading, ribbons and lace down front, wide bands of embroidery beading and ribbon around the waist, trimmed skirt.

Nainsook Chemise, pointed yoke formed of narrow Swiss, Val., beadings and wash ribbon, neck and arms finished with lace, beadings and ribbon, $5.00; dozen styles.

Chemise of Nainsook, with a pointed yoke formed of cluster tucks and Val. inserting, finished around neck and arms with wash ribbons, embroidery beading and lace, $3.50. About a dozen other styles at this price.

Corset Cover of Linen Lawn, tucked back, deep pointed yoke, side fastenings, $7.50; narrow Swiss and lace beadings, lace inserting, beading and ribbon around neck and arms, waist line trimmed with embroidery and ribbons.

Corset Cover at $5.00; Linen Lawn, round yoke formed of lace, embroidery beading and wash ribbons, neck and arms finished with ribbons, beadings and lace edge. Another style waist line effect, entire Corset Cover formed of bands of lawn and lace inserting.

Corset Cover of a fine quality Nainsook, waist line effect, full French front, the entire front formed of bands of Nainsook and lace inserting, beading, lace and ribbons in neck and arms; $3.50.

An assortment of Corset Covers at $2.00, including fully 15 different styles; splendid quality Nainsook, waist line or long effects, lace, embroidery and ribbon trimmed.

Extra fine Nainsook Drawers, wide umbrella style, finished with bands of Pt de Paris inserting and embroidery beading, large ribbon bows; $7.50.

Splendid Nainsook Drawers, trimmed with fine Swiss edges and inserting, finished with ribbons and beading, $5.00; several styles, some lace trimmed.

Excellent quality Nainsook Drawers at $3.50; deep flounce of linen lawn, Vandyke effect formed of edging, inserting and embroidery beading.

Extra good quality Nainsook Drawers at $2.00; wide circular flounces of embroidery, bands of embroidery beading and wash ribbons; many other styles.

JANUARY has ever been a month of Undermuslin selling, but we announce to begin Monday a display—rather than a sale—of the daintiest and most exquisite Undermuslins the world's celebrated designers have recently brought forth; novelties, in such assortment, not to be seen at any other time.

Weeks—months, we have planned to make this occasion most elaborate; and the number of notable contributors, the excellent examples of style and exclusiveness, together with the thorough completeness of the show, renders it a most delightful entertainment, one that every woman of refined taste will appreciate; novel, indeed—quite unprecedented.

The department—second floor—presents the exposition in a highly pleasing manner; with fitting decorations and convenient displays to assist in making careful selections.

Dainty laces and embroideries, tucks, plaits and ribbons, used more lavishly, perhaps, than ever, and put on in many new and effective ways, compose another part of the beauty-show indescribable. But shown, to a good advantage, by the displays.

These Values Significant

Of January Selling.

Night Gowns at 75c; Muslin, good quality, V yoke formed of cluster tucks and bands of inserting, narrow Hamburg edges around neck and sleeves, 20 styles.

The Night Gowns at $1.00 are of Muslin, Cambric or Nainsook, in fully 50 different styles. One chemise effect, elbow sleeves, narrow Nainsook edges. Round, square or V yokes, lace, embroidery trimmed and hemstitched. Really $1.25 Gowns.

Night Gowns at $1.25 and $1.50; Cambric or Nainsook, splendid quality, round yokes formed of tiny tucks and butterfly medallions, short sleeves; some chemise effect, low round yokes formed of Mechlin lace and cluster tucks.

Petticoats at 50c; good Muslin, finished with narrow tucked Cambric ruffles.

Petticoats at 75c; extra good quality Muslin, lawn ruffles, finished with lace or embroidery edges.

Petticoats of Cambric, wide umbrella flounces of lawn, finished with clusters of hemstitched tucks and Cambric dust ruffles, $1.00. Some lace or embroidery trimmed, many styles.

Splendid varieties of Petticoats at $1.25, $1.50 and $2.00, of all the most desired materials, quality for the price unexcelled; styles perfect.

Chemise at 50c; Muslin, square yoke formed of double rows of Hamburg embroidery, finished with narrow Hamburg edges; another style, French effect, of Cambric, narrow lawn hemstitched ruffles.

Nainsook Chemise at 75c; deep V yoke formed of hemstitched tucks and inserting; 10 styles. French effect chemise at $1.00, Nainsook, trimmed with embroidery and ribbons.

Cambric Corset Covers, rows of tucks down front, felled seams, pearl buttons, 25c.

Nainsook Corset Covers, waist line effect, finished with narrow Nainsook edge, 50c each; 18 styles.

Serviceable quality Muslin Drawers, wide Cambric hemstiched ruffles; 25c pair. Several other styles, some finished with hem and tucks.

Good quality Nainsook Drawers, trimmed with Val. lace, 50c pair; some umbrella style, wide lawn hemstitched ruffles, finished with Cluny lace; about 15 styles in all.

Cambric Drawers, finished with cluster tucks and narrow embroidery edge, 75c pair; some umbrella style, lawn ruffles, cluster tucks and Val. inserting, finished with Val. edge.

The Embroidery Section

Has Its Opening Monday.

The signal of ready Monday from the Embroidery section, carries with it this very important significance—that finer, better assorted or more reasonably priced Embroideries are not to be had anywhere.

Notwithstanding the honor that has been ours heretofore, no past display can be compared in completeness with the showing here now.

From the most delicate little Inserting to the handsomest and most elaborate Flouncing and All-Over, within the bounds of Fashion in design and effect, to a mathematical accuracy everything is here. Hints:

Chiffon, Swiss, Cambric and Nainsook All-Overs, Flouncings, different width Edgings and Insertings to match, Bands, Medallions and Initials, white and colored, linen and the two-toned effects; 25c to $5.00 yard.

Vine effects, Revering, English Embroideries in large open designs; specially attractive line of Nainsook and Cambric Corset Cover widths—12 to 18 inches; Swiss Embroideries for Corset Covers and Children's Dresses, dainty lace, beading and edge all made together; 25c to $1.50 yard.

Skirting, hemstitched or embroidered edge, 27 and 45 inches wide, 85c to $4.50 yard; white and two-tone.

Hemstitched Swiss Rufflings, dainty vine effects above the hemstitching, also colored bow knots, fleur de lis, dots and other designs; 20c to 75c yard.

Shirt Waists Reduced

Less Than Half Price.

Here are some Silk and French Flannel Shirt Waists we will offer tomorrow at less than half price.

400 of the Flannel Waists, including those ranging in value up to $5.00, choice $2.00. Made of fine quality French Flannel, in all colors, white and black, all sizes. Correct styles, tucked, plaited, yoke effects, etc. Very desirable Waists.

Up to $7.50 Silk Waists, tomorrow at $3.50; these are of Taffeta, Peau de Soie and Crepe de Chine, black, white and all colors, all sizes.

$5.00 for Regular $12.50 Walking Skirts.

50 of these Skirts, and we've made the price for tomorrow $5.00, when ordinarily some of them sell for $12.50, in fact, most of them.

It's a clearing up of all the fine Walking Skirts left over from this season's selling, fancy Homespuns, Meltons, Cheviots—every popular material; solid colors and mixed effects. $5.00 to morrow instead of $12.50.

$15.00 Coats at $8.00, $25.00 Coats at $12.50.

Those at $8.00, regularly $15.00, are 27 inch tight-fitting Kersey Coats, blue, black, tan, red and castor. Coat or storm collar, thoroughly tailor-stitched, satin lined.

Monte Carlo Coats at $12.50, values up to $25.00; one of a kind and size, in all about 15. Silks and Cloths, plait and box back. New Coats, fashionable and perfect.

Sale of Dress Goods

Average Half Price.

Two very special values in Dress Goods Monday, one at Half Price, another very close.

Woolen Dress Goods priced regularly $1.00 and $1.50, at 75c yard; Coverts, Crash, Etamines, Camel's Hair, Zibeline, Homespuns and others, solids and mixtures. Styles are as good as when the price was $1.00 and $1.50. Getting late, that's all.

Short Lengths at Half.

Waist, Suit and Skirt patterns—lengths from the entire season's selling, black and colors, all on a center table at Half Price.

In the Silk Section a showing Monday of the advanced styles in Wash Silks. 50 pieces of white and colored Wash Silks, stripes and checks in all the new effects, priced 49c yd.

Japanese Matting

All Underpriced.

For Monday's selling we have reduced the price on Japanese Matting.

35c, 40c and 45c Japanese Matting reduced to 25c yard; 50c and 60c Japanese Matting to 35c. Cotton warp, Carpet patterns, full assortment.

Here are some Remnant Mattings, 5 to 15 yard pieces, both Japanese and China, all qualities, we will offer at Half Price. Each piece already measured and priced—from 10c up.

Embroidery Lessons Free

Friday and Saturday Each Week.

We will continue to give Embroidery Lessons Free every Friday; and for the benefit of those who find it impossible to attend that day—teachers, pupils, etc.—we will also give additional lessons free every Saturday afternoon. Join Friday's class if you can, otherwise, welcome Saturday.

Outings at 5c and 7 1-2c.

We will offer a limited quantity—several hundred yards—of light colored, double fleeced Outing, Monday at 5c yard.

Another special value Outing Monday at 7½c yard; light colors, best for night wear; pin, medium stripes and checks.

New Shirting Madras, 15c quality, Monday at 10c yard; single and cluster stripes, full 36 inches wide; 10 to 20 yard pieces.

Spring style Percales are ready; 500 pieces, hardly any two alike.

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.,

Atlanta Agents for Patrician Shoes.

Luxury Coats For Little Cash.

This is the story of the Benjamin Fulton.

Luxurious enough for a lord—low priced enough for his lackey. Style, service, fabric, fit, ease and economy—these are the telling features that make the Fulton overcoat perfection. The man that wears one over a Benjamin sack suit or Prince Albert, knows he is desirably dressed. He looks like a gentleman—feels like a gentleman.

Now is the time to get one—ours the place.

Essig Bros.,
The Popular Clothiers,
26 Whitehall St.

We sell aquaproof coats.

DR. TICHENOR'S
ANTISEPTIC
HEALS
Wounds, burns, bruises, scalds, cuts, sprains, etc.
CURES
Colic, cramps, flux, cholera morbus, indigestion
It is absolutely harmless, contains no opiate or poison
For Sale by all Druggists at 10c and 50c a Bottie
Sherrouse Medicine Co.
SAMPLE FREE New Orleans, La

SCHEDULES.

Showing the Arrival and Departure of Passenger Trains of the Following Roads, Union Depot, Atlanta, Ga.

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY.

Arrive From—	Depart To—
Jonesboro.. .. 6 15 am	*Jonesboro .. 6 25 am
Savannah ... 7 25 am	*Savannah .. 7 50 am
*Jonesboro .. 8 15 am	*Macon.. ..... 1:40 am
*Macon.. .....11 20 am	Jonesboro ..12 20 pm
Jonesboro. .. 2 15 pm	*Macon.. ... 4 05 pm
Jonesboro.. .. 5 40 pm	Jonesboro .. 3 45 pm
Savannah.. .. 4 15 pm	Jonesboro .. 6 10 pm
Macon.. .. 8 00 pm	*Savannah .. 9 00 pm
Following Trains Sunday Only:	Following Trains Sunday Only:
Jonesboro.. .. 8 55 am	Hapeville .. 9 00 am
Hapeville.. ..10 45 am	Jonesboro ..12 50 pm

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

Arrive From—	Depart To—
Nashville.. .. 7 30 am	Nashville. .. 8 22 am
Marietta.. .. 8 22 am	Marietta. ..12 10 pm
Memphis.. ..11 45 am	Memphis. .. 4 30 pm
Marietta.. .. 2 40 pm	Marietta. .. 5 30 pm
Nashville.. .. 7 30 pm	Nashville. .. 8 30 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

Arrive From—	Depart To—
Selma.. .. ..11 40 am	Montgomery 5 30 am
Selma.. .. .. 7 55 pm	Montgomery 1 05 pm
Selma.. .. ..11 40 pm	Selma.. .. .. 4 20 pm
LaGrange.. .. 8 20 am	LaGrange.. 5 30 pm
Selma.. .. ..12 50 pm	Selma.. .. ..11 20 pm

SEABOARD AIR-LINE RAILROAD.

Arrive From—	Depart To—
*Norfolk.. .. 7 35 am	*Clinton.. .. 7 40 am
*Washington 4 00 pm	*Washington 12 00 n'n
*Clinton .. .. 7 50 pm	*Norfolk.. .. 8 00 pm

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Arrive From—	Depart To—
*Augusta.. .. 5 00 am	*Augusta. .. 7 55 am
Conyers.. .. 6 45 am	Lithonia.. ..10 05 am
Covington.. .. 7 45 am	*Augusta. .. 3 10 pm
*Augusta.. .. 1 00 pm	Conyers.. .. 5 00 pm
Lithonia.. .. 3 25 pm	Covington .. 6 10 pm
*Augusta.. .. 8 00 pm	*Augusta. ..11 45 pm

ATLANTA, KNOXVILLE AND NORTHERN.
(Via W. and A. R. R. to Marietta.)

Leave Atlanta for Knoxville..........8 15 am
Arrive Atlanta from Knoxville.........7 30 am

*Daily. All other trains daily, except Sunday.

Southern Railway.

TRAINS LEAVE ATLANTA.

5:30 A. M.—NO. 13, DAILY. Solid vestibule train. Through Pullman sleeping cars for Cincinnati.

5:30 A. M.—NO. 16, DAILY. Local to Brunswick. Makes all stops.

5:30 A. M.—NO. 28, DAILY to Columbus.

6:10 A. M.—NO. 35. DAILY. Through sleeping cars to Birmingham and Kansas City; arrive Carrollton 8:35 a. m., Birmingham 11 45 a. m., Memphis 8:05 p. m., Kansas City 9:45 a. m.

7:50 A. M.—NO. 12. DAILY. Local to Charlotte, Danville and Richmond.

7:55 A. M.—NO. 7. DAILY. Local to Chattanooga. Arrive Chattanooga 1 p. m.

12:00 Noon.—NO. 38. DAILY. Washington and Southwestern Limited. Drawing room, sleeping, library, observation cars and club cars through without change. Dining cars serve all meals en route. Arrive Washington 6.42 a. m.; New York 12:43 p. m.

12:05 Noon.—NO. 8. DAILY. Arrive Macon 2 25 p. m.

1:00 P. M.—NO. 40. DAILY. Atlanta and New York Express. Day coaches, sleeper between Atlanta and Washington and Charlotte to Richmond and Norfolk. Arrive Richmond 7 a. m., Norfolk 8:30 a. m., Washington 9:45 a. m.

4:10 P. M.—NO. 30. DAILY. Local to Fort Valley. Makes all stops.

4:10 P. M.—NO. 10. DAILY. Local to Macon. Pullman observation chair cars.

4:15 P. M.—NO. 37. DAILY. Pullman sleeping car and day coaches to Memphis. Arrive Carrollton 6:30 p. m., Birmingham 9:50 p. m., Memphis 7:15 a. m.

4:40 P. M.—NO. 22. DAILY. Local to Columbus. Arrive Columbus 8:40 p. m.

4:30 P. M.—NO. 18. DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY. "Air Line Bell." Makes all stops. Arrives Toccoa 9 p. m.

5:00 P. M.—NO. 15. DAILY. Through sleeping car to Cincinnati. Sleeper Chattanooga to Louisville. Arrive Chattanooga 9:50 p. m., Cincinnati 6 10 a. m., Louisville 10:35 a. m.

5:15 P. M.—NO. 25. DAILY. Makes all stops. Arrives Anniston 9 15 p. m.

10:43 P. M.—NO. 14. DAILY. The Florida Limited. Solid vestibuled train through to Jacksonville. Local sleeping car to Brunswick. Arrives Jacksonville 8:30 a. m.

11:35 P. M.—NO. 97. NIGHT TRAIN TO BIRMINGHAM. Pullman sleeper and day coaches. Sleeper open to receive passengers 10:00 p. m. Arrives Tallapoosa 1:50 a. m., Anniston 3:25 a. m., Birmingham 5:35 a. m. Passengers can remain in sleeper until 7 a. m.

12:00 Night.—NO. 36. DAILY. U. S. Fast Mail. Solid vestibuled train. Sleeping car through to New York and Richmond. Through coaches to Washington. Dining cars serve all meals en route. Arrives Washington 9 p. m. New York 6:23 a. m., Boston 3 p. m.

Ticket Office: Kimball House and Union Depot. 'Phones: City Office, 142 Main; Depot, 179 Main.

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CANCER CURED at HOME by internal treatment, no knife, plaster nor pain. Book and Testimonials mailed FREE. Mason Cancer Institute, 121 W. 42d St. N. Y.

TAYLOR'S

This column tells today of New Goo arrived and the extraordinary redu tions made on heavy winter goods.

The New Waist Cloths.

White, blue, light green, pink and a the staple dark colors in tricots, alb tross veilings and henriettas, **25c to 50c yd.**

Dress Goods.

Light tans, castors, slates, browns, blues, garnets, greens and black—venetians, habit cloths, henriettas and broadcloths in all wool qualities—40 to 54 inches, from **50c to 98c yd.**

Velvets.

Silk Velvet—garnet, navy, green, black, **75c yd.**

Cords Velvets—castor, light green, navy, garnet, **50c yd.**

New Footwear For Ladies.

E. P. Reed's Rochester made; 3 styles at **$2.00.**

Witherspoon's "Wear Well," stylish and best fitting shoes made, at **$1.50.**

$1.00 Child's Shoes reduced to **75c.**

$1.50 Misses' Shoes reduced to **$1.25.**

New White Goods, New Laces and Embroideries, All-Overs, &c.

Many attractive designs and patterns can now be had that will not be seen when assortments get broken—better buy now and make up at your leisure.

Specials.

100 bolts of very fine quality Long Cloths, **$1.25.**

700 yds of extra grade Nainsooks, **7 1-2c yd.**

Two big values in Cambric Edgings and Insertions, at 5c and **10c yd.**

200 yds of neat Cambric All-Overs, **25c yd.**

The New Wash Goods Specials.

Mercerized Chambrays and Oxford Canvas Cloths that usually sell at 25c, for **18c yd.**

36-inch printed Flannelettes that would be excellent value at 10c for **7 1-2c yd.**

Linen Specials.

72-inch grass bleached pure linen Damasks in elegant designs, worth $1.00, for **75c yd.**

Pure linen bleached knotted fringe Towels, extra large, worth 40c for **25c.**

Hosiery Bargains.

100 doz. men's and ladies' fancy fast black and embroidered Hose, worth 15c, 20c and 25c; special for monday, **10c pr.**

Reduced Prices on Underwear.

Three very special values in ladies' heavy cotton Vests and Pants, all styles at **15c, 17c and 25c.**

Three extra values in men's and boys' heavy full fleeced Shirts and Drawers at **25c, 38c and 50c.**

Blankets and Comforts

Extra values offered in full size cotton or wool Blankets 50c to $3.50 pair. We have 63 pairs of extra heavy and large cotton Blankets, which we offer Monday at **50c pr.**

Comfortables up to $2.00—extra value in fair size heavy Comfortable at **59c.**

Domestics.

Buy your Domestics now; you save money during this sa

36-inch Bleached, 5c, 6 dale at

36-inch Brown, 4c, 5c and 4 at **5 1-2c**

Cotton Flannel, 5c, 6½c, and extra heavy at **8c yd**

Bleached Sheets at 50c and **63c**

Bleached Cases at 10c and **12 1-2c**

Flannels.

All wool, red, blue or white Flannels, **15c, 20c 25c, 39c.**

Reduced Prices on Wool Waists.

Our $3.50 Waists for **$2.50.**
Our $2.50 Waists for **$1.98.**
Our $1.25 Waists for **98c.**
Our $1.00 Waists for **75c.**

Reduced Prices on Cloaks.

Our $12.50 Coats for **$8.50.**
Our $7.50 Coats for **$5.98.**
Our $5.00 and $6.50 Coats for **$3.98.**
Our $4.00 Misses' Coats for **$2.98.**
Our $2.00 and $2.50 Child's Coats for **$1.69.**
Our $1.50 to $2.00 Child's Coats for **98c.**

Reduced Prices on Clothing.

Our $10.00 Suits and Overcoats for **$8 50.**

Our $6.50 Suits and Overcoats **$5.00.**

Our line of Boys' Suits and Overcoats show some surpassing values from 98c to $3.50 a Suit—special is a line of boys' dark fancy all wool Cassimere at **$2.00.**

Boys' Sweaters.

Two very special values—a handsome stripe heavy Sweater at 45c and a line of navy or garnet, heavy cotton Sweaters at **25c.**

240 Marietta St.